






National Register of Historic Places

RESOURCE NUMBER & NAME	PHOTOGRAPH (if available)	LOCATION (county & additional info.)	OWNER	REMARKS (history, condition, status, historic designation, etc.)
HB-B-1 Temple Adath Israel		Bolivar County Cleveland	private	This 1927 Moorish design synagogue served a congregation established earlier that decade though there has been a Jewish population since the 19 th century.
HB-B-2 Burrus House Hollywood		Bolivar County Hollywood (Benoit vicinity)		This Greek Revival antebellum house was listed on Mississippi Heritage Trust's 10 Most Endangered List on 2001. The house was recently restored by the Burrus Foundation. It was the setting for the 1956 film <i>Baby Doll</i> whose screenplay was written by Tennessee Williams.
HB-B-3 Cleveland Founders Historic District		Bolivar County Cleveland		This district was listed on the National Register of Historic Places by the Mississippi Heritage Trust.
HB-B-4 Downtown Cleveland Historic District		Bolivar County Cleveland		




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HB-B-5 Donelson House		Bolivar County Duncan Vicinity		The National Register nomination reads “The Donelson House is believed to be the oldest extant structure in Bolivar County, Mississippi, and is a locally significant example of vernacular construction techniques and provincial Greek Revival design... it is the only residence in the state associated with Andrew Jackson Donelson (1799-1871), a prominent soldier, lawyer, politician, diplomat and nephew of President Jackson.”
HB-B-6 Grace Episcopal Church		Bolivar County Rosedale		Built in 1879.
HB-B-7 I.T. Montgomery House		Bolivar County Mound Bayou		This National Historic Landmark was the home of Isaiah Thornton Montgomery, a former slave and founder of the town of Mound Bayou in 1887. (HABS photo)



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HB-B-8 Mound Bayou Bank		Bolivar County Mound Bayou		Established by African American businessman Charles Banks, Mound Bayou bank was a locally owned financial institution that allowed the African American community greater independence from Jim Crow lending practices in the early 20th century.
HB-B-9 Rosedale Historic District		Bolivar County Rosedale		
HB-B-10 Walter Sillers, Sr. House		Bolivar County Rosedale		This Queen Anne style house is associated with Walter Sillers, Sr. (1852-1931). According to the nomination, he was “significant in the economic, agricultural, and political culture of the Mississippi Delta for his contributions ... as a major planter; as an advocate for the establishment of crop control policies for the South through the development of planter's cooperatives; as an advocate for innovations in the location, design and construction of the levee system throughout the lower Mississippi River valley; and as a key figure in the organization of the Mississippi Democratic Party on the local and statewide levels.”



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HB-B-11 Taborian Hospital		Bolivar County Mound Bayou		Founded in 1942, this was one of only a few hospitals that served African Americans in mid-century Mississippi. It was listed as one of Mississippi Heritage Trust's 10 Most Endangered Sites in 2000. Vacant for several years, federal funding was secured in 2011 to rehabilitate the building as an urgent care center.
HB-B-12 U.S. Post Office		Bolivar County Cleveland		The National Register nomination reads "... built in 1934, (it) is significant as one of 32 constructed in the state with Public Works Administration funds during the Great Depression. It was designed by the Office of the Supervising Architect. The building holds the distinction of being the first federal building constructed in Bolivar County."
HB-Ca-1 Abiaca Creek Bridge		Carroll County Vaiden Vicinity		Single span Pratt through truss bridge.



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HB-Ca-2 Carrollton Historic District		Carroll County Vaiden Vicinity		The town of Carrollton, including its National Register Historic District, were placed on the Mississippi Heritage Trust's 1999 10 Most Endangered list. A 2009 update states, "The adoption of a Preservation Ordinance, the designation as a Certified Local Government by the Mississippi Department of Archives and History, and the restoration of several downtown buildings have gone a long way toward protecting the character of the town. "
HB-Ca-3 Cotesworth		Carroll County Vaiden Vicinity		This early 19 th century stage coach inn was adapted early into a single family dwelling. It was home to J. Z George who was chief justice of the Mississippi Supreme Court and a U.S. Senator. The library contains his extensive collection of law texts. In 2010 the Cotesworth Culture and Heritage Center was established to acquire and manage Cotesworth as" a sustainable education and cultural heritage tourism center."
HB-Ca-4 James Z. George Law Office		Carroll County Carrollton		This National Register property was the law office of jurist J. Z. George (see previous entry).




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HB-Ca-5 Merrill's Store		Carroll County Carrollton		Built in 1834, this rare surviving brick commercial building houses a local museum.
HB-CO-1 The Alcazar Hotel		Coahoma County Clarksdale Third and Second St.		Was a luxury destination for guests and salesmen with fine dining and the legendary blues/gospel radio station WROX on the second floor for 50 years. Celebrity broadcaster Early Wright hosted a 4-hour nightly show and interviewed famous personalities including Muddy Waters and Elvis Presley. Ike Turner worked here. Tennessee Williams set a famous one-act play, <i>The Last of My Solid Gold Watches</i> , in the hotel. Restoration is under way for an undetermined use. The building was placed on the 2009 Mississippi Heritage Trust 10 Most Endangered list.
HB-CO-2 Clarksdale Historic District		Coahoma County Clarksdale Downtown		Large district including downtown and New World districts with commercial and residential structures.


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HB-CO-3 Cutrer Mansion		Coahoma County Clarksdale 109 Clark St.	State of MS	Italian Renaissance Villa, built in 1916 by J.W. Cutrer and his wife, Blanche Clark Cutrer. In 1999, the mansion was about to be demolished when Delta State University and the community of Clarksdale saved the structure. In 2004, a \$1.6 million restoration was completed on the first floor and the exterior. Restoration of the second floor and acquisition of furnishings are awaiting an additional \$1.5 million in funding. The Cutrer Mansion now serves as part of the Coahoma County Higher Education Center, a partnership between Coahoma Community College and Delta State University. Mississippi Landmark Building.
HB-C-4 Bobo Senior High School		Coahoma County Clarksdale		The school was built in the Gothic Revival style in 1929-30 on land given by the Bobo family for a school.


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HB-CO-5 John Clark House		Coahoma County Clarksdale		The first house built in Clarksdale in 1859, it was the home of the town's founder, John Clark. It is now an inn.
HB-CO-6 Friars Point Historic District		Coahoma County Friars Point		This collection of buildings represents a range of styles and periods in this early river town. Several significant buildings were moved to accommodate the construction of a levee.
HB-CO-7 Prairie Plantation House		Coahoma County Clarksdale Vicinity		One of three known antebellum structures in the county, Prairie Plantation House has been remodeled several times since the original two room brick house was built in 1848 and enlarged in 1851.
HB-CO-8 WROX Building Hopson Building		Coahoma County Clarksdale		The National Register nomination for the building states, "As the site of the WROX radio station during the years 1946-1954, the WROX building (Hopson Building) played an integral part in the history of the development, dissemination, and flowering of the Blues and other African-American based and popular music."


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HB-CO-9 Yazoo & Miss. Valley Passenger Depot		Coahoma County Clarksdale		The building houses the Delta Blues Museum.
HB-D-1 Dockery House		DeSoto County Hernando Vicinity		The home is a well preserved example of High Victorian Italianate style. The was constructed in 1876.
HB-D-2 Hernando Commerce Street Historic District		DeSoto County Hernando		The National Register nomination for this district reads “Hernando is locally notable as the best concentration of early 20 th century commercial and residential architecture in the county. The period of significance for this district is 1890-1950, which represents the time the residential district was expanding westward from the courthouse square.”


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HB-D-3 Hernando Courthouse Square District		DeSoto County Hernando		The neoclassical 1940 Desoto County Courthouse is the centerpiece for this district, concentrated around a central courthouse square town plan.
HB-D-4 Hernando North Side Historic District		DeSoto County Hernando		According to the National Register nomination, “The period of significance for this district is 1850-1950, representing 100 years of residential development in the town of Hernando.... the area became a blending of architecture styles from the popular style of the 1850s, Greek Revival, to the latest style of the 1930s and 40s, Tudor Revival.”
HB-D-5 Hernando South Side Historic District		DeSoto County Hernando		The National Register nomination for this district, similar to the Northside District, reads, “The period of significance for this district is 1850 -1950, representing 100 years of residential development in the town of Hernando... the area became a blending of architecture styles from the popular style of the 1850s, Greek Revival, to the style of the 1940s, Tudor Revival.”


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HB-D-6 Felix Labauve House		DeSoto County Hernando		According to MDAH, “Felix Lebauve (1809-1879), an orphaned French émigré known as the Father of Scholarships in Mississippi ... was the first Mississippian to bequeath an endowment to a university for the explicit purpose of establishing a permanent scholarship... His single-story frame house with its graceful, classically inspired, arcaded gallery is an important regional example of picturesque detailing applied to a frequently used vernacular form.”
HB-D-7 Miller Plantation House		DeSoto County Olive Branch Vicinity		The National Register nomination for this house describes it as “the most sophisticated example of the Greek Revival style in DeSoto County.” It continues, “the most ambitious design element of the mansion is its portico with giant order columns and a full, well-proportioned entablature which is without a raking cornice for a pediment. While this arrangement is not uncommon, the unusual interpretation of the Corinthian order makes the Miller Plantation House virtually unique in Mississippi.”


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HB-D-8 Robertson-Yates House		DeSoto County Hernando Vicinity	private	This house was built c. 1850 and has Greek Revival and Queen Anne features. It is one of a few surviving antebellum houses in DeSoto County.
HB-H-1 Mollie Clark House		Holmes County Pickens		According to the National Register nomination, “The Mollie Clark House (c.1909), is one of the best documented Colonial Revival houses in Holmes County.. Mary Ann (Mollie) Clark was an active civic leader...and a benefactor who contributed to the community's growth.”
HB-H-2 Clifton Plantation House		Holmes County Howard Vicinity		According to the National Register nomination, the house is “a rare Holmes County example of a vernacular plantation home with Greek Revival architectural details. Notable architectural details include its three-sided, undercut gallery, its simple, gabled dormers, and its Greek Revival style entries, gallery fittings, and chimneys.”
HB-H-3 Eureka Masonic College (Little Red Schoolhouse)		Holmes County Richland		The local Masonic lodges built this school and hired Robert Morris as the instructor. Morris was concerned that women were not allowed to participate in Freemasonry and thus developed the Order of the Eastern Star as a Masonic organization for women in 1850 during his tenure at the school.



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HB-H-4 Holmes County Courthouse		Holmes County Lexington		“The Holmes County Courthouse Complex occupies the entire block of the centrally located courthouse square in Lexington, the county seat,... The Complex contains three contributing elements: the Courthouse, the County Records Building, and the Confederate Monument. ..The square is physically the center of Lexington and Holmes County and symbolically the center of political life for the county.” (from the National Register nomination
HB-H-5 Holmes County State Park Historic District		Holmes County Durrant Vicinity		This district includes six rustic cabins, a pavilion and the park manager’s residence.
HB-H-6 Lexington Historic District		Holmes County Lexington		
HB-H-7 Governor Edmund F. Noel House		Holmes County Lexington		This house built c.1875 exhibits Victorian and Neoclassical characteristics. It is notable for its association with Governor Edmund Favor Noel, State Senator and Congressman and Governor of the state of Mississippi from 1908-1912.





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HB-H-8 Tye House		Holmes County Pickens		According to the National Register nomination, "The Tye House has important architectural and historical significance for the town of Pickens. Located on the site of an earlier Greek Revival cottage incorporated into the present structure, the house projects a contrasting and eclectic character as a result of its renovation ca.1875 by Confederate Col. John F. Tye.
HB-H-9 West Historic District		Holmes County West		
HB-I-1 Railroad Section Foreman's House		Issaquena Valley Park		The rehabilitation of this house won an award from the Mississippi Heritage Trust in 2000. Their description of the house reads in part, "The Railroad Section Foreman's House at Valley Park is a small, wood-frame house originally build about 1882 and enlarged and remodeled in the 1930s. It was built by the Louisville, New Orleans and Texas Railroad, which became part of the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley (Y&MV) Railroad, and subsequently part of the Illinois Central."
HB-L-1 Boulevard Subdivision Historic District		Leflore Greenwood Vicinity		This district was listed on the National Register in 1986.




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HB-L-2 Central Commercial and RR Historic District		Leflore Greenwood		This National Register district in downtown Greenwood contains buildings in the Queen Anne and Craftsman styles, among others.
HB-L-3 Cotton Row Historic District		Leflore Greenwood		The state historic marker states the district “comprises the state’s most important concentration of buildings associated with marketing of cotton and the state’s post- Civil War cotton boom.”
HB-L-4 First Methodist Church of Greenwood		Leflore Greenwood		
HB-L-5 Four Corners Historic District		Leflore Greenwood		The National Register nomination for the district states it “comprises a small but architecturally significant concentration of buildings associated with a period of great physical and economic expansion in the history of the city as a result of Mississippi's post-Civil War cotton boom. The five buildings contained within the district, though functionally and stylistically diverse, constitute an important and irreplaceable visual node in the cityscape dating from the first three decades of the twentieth century.”




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HB-L-6 Greenwood High School		Leflore Greenwood		Built in 1924, it was listed on the National Register in 1985.
HB-L-7 House at 308 Lamar Street		Leflore Greenwood		Circa 1910 Neo-classical Revival house.
HB-L-8 House at 312 George Street		Leflore Greenwood		The National Register nomination for the house reads "Constructed around 1910, 312 George Street is a locally important, residential example of Neo-classical Revival architecture."
HB-L-9 House at 710 S. Boulevard		Leflore Greenwood		According to the National Register nomination, "710 South Boulevard is a locally significant example of Neo-Classical Revival architecture. Constructed ca. 1910, the house is one of less than 10 surviving Neo-Classical houses with giant-order porticoes."


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HB-L-10 Keesler Bridge		Leflore Greenwood		The Keesler Bridge is a swinging through truss span. The bridge turns on a pivot to allow larger vessels to pass. This type of truss was typical in 19 th century Mississippi.
HB-L-11 Marclare (Austin- Hill House)		Leflore Greenwood		Marclare, (ca. 1871, remodeled ca.1905) was associated with F.R. Austin who built Cotton Row.
HB-L-12 Provine House		Leflore Greenwood		The National Register nomination states, "The Provine House built... in 1910, is significant for its historic association with the development of Greenwood's Boulevard subdivision, as well as the home of the influential Provine family. The house is a rare example of Colonial Revival which sets the house apart from its contemporary Victorian counterparts."
HB-L-13 River Road/West Downtown Residential Historic District		Leflore Greenwood		"The River Road and Western Downtown Residential Historic District contains a significant group of architecturally and historically important buildings and sites associated with Greenwood's early development and with its later position in the early 20th Century as the center of Mississippi's second great cotton kingdom." (From the National Register nomination)




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HB-L-14 Rosemary- Humphreys House		Leflore Greenwood		The National Register nomination reads “Rosemary is one of Greenwood’s two most significant examples of early 20 th century, Tudor Style architecture. Constructed about 1920 for the locally prominent Humphreys family and designed by architect George Mahon of Memphis, Tennessee, the house enjoys a picturesque setting on a 7.75-acre tract of land at the northern terminus of the Grand Boulevard.”
HB-L-15 Southworth House		Leflore Greenwood		According to its National Register nomination “An eclectic early 20 th century residence, the Southworth House exhibits certain characteristics associated with the Italian Renaissance Style ... Constructed in 1922, the house is one of the most architecturally significant of the Greenwood buildings designed by local architect Frank R. McGeoy.”
HB-L-16 Wesley Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church		Leflore Greenwood		“The Wesley United Methodist Church was organized in 1870...The organization of the church was an outgrowth of the desire of the black community to have a greater voice in church affairs by having their own churches distinct from the white churches where they had earlier worshipped as slaves. The present building was constructed in 1921 and was designed by local architect Frank R. McGeoy.” (From the National Register nomination)





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HB-L-17 Wesley Methodist Church Historic District		Leflore Greenwood		
HB-L-18 W.M. Whittington House		Leflore Greenwood		<p>“A two-story brick house with a hipped roof clad in green tile, the W.M. Whittington House is significant as an example of residential architecture which combines elements of the Neo-Georgian and Prairie styles in a highly successful manner, and as the home of William Madison Whittington, prominent and influential legislator who served Mississippi in the U.S. House of Representatives from 1925 until 1951.” (From National Register nomination)</p> <p>It now serves as the headquarters of the Garden Clubs of Mississippi.</p>
HB-L-19 Williams Landing- East Downtown Residential Historic District		Leflore Greenwood		<p>Within this district “is the Williams Landing site, the point on the Yazoo River where the town of Greenwood, originally called Williams Landing, began as a trading post and shipping port in 1834.... The character of the buildings in the district is similar to the western downtown residential area with buildings dating primarily to the early 20th century and representing the Queen Anne, Prairie, Neo-Classical Revival, Colonial Revival, and Bungalow Styles.” (From the National Register nomination)</p>





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HB-P-1 Ballentine-Seay House		Panola Sardis		According to the National Register nomination, the house “was the second of Andrew Johnson's private commissions and appears to have been executed as a showplace for his architectural and design abilities. The residence is the most elaborate example of his early work.
HB-P-2 Batesville Historic District		Panola Batesville		
HB-P-3 Craig-Seay House		Panola Como		“The Craig-Seay House is significant as a turn-of- the-century product of architect Andrew Johnson. The house shows Johnson's capable transition from his L-shaped cottage style to the more elaborate residences preferred at the turn-of-the-century. The residence is interesting for its successful combination of Queen Anne and Colonial Revival elements.” (From National Register nomination)
HB-P-4 Crenshaw House		Panola Crenshaw		“The Crenshaw House is one of Andrew Johnson's most exuberant Queen Anne residences. The design elements of the one-story gallery show a lively adaptation of Johnson’s interpretation of Eastlake Style.” (From National Register nomination).





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HB-P-5 Fredonia Church		Panola Como Vicinity		This church sits along an early road, now abandoned, that brought settlers south into Mississippi. A Presbyterian congregation used the site from about 1820 but by 1848 when the church was built it had become Methodist.
HB-P-6 Hall-Henderson House		Panola Sardis		Designed by Andrew Johnson, the house is part of his transition from modest L shaped cottages to larger Queen Anne Houses.
HB-P-7 Hall-Robertson House		Panola Sardis		According to the National Register nomination "The Hall-Roberson House is the most extravagant and ornamentally articulate of Johnson's L-shaped cottages. Every feature on the house, from the diagonal entrance to the shingled gables to the sawn balustrades, is a testament to Johnson's craftsmanship and style."
HB-P-8 Holy Innocents' Episcopal Church		Panola Como		Designed by prolific architect Andrew Johnson, this church (1873) is an excellent example of the Carpenter Gothic style.





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HB-P-9 Hufft House		Panola Sardis		This Andrew Johnson house, c. 1880, is from the L shaped cottage period, early in his career.
HB-P-10 Johnston-Tate Cottage		Panola Sardis		“The Johnson-Tate Cottage, built by contractor/architect Andrew Johnson for his family in 1873, displays the high-quality workmanship produced by Johnson and his crew of Swedish craftsmen. It exhibits in its profusion of brackets, braces and bosses the penchant for a rich assortment of pattern-book motifs which characterizes Johnson's 19 th century design.” (From National Register nomination)
HB-P-11 Judge John William Kyle Law Office		Panola Sardis		A small, two-bay, wood-frame, gable-front office with an attached, hip-roofed porch. Originally built as a medical office by Dr. Morgan Adams, this building was used from 1919 to 1965 a law office by Judge John William Kyle, who served on the Mississippi Supreme Court. (MDAH)
HB-P-12 Kyle-Spencer House		Panola Sardis		This is a good example of prolific local architect Andrew Johnson’s mature style.





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HB-P-13 Lee House		Panola Batesville		This L shaped cottage is architect Andrew Johnson's only work in the town of Batesville.
HB-P-14 Popular Price Store		Panola Como		This is the only known extant example of architect Andrew Johnson's commercial designs.
HB-P-15 Tait-Taylor House		Panola Como		One of architect Andrew Johnson's designs from the transition from the L shaped cottage to a mature Queen Anne.
HB-P-16 Taylor-Falls House		Panola Como		This is architect Andrew Johnson's only early cottage style house in Como.



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HB-P-17 Taylor-Mansker House		Panola Como		This is the only extant brick residence designed by architect Andrew Johnson.
HB-P-18 Taylor-Wall-Yancy House		Panola Sardis		An Andrew Johnson design identical to the Craig-Seay House in Como.
HB-P-19 Walton-Howry House		Panola Sardis		The National Register nomination for this house describes it as the “culmination of (Andrew) Johnson's distinctive L-shaped cottage plan.”
HB-P-20 Wardlaw-Swango House		Panola Como		One of architect Andrew Johnson’s mature Queen Anne style houses.



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HB-P-21 The Well (Strickland Place)		Panola Sardis Vicinity		According to the National Register nomination, “the oldest extant structure in the county is an important representation of rural folkways in north central Mississippi. The classic dogtrot house is architecturally significant as a type which proliferated in Mississippi during the 19 th and early 20th centuries and has been called the characteristic farm dwelling of the Deep South.”
HB-SU-1 Dockery Farms Historic District		Sunflower Ruleville Vicinity		The Dockery Farms Foundation preserves this site and develops education programming. It describes the resource thus, “Dockery Farms is an excellent example of the Mississippi Delta plantation, an institution whose complex economic, racial and cultural worlds nurtured the Blues in uniquely powerful ways.”
HB-SU-2 Ruleville Depot		Sunflower Ruleville		The depot reflects the growth of Ruleville in passenger and freight rail traffic
HB-SU-3 Woodburn Bridge		Sunflower Indianola Vicinity		This tri partite bridge consists of one swinging through truss span and two Pratt through truss spans.


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HB-SU-4 Indianola Historic District		Sunflower Indianola		Indianola has a large historic district including downtown, Church Street, the African American business district and homes and churches.
HB-T-1 Lamb-Fish Bridge		Tallahatchie Charleston Vicinity		“The Lamb-Fish Bridge, built in 1905 by the American Bridge Company of New York, is significant to the history of engineering in Mississippi as the only known example of the vertical lift span system of bridge design... In 1932....with the loss of the lumber company, the railroad was no longer needed, and the bridge was abandoned. In the 1950s, the span was lowered, railroad ties were removed, and the structure was converted to a one-lane car and truck bridge.” (MDAH)
HB-T-2 Murphey-Jennings House		Tallahatchie Sumner		This 1904 house is an outstanding example of Colonial Revival architecture.



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HB-T-3 Mont Helena		Tallahatchie Rolling Fork		Built in 1896 by Helen Johnstone Harris and her husband, George Harris, an Episcopal minister, on land Helen had inherited. The first home burned before they could move in, so they had it rebuilt and moved in around 1900. The home was restored through the efforts on a descendant as well as the local community who perform “A Dream Revisited” each year as a fundraiser. Performances are always sold out. Tours of the house are given throughout the year by appointment.
HB-T-4 Tallahatchie County Second District Courthouse		Tallahatchie Sumner		In 1955, this 1910 Richardsonian Romanesque courthouse was the scene of the Emmet Till murder trial. Till, a 14 year old visiting from Chicago, allegedly whistled at a white woman. He was abducted and brutally murdered. Two local men were tried and the all-white jury acquitted them in less than an hour. The building received a 2002 Community Heritage Preservation Grant of \$100,000.
HB-TA-1 College Street Historic District		Tate Senatobia		This was listed on the National Register in 1994.
HB-TA-2 Downtown Senatobia Historic District		Tate Senatobia		This was listed on the National Register in 1994.

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HB-TA-3 McGehee Plantation		Tate Senatobia Vicinity		“The McGehee Plantation, built in 1856 for Abner McGehee, is an excellent example of Greek Revival architecture. The Greek Revival style was widely popular in Mississippi because many people viewed ancient Greece as the birthplace of democratic government. The two-story portico with triangular pediment is typical of the style. The interior is largely intact with faux wood grain doors with full entablatures and side trim with Greek ear design and entasis.” (MDAH)
HB-TA-4 North Park Street Historic District		Tate Senatobia		Listed on the National Register in 1994.
HB-TA-5 Panola Street North Historic District		Tate Senatobia		Listed on the National Register in 1994.
HB-TA-6 Panola Street South Historic District		Tate Senatobia		Listed on the National Register in 1994.
HB-TA-7 South Ward Street Historic District		Tate Senatobia		Listed on the National Register in 1994.
HB-TA-8 Southeast Senatobia Historic District		Tate Senatobia		Listed on the National Register in 1994.


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HB-TA-9 Tate County Agri High School Historic District		Tate Senatobia		Listed on the National Register in 1994.
HB-TA-10 Tate County Courthouse		Tate Senatobia		The courthouse was listed on the National Register of Historic Places “for its association with the career of James B. Cook (1826-1909) of Memphis. This building is the only known architect-designed structure surviving from the 19th Century in Tate County.”
HB-TU-1 Tunica Historic District		Tunica Tunica		Listed on the National Register in 2006.
HB-W-1 Aherm’s Belle of the Bends		Warren County Vicksburg 508 Klein St.		Italianate mansion on a bluff overlooking the Mississippi River. Has been restored. Currently a B&B. Tours offered.




National Register of Historic Places

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HB-W-2 Anchuca Historic Mansion and Inn		Warren County Vicksburg 1010 First St.		Built in 1830 by J.W. Maulding. Completed by Victor Wilson, coal and ice merchant, in 1847. Currently a B&B. Tours offered.
HB-W-3 Annabelle		Warren County Vicksburg 501 Speed St.		Built c. 1868 for Madison Klein. Victorian Italianate home located on the bluffs overlooking the Mississippi River. Currently a B&B. Tours offered.
HB-W-4 Baer House Inn		Warren County Vicksburg 1117 Grove St.		Built in 1870 by Lazarus Baer for his wife Leona. Currently a B&B. Tours offered.
HB-W-5 Balfour House		Warren County Vicksburg		“A two-story brick Greek Revival House with a one-story projecting portico and elegant distyle-in-antis frontispieces on both stories. Inside is a fine elliptical spiral staircase. The Balfour House is next door to the Pemberton House, which served as the Confederate headquarters during the siege of Vicksburg. The 2007 re-survey indicates rehab in 1980s and additional work to the exterior in 2007.” (MDAH)



National Register of Historic Places

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HB-W-6 Bazsinsky House		Warren County Vicksburg 1022 Monroe St.		Built c. 1861 by Joseph Bazsinsky as a townhouse. Remained a home for the Jewish family for four generations. Currently a B&B. Tours and event rentals.
HB-W-7 Beck House		Warren County Vicksburg		"A two-story brick Italianate L-front house with a one-story porch. Significant as the residence of R.F. Beck, a prominent figure in the commercial and political history of Vicksburg in the post-Civil War era. The structure is the most important residential example of the High Victorian Italianate style in the city." (MDAH)
HB-W-8 Belle Fleur		Warren County Vicksburg		"A hip-roofed, wood-frame, five-bay galleried cottage with a bracketed Italianate gallery with "pierced columns." Listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1992. (MDAH)
HB-W-9 Bethel AME Church		Warren County Vicksburg		Listed on the National Register in 1992, its nomination reads "Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church, constructed in 1912, the church is a locally significant example of auditorium-plan, Romanesque Revival religious architecture of the early 20 th century."


National Register of Historic Places

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HB-W-10 Beulah Cemetery		Warren County Vicksburg		“Beulah Cemetery is significant as one of the most intact historic properties associated with the growth and development of the African-American community of Vicksburg. From its establishment in 1884 until the 1940s, it was the most important cemetery for African-Americans in the Vicksburg area and remains today as an intact and visible landmark for the Black community.” (From the National Register nomination)
HB-W-11 Biedenharn Candy Company Building		Warren County Vicksburg		“The Biedenharn Candy Company building occupies a significant place in the commercial history of Vicksburg and in the industrial history of America. Here, in 1894, Joseph Augustus Biedenharn became the first person to bottle the popular fountain beverage, Coca-Cola.” (MDAH)
HB-W-12 Blum House		Warren County Vicksburg		This is an outstanding example of Neo-classical Revival style architecture.
HB-W-13 Isaac Bonham House (The Corners)		Warren County Vicksburg 601 Klein St.		Combines architectural styles from the Victorian era, classic Greek Revival and Italianate. Built c. 1869 by John Alexander Klein. Currently a B&B. Tours available.




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HB-W-14 Carr Junior High School		Warren County Vicksburg		Built in 1924, this is one of the most prominent surviving buildings designed by local architect William Stanton.
HB-W-15 Cedar Grove Mansion Inn & Restaurant		Warren County Vicksburg 2200 Oak St.		1840 Greek Revival mansion overlooking the Mississippi River. Five acres of formal gardens. Currently a B&B. Tours available.
HB-W-16 Church of the Holy Trinity		Warren County Vicksburg		“When it was completed in 1894, Holy Trinity was considered the finest ecclesiastical building in Mississippi, and it is significant today as the most outstanding example of the Romanesque Revival style in the state.” (MDAH)




National Register of Historic Places

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HB-W-17 Confederate Avenue Brick Arch Bridge		Warren County Vicksburg		“This bridge consists of one brick arch span. Although this type of bridge was relatively common throughout the United States during the early 20th century and earlier, this is the only known extant example in Mississippi.” (MDAH)
HB-W-18 Craig Flowers House		Warren County Vicksburg		“Completed in 1906, the Craig-Flowers House ... was built from architectural plans of W.W. Knowles of New York dated June 5, 1905. The house is significant for the high quality evident throughout the construction, the attention to detail, and the high level of craftsmanship exemplified by every view. This is one of the finest Tudor homes in Mississippi, and possibly in the South.” (MDAH)
HB-W-19 Davis-Mitchell House		Warren County Vicksburg		“A brick Italianate double-galleried town house, the Davis-Mitchell House is a fine example of the Italianate taste which dominated Vicksburg architecture during the Reconstruction period when much of the city was being repaired or rebuilt following the Civil War. The house was constructed in 1872 for Lucy Bradford Mitchell, a niece of Jefferson Davis and the wife of a locally prominent physician, Charles Jouett Mitchell.” (MDAH)




National Register of Historic Places

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HB-W-20 Fairground Street Bridge		Warren County Vicksburg		“This bridge consists of two Pratt through truss spans, the most commonly used type of truss in Mississippi during the late 19th and early 20th centuries. In addition, this is the oldest known surviving bridge in Mississippi and the only one with Phoenix columns.”(MDAH)
HB-W-21 Feld House		Warren County Vicksburg		“The Feld House is one of the most architecturally significant residences of early 20 th Century Mississippi. In Mississippi, the Neo-Classical Revival style was most often expressed in domestic architecture in terms of a lingering Colonial Revival taste. In the Feld House, however, the Palladian arches, piazzas, wide bracketed eaves, and its prominent blue tile roof evoke a Mediterranean connotation and reject Colonial Revival themes.” (MDAH)
HB-W-22 Fitz-Hugh Hall		Warren County Vicksburg		The National Register nomination for this house states, “Fitz-Hugh Hall is Vicksburg's most significant Neo-classical Revival residence.”




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HB-W-23 Flowerree		Warren County Vicksburg		“"Flowerree" is named for Charles C. Flowerree who was born on October 26, 1842 in Fauquier County, Virginia. After serving with distinction in the Civil War, he received the honor of being a Colonel before reaching the age of 18. Colonel Flowerree made his home in Vicksburg in 1866.” (MDAH)
HB-W-24 Fonsylvania		Warren County Vicksburg		“Fonsylvania is significant as a residential expression of antebellum plantation architecture in Warren County exhibiting a strong alliance to the emerging formal Greek Revival style while retaining significance features of its basically vernacular origins.” (MDAH)
HB-W-25 Fort St. Pierre Site		Warren County Vicksburg		Listed as a National Historic Landmark.
HB-W-26 The Galleries		Warren County Vicksburg		“Historically significant because of its association with the Bowmar and Dabney families of Vicksburg, Mississippi, the Galleries is also architecturally important as an example of post-Civil War residential building in that city.” (MDAH)





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HB-W-27 Duff Green Mansion		Warren County Vicksburg 1114 First East St.		Three-story mansion built by slave labor. Used as a hospital for Confederate and Union soldiers. Currently a B&B. Tours available.
HB-W-28 George Washington Ball House		Warren County Vicksburg 921 Main St.		Built in 1822. Located in Vicksburg's oldest neighborhood. Fully restored in 2004. Currently a B&B. Tours available.
HB-W-29 Grove Street- Jackson Street Historic District		Warren County Vicksburg		Listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 2007.
HB-W-30 Guider House		Warren County Vicksburg		"The Guider House is a typical example of a Greek Revival style cottage constructed in Vicksburg before the Civil War. It is particularly significant because it retains its rear dependencies with undercut galleries." (MDAH)
HB-W-31 P.M. Harding House		Warren County Vicksburg		The Harding-Johnson House is one of Vicksburg's two best Tudor Revival style houses. The design was by St. Louis architect Theodore Link.



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HB-W-32 Hotel Vicksburg		Warren County Vicksburg		“Termed a "modest skyscraper" upon its completion, the Hotel Vicksburg remains the tallest building in Vicksburg. Its exterior is well-detailed in the Colonial Revival style, while its interior, which is almost totally intact, combines Colonial Revival with Art Deco motifs. Construction of the hotel in 1928 was funded almost entirely with local capital and represented not only the growth and progress of Vicksburg in that decade, but also the city planning efforts of local businessmen.” (MDAH)
HB-W-33 Martha Vick House		Warren County Vicksburg 1300 Grove St.		Built in 1830 for the daughter of Vicksburg’s founder, Newit Vick. Has been restored. Tours available.
HB-W-34 Hullum-Mallett Brewer House		Warren County Redbone Vicinity		“The Hullum-Mallett-Brewer House is one of the oldest extant structures in Warren County. ... This example has survived virtually intact without numerous additions or disfiguring alterations.” (MDAH)

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HB-W-35 John Lane House		Warren County Vicksburg		“A four-bay wood-frame galleried cottage on a full-story brick raised basement, with ‘pierced columns,’ the John Lane House is a distinctive example of the modest dwellings built in the Lower Mississippi Valley in the first third of the 19th century.” (MDAH)
HB-W-36 Lockett Compound		Warren County Vicksburg		“The Lockett Compound is a unique ensemble of buildings in downtown Vicksburg. A complex of three antebellum, vernacular Greek Revival buildings and a fourth newer building, the layout of the four buildings is unusual in that they apparently were separate structures designed for separate functions.” (MDAH)
HB-W-37 The Magnolias		Warren County Vicksburg		“A wood-frame double-galleried Italianate townhouse with ‘pierced columns’ The Magnolias is a locally significant example of Victorian architecture. Built between 1877 and 1880, it has been kept in excellent condition including its setting.” (MDAH)
HB-W-38 Magruder- Morrissey House		Warren County Vicksburg		“In its original form, as built in 1851, this house was a Greek Revival I-house of brick construction, with a narrow, double-tiered distyle portico...Sometime after 1869 it was remodeled to its present Italianate character.” (MDAH)

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HB-W-39 Main Street Historic District		Warren County Vicksburg		Listed on the National Register in 1984.
HB-W-40 McNutt House		Warren County Vicksburg 815 First East St.		Built in 1826. Second oldest home in the downtown district listed on the National Register. Also a Mississippi and Warren County Landmark. Tours and rentals.
HB-W-41 Mississippi River Bridge		Warren County Vicksburg		“Cantilevered truss bridges were relatively late in origin in Mississippi. This particular bridge was constructed between 1928 and 1930 and is the oldest known bridge of its type in the state.” (MDAH)
HB-W-42 Old Courthouse Museum		Warren County Vicksburg		“The Old Warren County Courthouse, constructed between 1859-1861, became the symbol of Confederate resistance during the siege of Vicksburg because of its large size and prominent hilltop position. Following the surrender of the city on July 4, 1863, Union forces under Major General U. S. Grant replaced the Confederate flag with the Union flag on the Courthouse cupola, signifying the Union victory.... Substantially unchanged after more than a century, now maintained as a museum, remains today not only a symbol of the siege of Vicksburg, but an example of late Greek Revival style.” (From the National Register nomination – National Historic Landmark)



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HB-W-43 Pemberton's Headquarters		Warren County Vicksburg	National Park Service	"During most of the 47-day siege of Vicksburg, beginning in late May 1863, Confederate commander Lt. Gen. John C. Pemberton and members of his staff occupied this large house in the center of the city as their headquarters. In this house, July 3, 1863, Pemberton held a council of his chief officers to discuss plans for capitulation, prior to his decision to surrender. Acquired by the National Park Service as part of the Vicksburg National Military Park in August 2003." (MDAH - National Historic Landmark)
HB-W-44 Planter's Hall		Warren County Vicksburg		"This two-story gable-front brick building was originally a bank on the lower story and a residence for the bank manager upstairs (1819-20). After many years of use as a private home, it was acquired by the Vicksburg Council of Garden Clubs in 1956. It was sold in 1997 to be used again as a private home." (MDAH)
HB-W-45 Adolph Rose Building		Warren County Vicksburg		"From 1934 to 1966 the Strand Theater operated in the eastern half of the lower stories of this building. From the early 1990s until the spring of 2003 the film "The Vanishing Glory" about Vicksburg in the Civil War, was shown there. The theater reopened as a commercial theater in April 2004." (MDAH – ca. 1890)




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HB-W-46 St. Francis Xavier Convent		Warren County Vicksburg		Home of the Southern Culture Heritage Foundation which states, "The Cultural Center, formerly the St. Francis Xavier Convent and Academy, is one of the most architecturally and historically significant city blocks in downtown Vicksburg. It is composed of five buildings representing a chronology of American architectural history between 1830 and 1955."
HB-W-47 Shlenker House		Warren County Vicksburg 2212 Cherry St.		Built in 1907. A Mississippi and Warren County Landmark. Designed in the Prairie style, it was built by D.J. Shlenker, a prominent Jewish businessman. Has been restored. Currently a B&B. Tours available.
HB-W-48 South Cherry Street Historic District		Warren County Vicksburg		Listed on the National Register in 2003.
HB-W-49 Uptown Vicksburg Historic District		Warren County Vicksburg		Historic district includes a mix of retail shops, restaurants, museums, art galleries, housing and other businesses. An active Main Street Program recruits new businesses and promotes the downtown.




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HB-W-50 Vicksburg National Military Park		Warren County Vicksburg		The park, established in 1899, commemorates the Vicksburg Campaign of the Civil War, a critical turning point in the conflict.
HB-W-51 Old Vicksburg Public Library		Warren County Vicksburg		Built in 1916 by architect Edward Tilton. The National Register nomination states “The Old Vicksburg Public Library...exhibits an outstanding design that represents the highlight of development during Vicksburg’s boom period.” It currently houses city offices.
HB-W-52 Walnut Hills		Warren County Vicksburg		“A hip-roofed, wood-frame, five-bay galleried cottage with a bracketed Italianate gallery with “pierced columns.” In Mississippi, the Italianate style was most widely and diversely employed in the city of Vicksburg.” (MDAH)
HB-W-53 Waterways Experiment Station Historic District		Warren County Vicksburg		Listed on the National Register in 2000.




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HB-W-54 Yazoo &Mississippi Valley Depot		Warren County Vicksburg		“Designed by the firm of D.H. Burnham & Co. of Chicago, the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley Depot is an architecturally significant example of the influence of the Georgian Revival style on public buildings ... The structure is also representative of the increased economic prosperity of the region (MDAH). In 2012, the renovations were completed and the site opened as a museum and offices for the Vicksburg CVB and Vicksburg Main Street Program.
HB-W-55 Yokena Presbyterian Church		Warren County Vicksburg		“Although this church appears on the exterior to be a simple vernacular church, it has a very ornate beaded-board interior with hammer-beam trusses. Dedicated in 1886, the Yokena Presbyterian Church is one of Mississippi's unique expressions of rural, vernacular, ecclesiastical architecture. “ (MDAH)
HB-W-56 Young-Bradfield House		Warren County Vicksburg		“In the architectural history of Vicksburg, the Young-Bradfield House, a brick Italianate townhouse, represents the construction activities which rebuilt that strategic city after its near destruction during the Civil War. The residential architecture of the period was largely expressed in a local interpretation of the Italianate style The side hall plan exemplified by the house is a rare surviving example in the state.” (MDAH)




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HB-Was-1 Bank of Washington		Washington County Greenville		“This two-story, yellow-brick building with ashlar finish trim was built in 1903 and is one of the city's only two examples of the Beaux Arts style.” (MDAH)
HB-Was-2 Belmont		Washington County Wayside		“Built for William W. Worthington, this is one of the few antebellum houses left standing in the Mississippi Delta.” (MDAH)
HB-Was-3 First National Bank of Greenville		Washington County Greenville		“The first federally chartered bank in Washington County and is today one of the oldest federally chartered banks in continuous operation in the state. Addition to east added in 1971.” (MDAH)
HB-Was-4 Gamwyn Park Historic District		Washington County Greenville		Listed on the National Register in 2004.
HB-Was-5 Greenville Downtown Historic District		Washington County Greenville		Listed on the National Register in 1997.

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HB-Was-6 Hollyknowe		Washington County Leland Vicinity		“A large, rambling, asymmetrical 2½-story house with stuccoed walls and a tile roof, The Hollyknowe Plantation house is significant locally for its distinctive architectural character. Built about 1922, it is a rare instance for its time of the use of the "modern" stylistic traits of the 1920s for a plantation resident in the architecturally conservative rural areas of the Mississippi Delta. “ (MDAH)
HB-Was-7 Leavenworth- Wasson-Carroll House		Washington County Greenville		“The Leavenworth-Wasson-Carroll House, a very interesting two-story "half-timbered" Eastern Craftsman style house based on a plan published in The Craftsman in 1906, was built around 1913 for George Leavenworth. Its style certainly sets it apart from any other early 20 th century residence in Greenville, and perhaps in the state. The house is also significant for its historic associations with prominent leaders in the community over the years.” (MDAH)
HB-Was-8 Linden		Washington County Glen Allen Vicinity		“Linden, located on the site of the first permanent residence in Washington County, is one of the finest documented Colonial Revival houses in Washington County. The house reflects the prominence of the original owner, P.O. Mann, a wealthy planter and political figure.” (MDAH)




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HB-Was-9 Mount Holly		Washington County Foote Vicinity		“One of few remaining antebellum houses of mansion scale in the Delta and one of the best Mississippi examples of the Italian villa style, this is a large, asymmetrical rural Italianate villa. Its design was based on a published design by Calvert Vaux.” (MDAH)
HB-Was-10 Old Delta Democrat Times Bldg		Washington County Greenville		“The old Delta Democrat Times Building, built c.1881, is significant for its historic association with the development of Greenville. Also, it is one of the few surviving late 19 th century commercial buildings left in the downtown area after Urban Renewal. “ (MDAH)
HB-Was-11 U.S. Post Office		Washington County Leland		“The U.S. Post Office in Leland, Mississippi, built in 1938, is significant as one of 32 constructed in the state with Public Works Administration funds during the Great Depression. It was designed by the Office of the Supervising Architect.” (MDAH)
HB-Was-12 Washington Avenue-Main Street Historic District		Washington County Greenville		Listed on the National Register in 1984.


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HB-Was-13 Wetherbee House		Washington County Greenville		“As the single residence remaining on Greenville's primary downtown thoroughfare, the Wetherbee House is a rare example of the modest cottage type of domestic architecture common to this town in the decades following the Civil War. It stands as a concrete reminder of the town's post-war re-establishment as a commercial center for the Delta region.” (MDAH)
HB-Y-1 Afro-American Sons and Daughters Hospital		Yazoo County Yazoo City		“The Afro-American Sons and Daughters was a fraternal organization formed to provide medical care to its members and others... The hospital opened in 1928... This was the first hospital built in Mississippi specifically to serve African Americans during the era of segregation. By the time it closed in 1972, thousands of African American patients had received free medical care at the facility.” (MDAH)
HB-Y-2 Bull Homestead		Yazoo County Benton Vicinity		“This farmstead is notable primarily for its remarkably intact early residence (built in 1835; enlarged 1840s) which is a rare and exceptionally intact house of this age for central Mississippi. The farmstead also contains several barns and outbuildings, mostly from the early 20 th century, and an early family cemetery.” (MDAH)

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HB-Y-3 Big John Hart House		Yazoo County Yazoo City Vicinity		The National Register nomination for the house states, “The "Big" John Hart House is a good example of rural Greek Revival architecture that derives particular distinction from its surviving original decorative painting. “
HB-Y-4 Home Place (Champagne)		Yazoo County Benton Vicinity		According to the National Register nomination, “Home Place is significant as a typical example of mid-19th century Yazoo County plantation architecture and as the home of pioneer settler Richard Swayze, whose family has owned the house for five generations.”
HB-Y-5 Augustus J. Oakes House		Yazoo County Yazoo City		“A. J. Oakes (1854-1924) was a locally prominent black businessman, educator, and civic leader. The house now serves as a museum and cultural center.” (MDAH)

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HB-Y-6 Ricks Memorial Library		Yazoo County Yazoo City		“Begun in 1900 and completed in 1902, the Ricks Memorial Library, designed by architect Alfred Zucker (by then practicing in New York), is one of the earliest and most notable examples of Beaux Arts public architecture in the state. Substantially enlarged some years ago, it continues to serve as a public library. The collections of the Yazoo Library Association, which was founded in 1838, are housed in the building, which was donated to the Association by Mrs. Fannie Ricks in memory of her husband General B.S. Ricks.” (MDAH)
HB-Y-7 Yazoo City Town Center Historic District		Yazoo County Yazoo City		Listed on the National Register in 1979.