

### Scoping Newsletter Exotic Plant Management Plan for Alaska Parks / Environmental Assessment

#### Message from the Regional Director

The National Park Service (NPS) is developing an Exotic Plant Management Plan to address a persistent and growing problem with exotic (i.e. non-native) plants in Alaska's National Park System units. We are preparing this plan and environmental assessment (EA) to consider chemical and biological control methods where physical control methods have failed or are unlikely to stop aggressive plants. Control methods for exotic plants involve potential impacts to natural and cultural resources and human health. This newsletter is the start of the public involvement process. We want your thoughts and ideas to help us identify pertinent issues and develop appropriate alternatives for the plan.

In recent years exotic plant species in Alaska have increased in diversity, abundance, and distribution. Some species are invasive, moving into natural areas and harming our environment, economy, or human health. Impacts of exotic plants to natural ecosystems are many and varied, ranging from fish and wildlife habitat degradation to displacement of native plant communities to the alteration of processes such as nutrient cycling, succession, and wildfire regimes. As an example, Japanese knotweed is spreading in Southeast Alaska and is known from the Pacific Northwest to form dense single-species stands along streams and rivers, changing water flow and thereby degrading salmon habitat. While native species predominate in Alaska National Park System units, the threat of invasion grows every year. Active, long-term, and strategic management is necessary to prevent the introduction and spread of exotic plants in Alaska's National Park System units.

The NPS is mandated to manage this problem by multiple laws and policies. The NPS Organic Act (1916) and the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (1980) direct us to conserve unaltered ecosystems, natural and cultural objects, and scenery within our National Park System units. Further, Executive Order 13112 – Invasive Species (1999) requires all federal agencies to pursue invasive species management. NPS Management Policies (2006) states, "Exotic species will not be allowed to displace native species if displacement can be prevented."

We have assessed all sixteen of Alaska's NPS units for the identity, distribution, and abundance of exotic plants within and near their borders. Parks at greatest risk of invasion are those on the road system and in Southeast Alaska. The next tier of parks has few exotic plants because of fewer visitors and more challenging access. We found no exotic plants in the most remote parks with the fewest visitors. See the map on the back page for a representation of survey results.

NPS control efforts in Alaska have consisted only of hand-pulling or mechanical cutting methods. We have effectively eradicated or contained some infestations, but other infestations have persisted or spread. The NPS response to this problem has increased every year, but exotic plants continue to become more widespread and abundant in our parks.

The proposed plan would address prevention measures, inventory and monitoring procedures, and an integrated pest management strategy, which tailors control methods to the species, site, infestation, results, and context.

This newsletter contains the public scoping meeting locations and times, a schedule for completing the EA process, project contact information, and general information about the location of exotic plants in Alaska's National Park units. If you cannot attend any of the public meetings, please send us your thoughts by using our public comment website (see How to Comment inside), use the attached form, or send your own letter or card. If you have questions, do not hesitate to contact core project planning staff.

As the NPS Alaska Regional Director, I invite you to participate in this process.

Sincerely,

Marcia Glaszat

Marcia Blaszak

#### August 2006

#### What is Scoping?

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) defines scoping as "... an early and open process for determining the scope of issues to be addressed and for identifying the significant issues."

#### Planning Core Team/Contacts:

NEPA Manager and Project Contact, Bud Rice: 907-644-3530 Project Manager, Jeff Heys: 907-644-3451 NEPA Coordinator, Andrew McCarthy: 907-644-3539 Regional Integrated Pest Management Coordinator, Pat Owen: 907-683-9547

# Public Scoping Meetings:

### Juneau

Tuesday, September 26, 2006 7:00- 9:00PM Centennial Hall Hammond Room

### Fairbanks

Wednesday, September 27, 2006 6:30- 8:30 PM Noel Wien Library Public Conference Room

### Anchorage

Thursday, September 28, 2006 7:00- 9:00 PM Loussac Library Public Conference Room

## **NPS Mission Statement:**

The National Park Service preserves unimpaired the natural and cultural resources and values of the national park system for the enjoyment, education, and inspiration of this and future generations. The Park Service cooperates with partners to extend the benefits of natural and cultural resource conservation and outdoor recreation throughout this country and the world.

## EA Process Approximate Schedule

(NEPA public involvement process)

Public Scoping Newsletter Press Release – Early September

> Public Scoping Meetings Late September

Scoping Summary Draft Alternatives Newsletter October

Complete Internal Review EA Share with Key Stakeholders February 2007

Distribute Public Review EA April 2007

Public Meetings on EA May 2007

End of Public Comment Period June 2007

> Issue Decision July 2007

## **Possible Alternatives:**

1. No Action – The NPS would take no action to control exotic species. This alternative would be used to measure the effectiveness of action alternatives.

2. Status Quo – Management actions would continue to be limited to present manual and mechanical means to eradicate, control, and contain exotic plants.

3. An adaptive management approach would use a decision tree to determine how best to control exotic plant species in Alaska National Parks, while posing the least possible risk to people, resources, and the environment. Management measures would include avoidance of introductions and manual, mechanical, thermal, and chemical treatments. Herbicide use could be allowed under careful stipulations when other methods would be ineffective or cost-prohibitive.

4. Similar to alternative 3 with the addition of biological control methods for exotic plant species.

### **Potential Issues:**

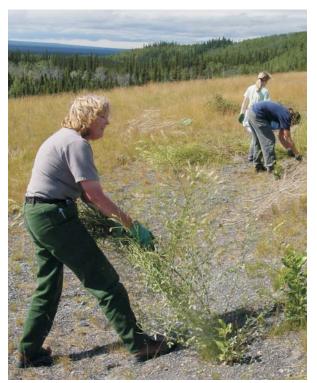
- What are the potential effects on:
  - aquatic resources and fish?
  - cultural resources and landscapes?
  - floodplain management?
  - human health and safety?
  - park management?
  - recreational and visitor use?
  - soils?
  - subsistence?
  - vegetation (including wetlands)?
  - water resources (ground water, flow, water quality)?
  - wilderness?
  - wildlife/habitat?

## How to Comment

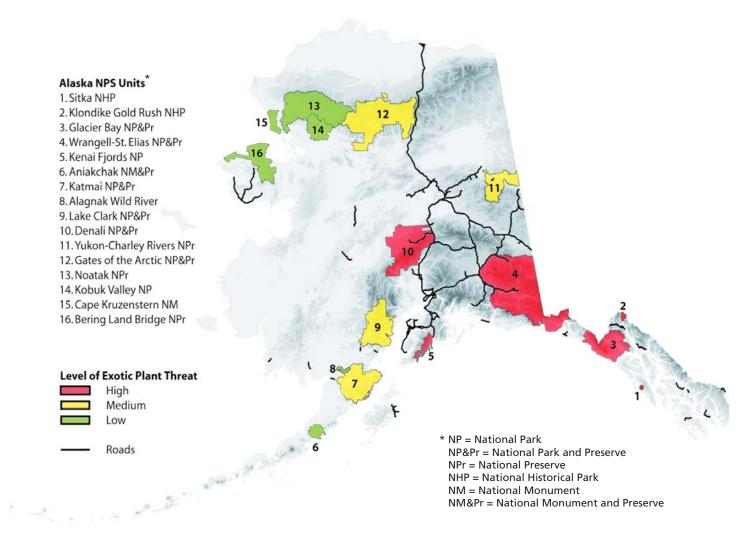
To comment on this newsletter, go to the following website: http://parkplanning.nps.gov/ and select the link "Plans/Documents Open for Comment" located at the lower left corner of the page. From the following "Plan/Document List" select the link "Exotic Plant Management Plan for Alaska Parks". To register comments, select the link "Comment on document" in the menu on the left side of the page and enter your comments.



Write in your issues & concerns here, detach and mail to the address on the reverse of this form.



Pulling white sweetclover, a threat to the Copper River, Wrangell-St. Elias NP&Preserve



Relative threat of exotic plant invasion in 16 Alaska NPS units

#### Help Spread the Word

We're currently expanding our mailing list for this project. Please forward us the contacts for relevant interested parties in your area using the form below. Copies of this newsletter can be downloaded from the following website: http://parkplanning.nps.gov/ by selecting the link "Plans/Documents Open for Comment". From the following "Plan/Document List" select the link "Exotic Plant Management Plan for Alaska Parks". Please pass this newsletter on to other interested parties. Thank you!

## Cut Here 🤳

Record any additional addresses in the space below, and we'll add them to our mailing list for this project.

## Mail Form To:

Jeff Heys Exotic Plant Management Team Liaison National Park Service 240 W. 5th Ave. #114 Anchorage, AK 99501