

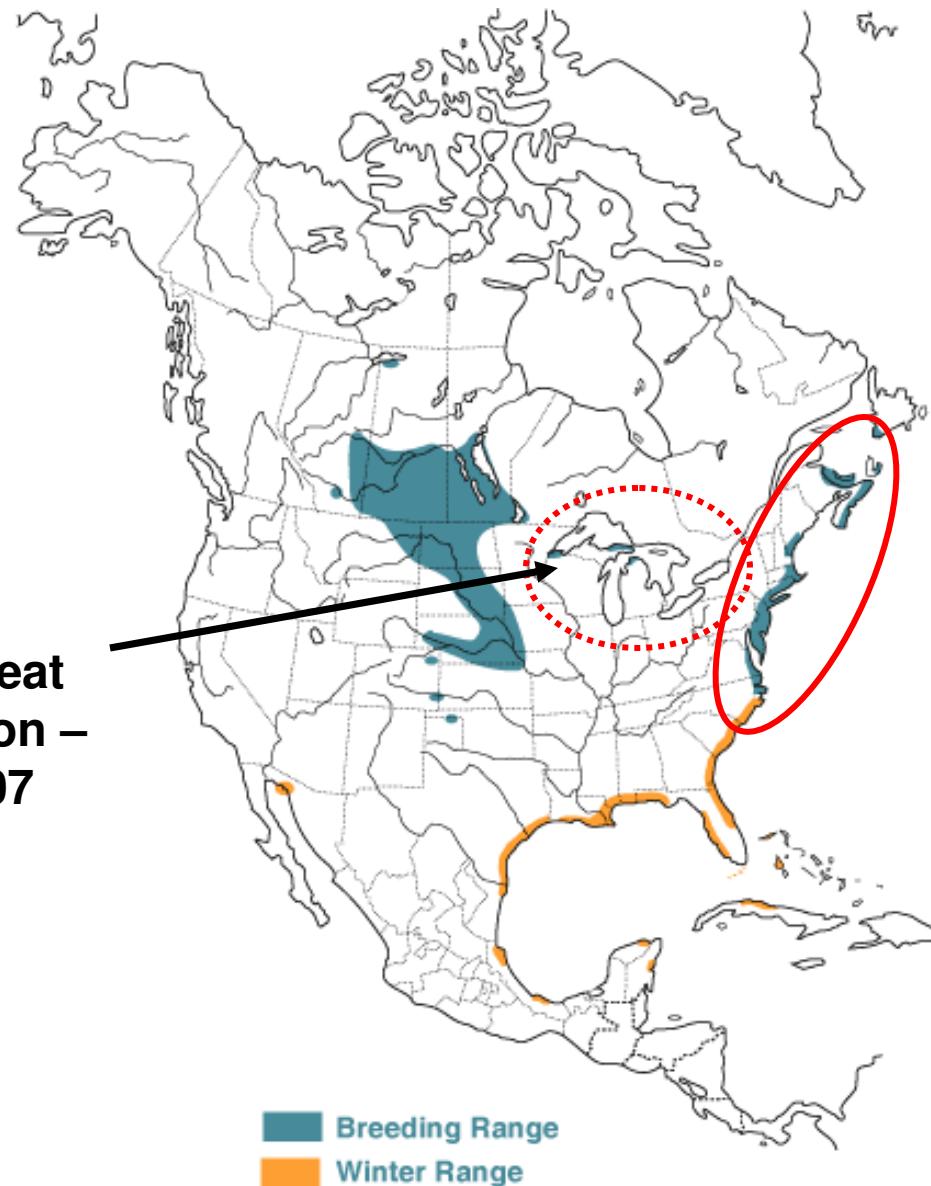
Conservation of the Atlantic Coast Piping Plover

**Anne Hecht
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service**



Credit: Haig and Elliott-Smith(2004). *The Birds of North America Online*.

**Endangered Great
Lakes Population –
~63 pairs in 2007**



Credit: Haig and Elliott-Smith(2004). *The Birds of North America Online*.



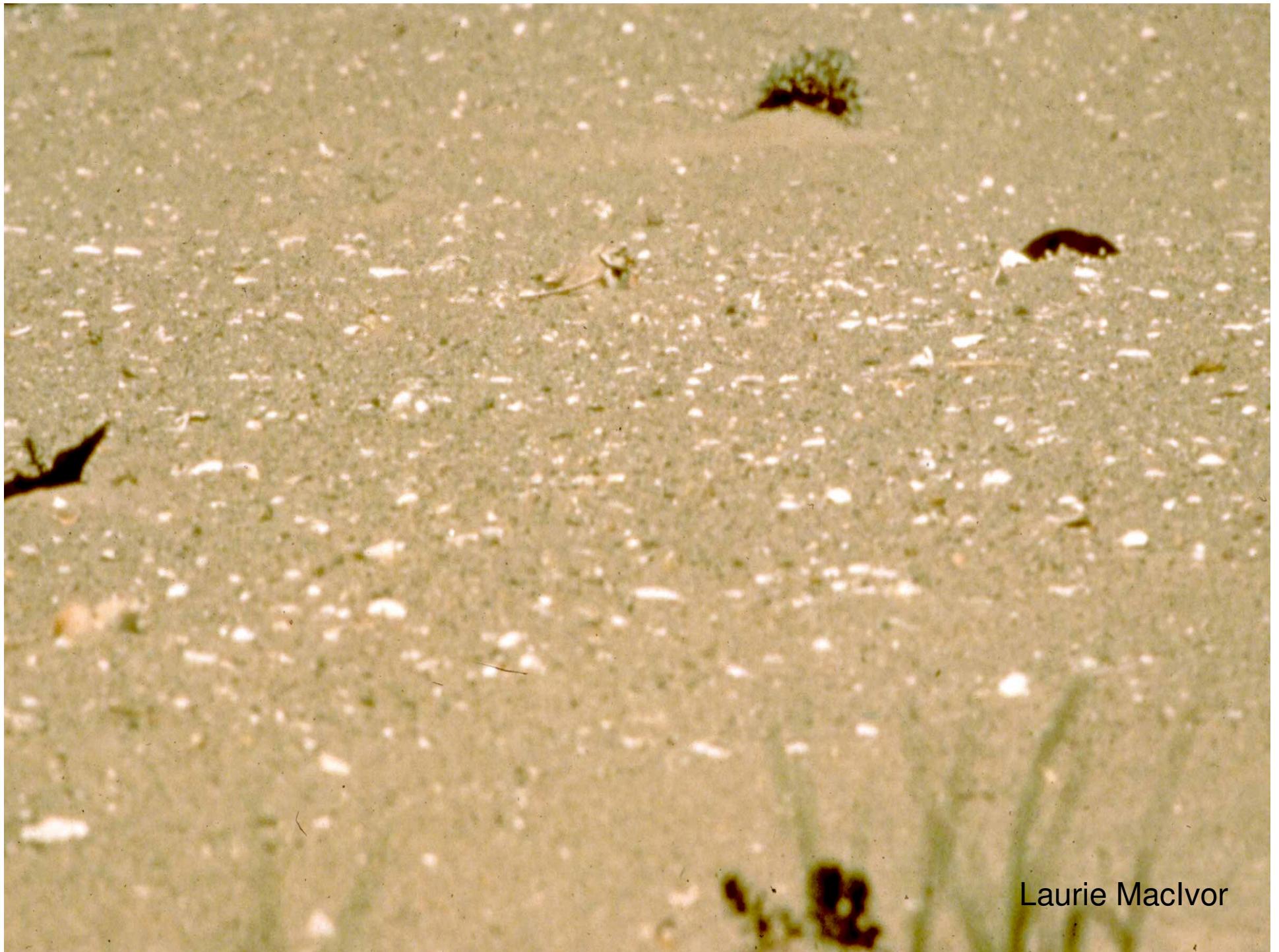
Suzi Fox



Richard Kuzminski



Richard Kuzminski



Laurie MacIvor



Laurie MacIvor



USFWS photo



USFWS photo

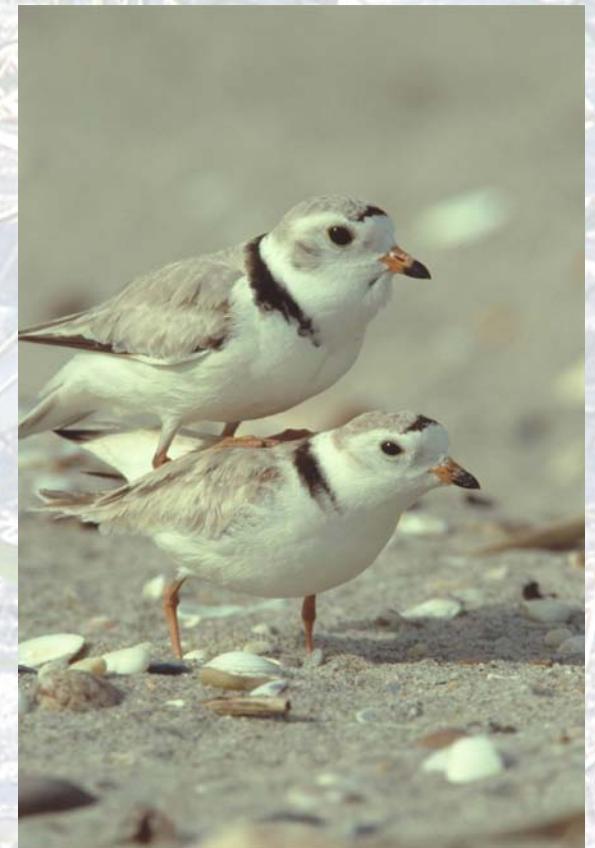


Richard Kuzminski



Piping Plover Courtship Behaviors

- Parallel runs (up to 100 meters), aerial displays, tilt displays, vocalizations
- Multiple scrapes (nests)
- Full-time incubation usually commences with 3rd or 4th egg
- Detailed descriptions in Cairns (1982 and 1977)



Richard Kuzminski

Flushing Distances

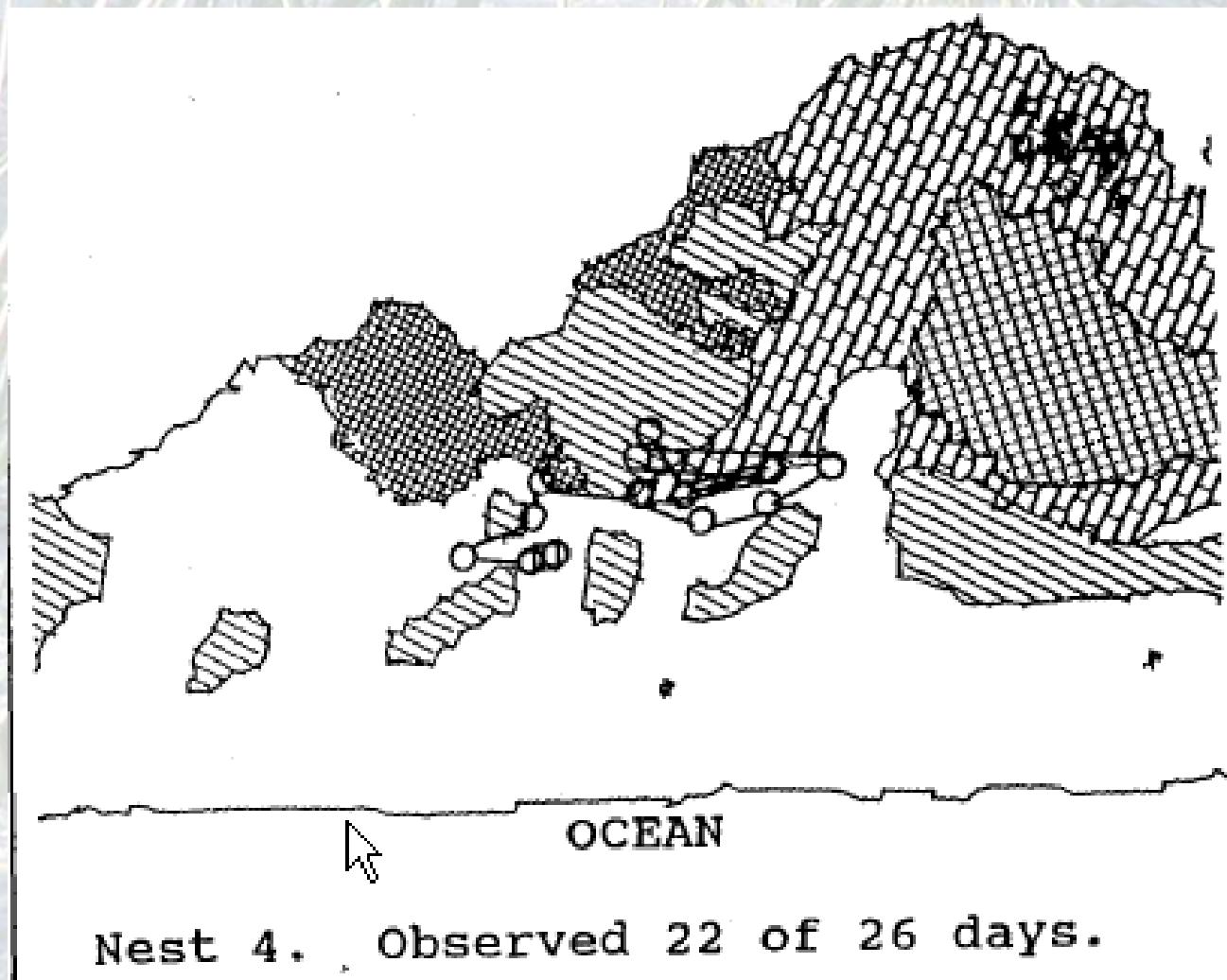
(incubating birds, pedestrians)

- Table 3, 1996 Atlantic Coast Piping Plover Recovery Plan summarizes 5 studies with data for incubating plovers, 2 studies with data for non-incubating birds

Flushing distances for incubating piping plovers, Southern Recovery Unit

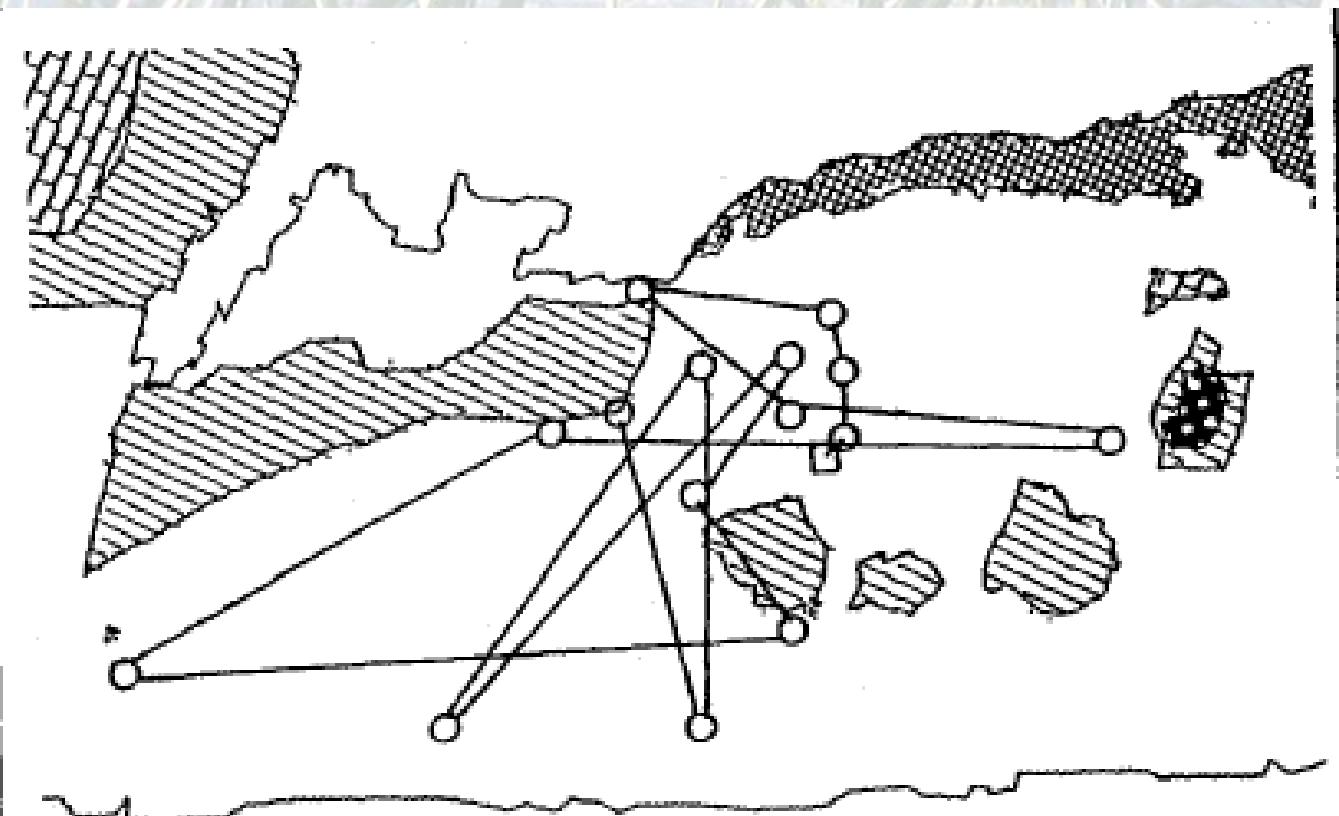
	Mean (m)	Range (m)	n (sample size)
Loegering 1992 (MD)	78	20 - 174	43 nests
Cross 1996 (VA)	32	2 – 120 (excluding one extreme outlier)	613 instances, 112 nests
Cross and Terwillinger 1993 (VA)	58	6 - 183	201 nests

Brood movements, Assateague Island Seashore, 1993



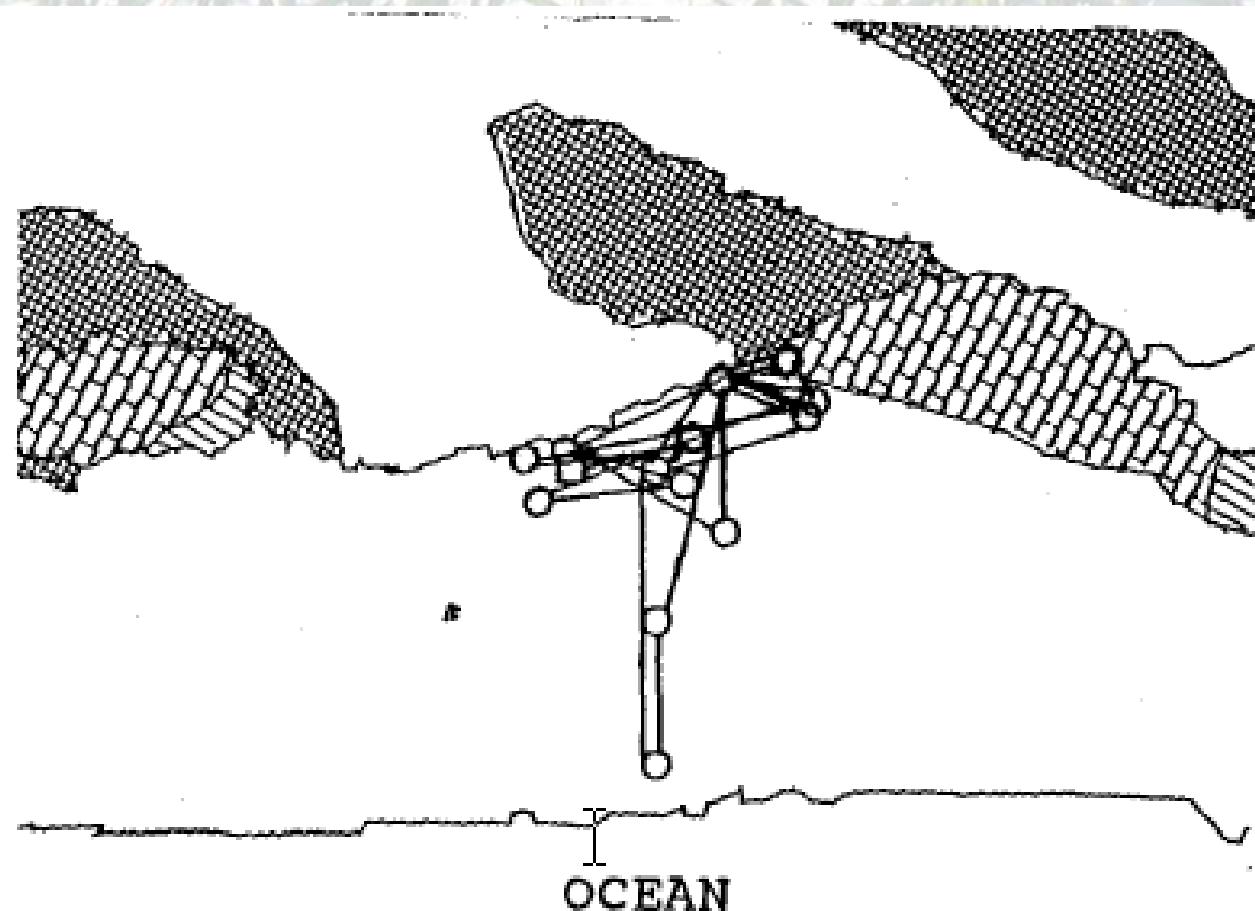
from NPS & Maryland DNR 1993, figure 5

Brood movements, Assateague Island Seashore, 1993



Nest 9. Observed 21 of 26 days.

Brood movements, Assateague Island Seashore, 1993



Nest 30. Observed 26 of 26 days.

Habitat use by chick age class interval, Assateague Island Seashore, 1993

(from NPS & Maryland DNR, 1993, table 8)

Age class (days)	No. observations	Ocean beach	
		No. observations	Percent of observations for age class
0-5	85	2	2
6-10	75	4	5
11-15	74	5	7
16-20	67	7	10
21-25	60	4	7

Observed movements of broods, Overwash Zone, Chincoteague Refuge, Virginia, 2004

Brood Number	Date in intertidal zone	Time observed	# of Chicks Observed	Date obsrved back in overwash zone	Time observed in overwash	Age of Chicks (days)
OV 04/06	6/12	1006	3	6/12	1850	12
OV 07/23	7/5	1615	2	7/5	1832	19
OV 07/23	7/6	615	2	7/6	1830	20
OV 08/24	6/9	848	3	6/9	1800	2
OV 08/24	6/20	1846	3	6/21	950	14
OV 08/24	6/23	1130, 1152	3	6/24	731	17
OV 08/24	6/26	1355, 1511	3	6/26	1723	20
OV 08/24	6/28	1553	3	6/28	1553	22
OV 08/24	6/30	615	3	6/30	1737	24
OV 09/28	6/19	1000	2	6/19	1842	1
OV 09/28	6/20	1120, 1354	3	6/20	1537	2
	6/20	1634, 1713, 1914	3			2
		0650, 1015, 1220,				
OV 09/28	6/21	1508, 1720	3	6/21	1730	3
OV 09/28	7/9	604	2	7/9	626	21
OV 10/33	6/20	0840, 1913	3	6/21	729	14
OV 11/44	6/27	803	3	6/27	1816	8
OV 11/44	7/5	1906, 1934	3	7/6	604	16
OV 11/44	7/6	1811	3	7/7	552	17
OV 11/44	7/7	0708, 0934	3			18
OV 11/44	7/8	600	3	7/8	1745	19

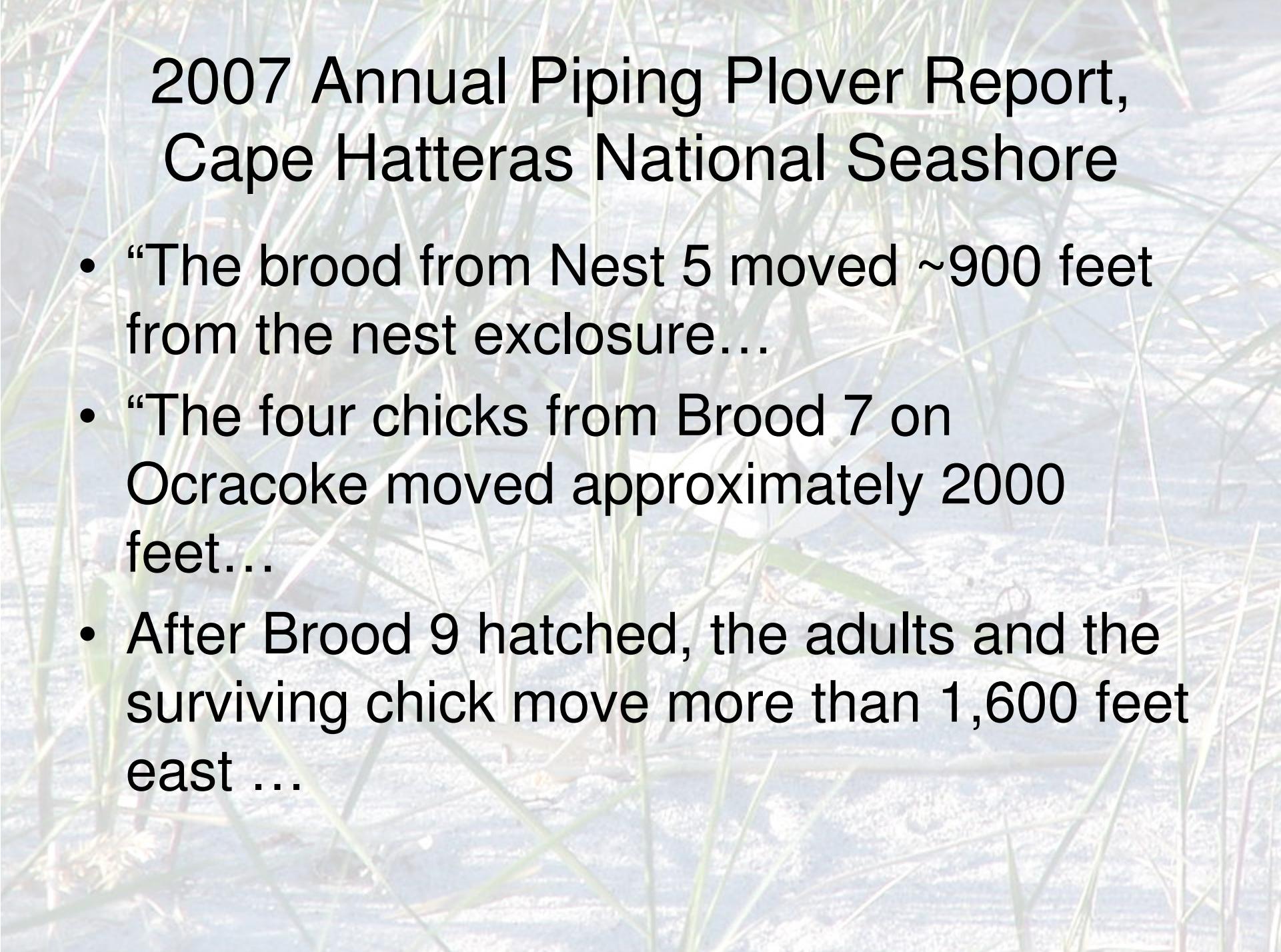
Piping plover chick mobility

- Table 1, 1996 Atlantic Coast Piping Plover Recovery Plan summarizes data from 6 studies

Table 6. Average distance (meters) piping plover broods were observed from nests on Cape Hatteras National Seashore 1989.

	# of Broods	# of Obs.	\bar{x} (m)	SE	Min. Value	Max. Value
Cape Point	7	37	133	120	0	435
Hatteras Spit	1	6	335	32	322	400
Ocracoke	3	45	261	183	0	725
TOTAL	11	88	212	167	0	725

From Coutu et al. 1990; 5 chicks survived >10 days

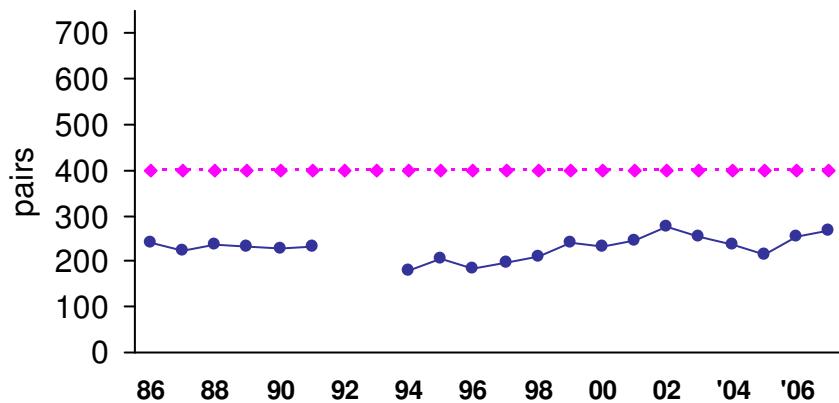


2007 Annual Piping Plover Report, Cape Hatteras National Seashore

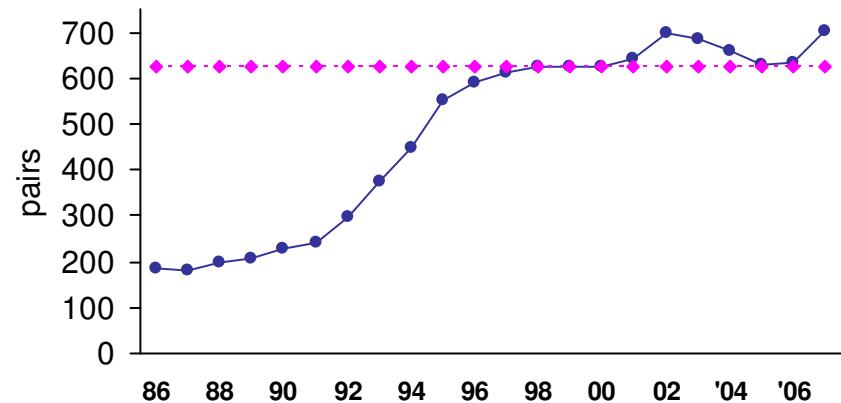
- “The brood from Nest 5 moved ~900 feet from the nest exclosure...
- “The four chicks from Brood 7 on Ocracoke moved approximately 2000 feet...
- After Brood 9 hatched, the adults and the surviving chick move more than 1,600 feet east ...

Breeding Pairs, 1986-2007

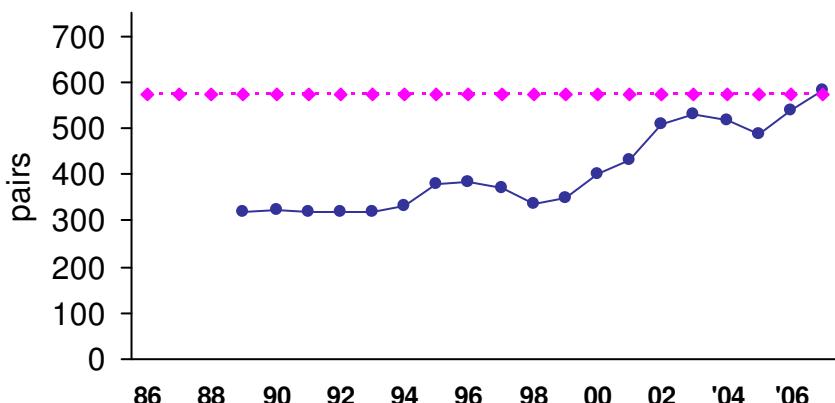
Eastern Canada



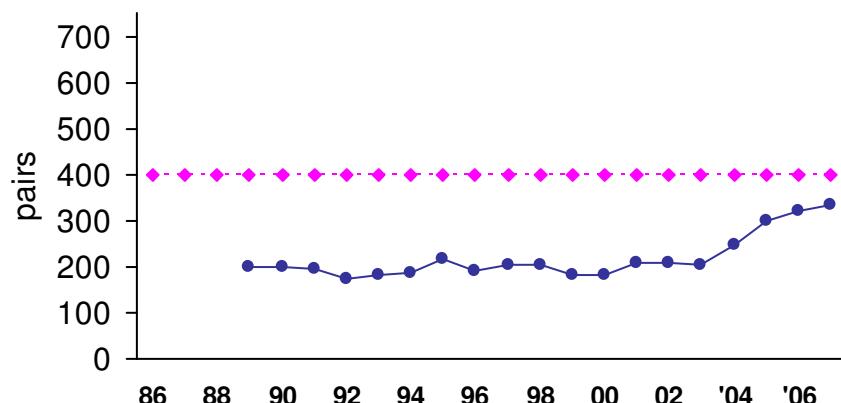
New England

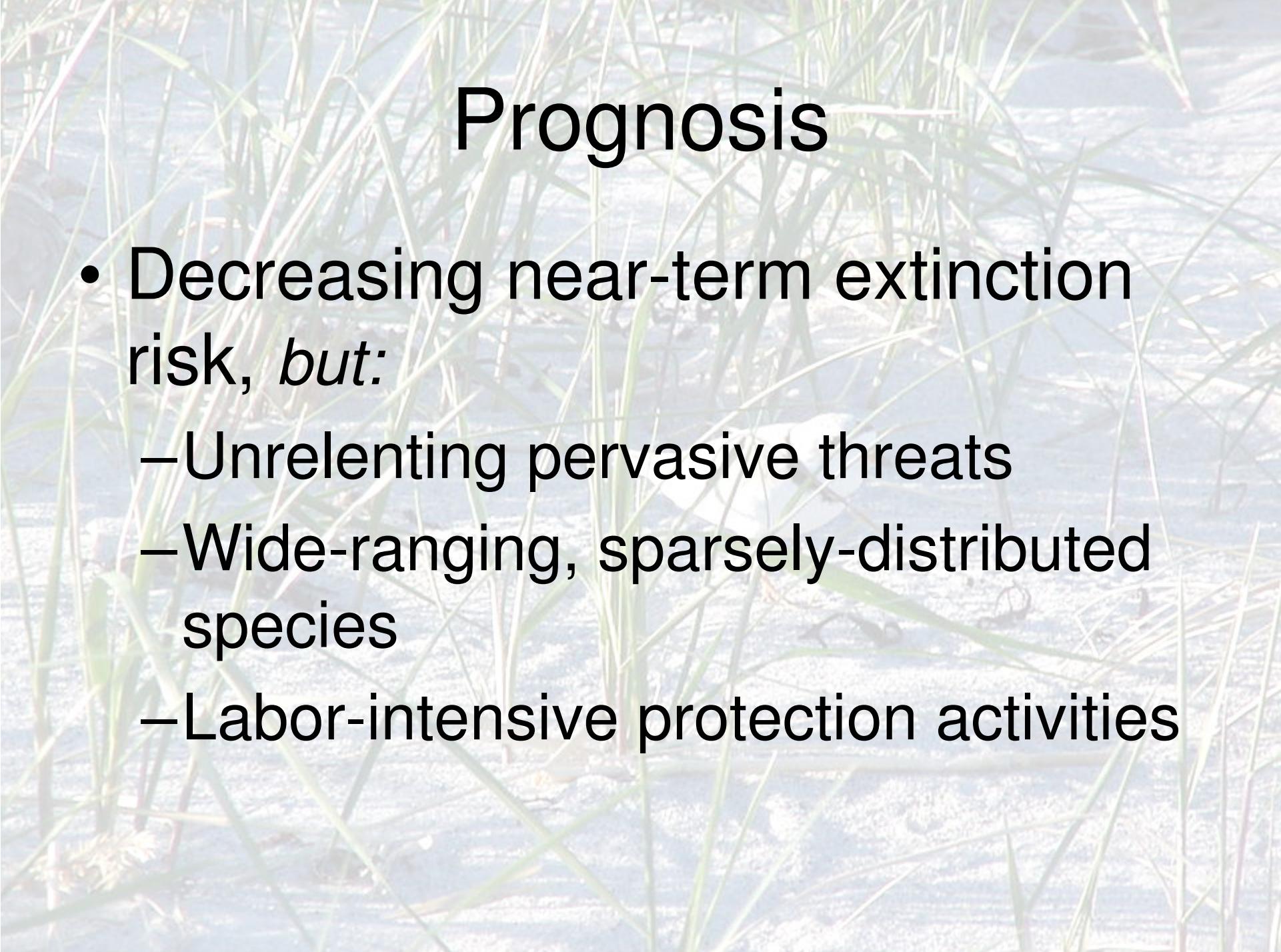


NY-NJ



Southern



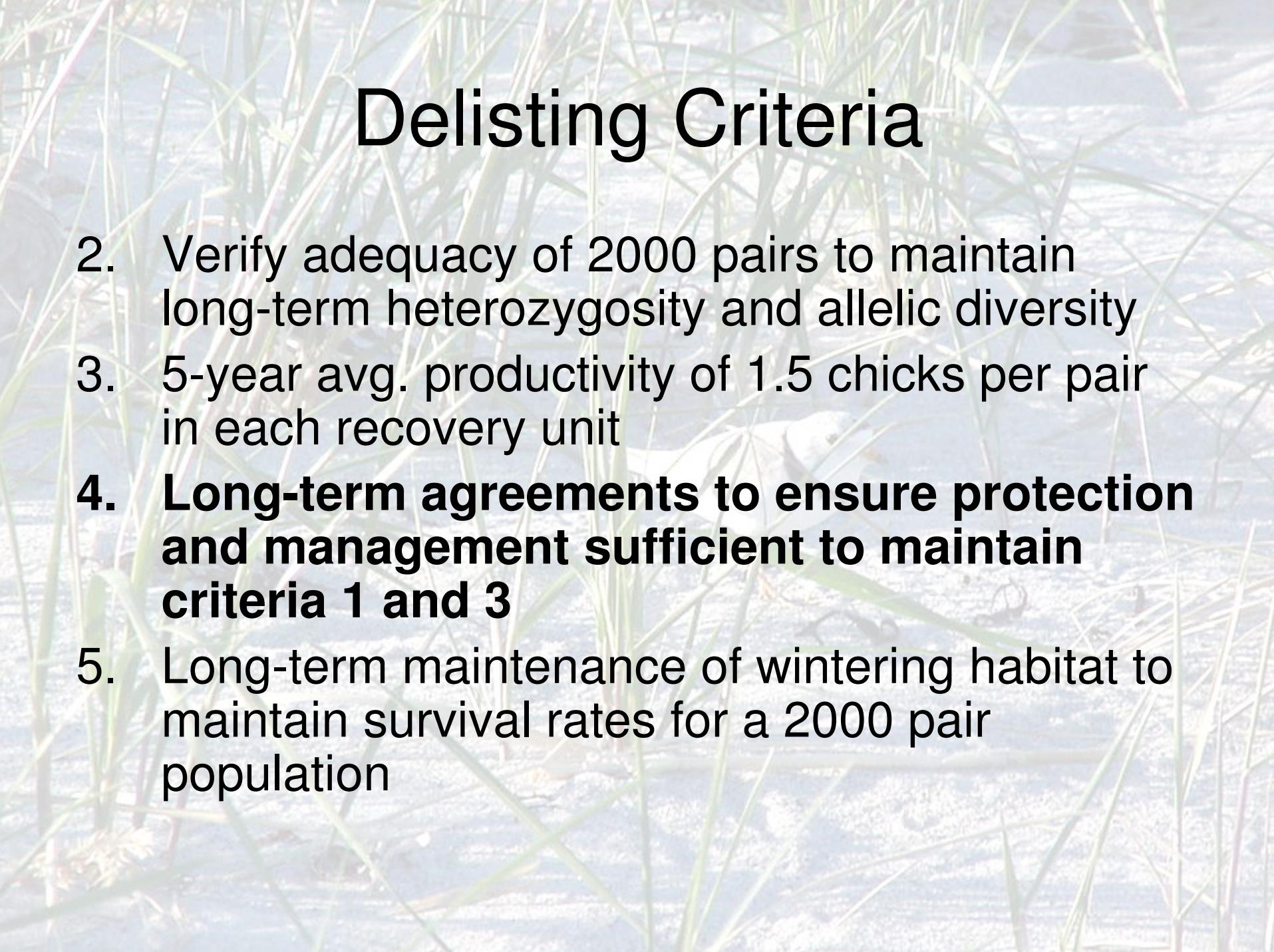


Prognosis

- Decreasing near-term extinction risk, *but*:
 - Unrelenting pervasive threats
 - Wide-ranging, sparsely-distributed species
 - Labor-intensive protection activities

Five Delisting Criteria

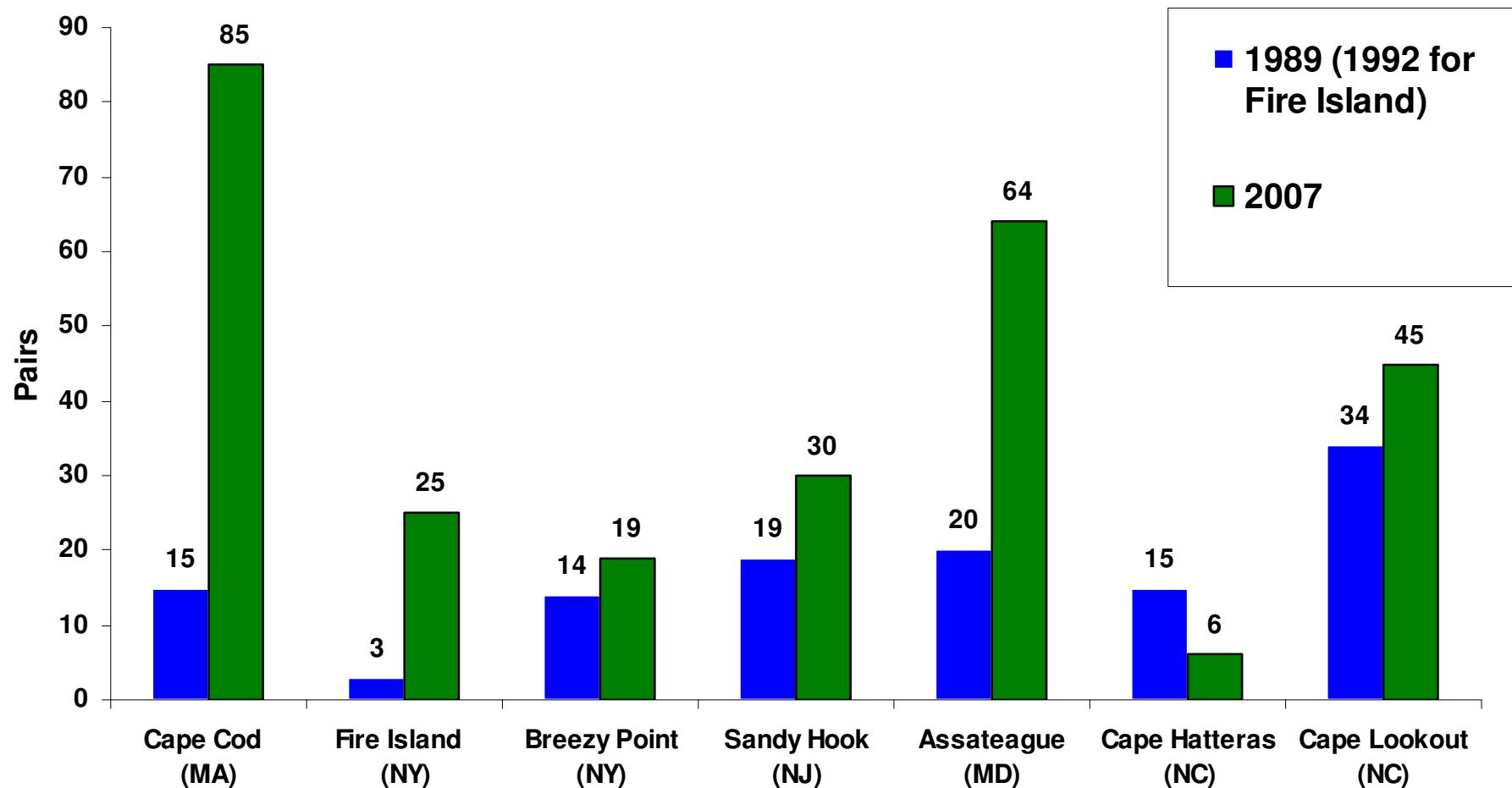
1. 2000 pairs for five years distributed among four recovery units:
 - Atlantic Canada: 400 pairs
 - New England: 625 pairs
 - New York-New Jersey: 575 pairs
 - **Southern: 400 pairs**



Delisting Criteria

2. Verify adequacy of 2000 pairs to maintain long-term heterozygosity and allelic diversity
3. 5-year avg. productivity of 1.5 chicks per pair in each recovery unit
4. **Long-term agreements to ensure protection and management sufficient to maintain criteria 1 and 3**
5. Long-term maintenance of wintering habitat to maintain survival rates for a 2000 pair population

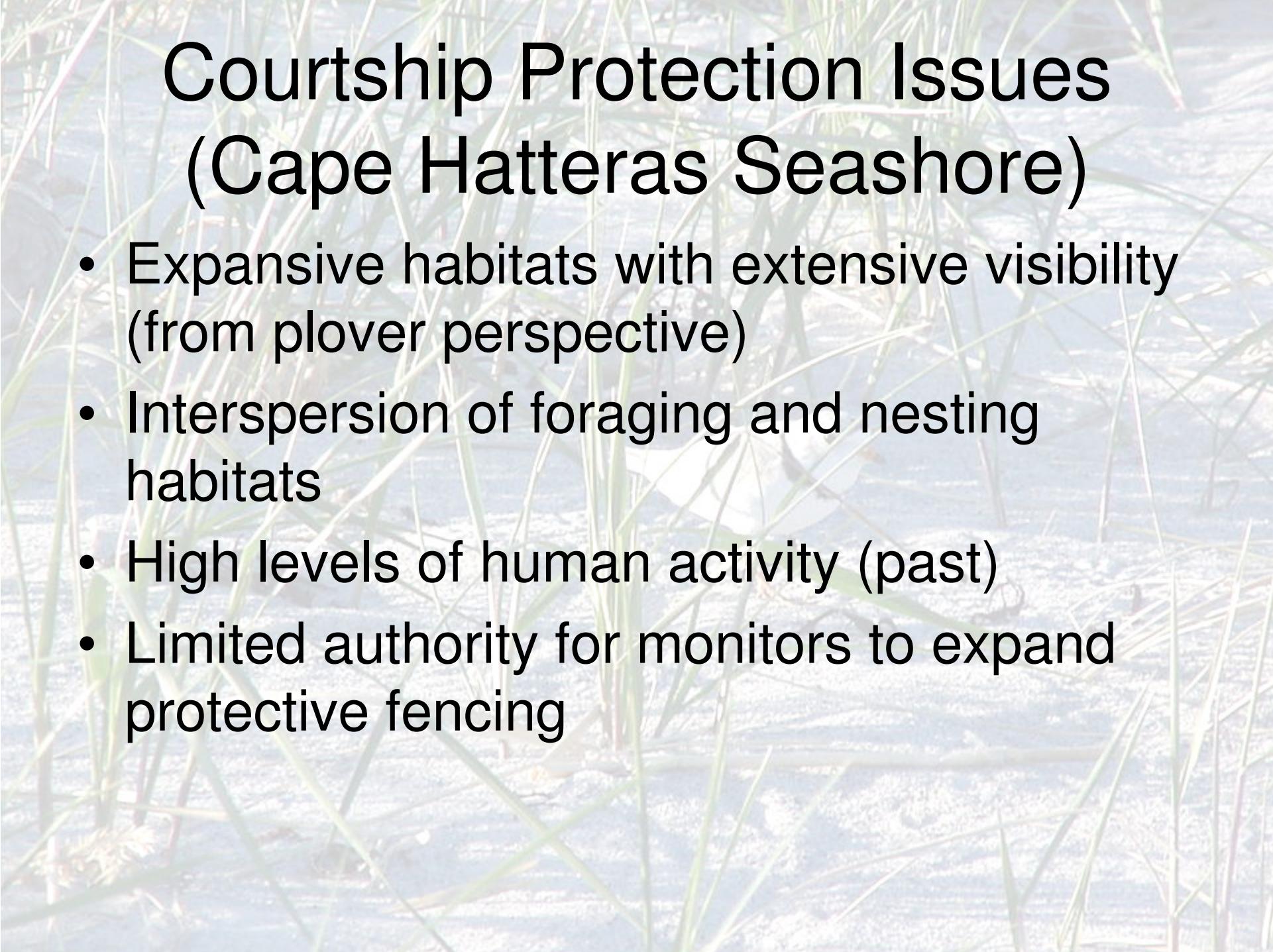
Abundance of Breeding Piping Plovers, Atlantic Coast National Park Service Units



Supplementary slides used in Q&A

Courtship Protection Issues (general)

- Detection and interpretation challenges
- Territories may expand or shift
- New monitors still familiarizing themselves with habitats

A photograph showing a dense field of tall, thin, light-colored grasses in the foreground, leading to a sandy beach and the ocean in the background under a clear sky.

Courtship Protection Issues (Cape Hatteras Seashore)

- Expansive habitats with extensive visibility (from plover perspective)
- Interspersion of foraging and nesting habitats
- High levels of human activity (past)
- Limited authority for monitors to expand protective fencing

Distribution of piping plovers on Outer Cape Cod, 1988 - 1993

USFWS 1996

