RESOURCE NUMBER & NAME	PHOTOGRAPH (if available)	LOCATION (county & additional info.)	OWNER	REMARKS (history, condition, status, historic designation, etc.)
IM-B-1 Adath Israel Temple		Bolivar County Cleveland 201 S. Bolivar Ave.	Private	This temple's congregation was organized in 1923. This 1927 Synagogue was built in the Byzantine style and designated to the National Register of Historic Places in 2002. Jews are buried in the Cleveland Cemetery but there is no special land set aside for their burial.
IM-B-2 Chinese Mission School historic marker	THE CLEVELAND CHINESE MISSION SCHOOL Paunded in 1877 by parenta, Cleveland First Beptist Charch, and commantly leaders to provide an industillar for children of Chinese desemi who were evoluded from sees schools by the 1927 US Supreme Court deckelen, Gorg Lau w free Students in grade 1-12 were free roundered in English and Chinese thermodel in English and Chinese thermodel decident by WWIL as Chinese thermodel decident in 1921. The halfding constance as the chinese Saptist Church constance as the chinese Saptist Church and was demallabed in 2023.	Bolivar County Cleveland		The school was founded in 1937 for children of Chinese descent who were not allowed to attend area white schools. The school closed in 1951 as children were admitted to white schools. The building continued to be used for the Chinese Baptist Church until it was demolished in 2003.
IM-B-3 County Courthouse		Bolivar County Rosedale		The courthouse was the scene of a lawsuit brought by Gon Lum that was ultimately adjudicated by the U.S. Supreme Court in 1927 (Gong Lum vs. Rice) that allowed states to segregate races in schools.
IM-B-4 Jewish Cemetery		Bolivar County Cleveland		Located adjacent to the white cemetery,

IM-C-1 Hopson Planting Company	Coahoma County Clarksdale area Hwy. 49, just south of Clarksdale	Shack-Up Inn	According to the historic marker: In 1944 this company became the first ever to plant, harvest and bale cotton entirely by machinery. This new mechanization (and reduced need for labor) was a major factor in triggering the "great migration" of African Americans to factory jobs in the north. This property is now home to the Shack-Up Inn, a B&B housed in restored shacks.
IM-C-2 Clarksdale Train Station	Coahoma County Downtown Clarksdale		Built in 1926, Muddy Waters left the Delta from this station in 1943. Many others left from here during the Great Migration, and Civil Rights protests occurred here during the 1960s.
IM-C-3 Rest Haven Restaurant	Coahoma County Clarksdale Old Hwy. 61	Private	The restaurant is operated by Lebanese immigrants and is known for serving dishes such as kibbe and vine leaves.
IM-C-4 Abe's Barbecue	Coahoma County Clarksdale Corner of Old Hwy. 61 and Hwy. 49	Private	The restaurant has been in business since 1924. It was founded by Abraham Davis who arrived in Mississippi from Lebanon in 1913.
IM-C-5 Beth Israel Cemetery	Coahoma County Clarksdale Corner of Friar's Point Road and Lee Drive		Jewish cemetery dating to the late 1930s. "Beth" means "house" in Hebrew – the cemetery is the House of Israel. From the 1930s to the 1970s, Clarksdale had one of the largest Jewish populations in Mississippi.

RESOURCE NUMBER & NAME	PHOTOGRAPH (if available)	LOCATION (county & additional info.)	OWNER	REMARKS (history, condition, status, historic designation, etc.)
IM-D-1 Felix Labauve House		DeSoto County Hernando 2769 Magnolia Drive	Private	LaBauve immigrated to Mississippi from France in 1815. A Democrat, he served in the State Legislature in 1843, 1845 and 1866. Labauve was in the mercantile business and studied law, but was better known as the editor of <i>The Phoenix</i> , an early Desoto County newspaper, now known as the <i>DeSoto Times Today</i> . The house is listed on the National Register of Historic Places and is a private home.
IM-H-1 Momma's Dream World		Humphreys 307 Central Belzoni		Museum features artistic stitched pictures created by Ethel Wright Mohamed whose husband, Hassan Mohamed, immigrated to America from Syria in 1911.
IM-L-1 Ralph Lembo's Store		Leflore County Itta Bena 114 Humphreys Street		Now vacant, this store once sold furniture and music. It was established by Ralph Lembo, a Sicilian immigrant. He brought Blind Lemon Jefferson there for a performance in 1927, and he auditioned Rubin Lacy and Bukka White there in the 1920s and 30s. Lembo helped the Mississippi Sheiks get a recording session with Okeh Records.

RESOURCE NUMBER & NAME IM-WA-1	PHOTOGRAPH (if available)	LOCATION (county & additional info.) Washington	OWNER	REMARKS (history, condition, status, historic designation, etc.) The church has a small museum dedicated
First Baptist Church		County, 407 Main St. Greenville		to the Baptist mission work among the Delta Chinese.
IM-W-1 Anshe Chesed Cemetery		Warren County Vicksburg Grove and Hope Street		Jewish cemetery dates to 1864. A lunette fortification was built here by the Confederacy. On May 19 and 22, 1863, it was the site of fierce fighting. The property was sold to the Anshe Chesed Congregration in 1864.
IM-W-2 Bazsinsky House		Warren County Vicksburg 1022 Monroe St.	Private	Built c. 1861 by Joseph Bazsinsky as a town house, it remained a home for the Jewish family for four generations. It is currently a B&B. Tours and event rentals are available.
IM-W-3 Shlenker House	Freedom -	Warren County Vicksburg 2212 Cherry St.	Private	Built in 1907, it is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. It is also a Mississippi and Warren County Landmark. Designed in the Prairie style, it was built by D.J. Shlenker, a prominent Jewish businessman. It has been restored and is currently a B&B. Tours are available.

RESOURCE NUMBER & NAME	PHOTOGRAPH (if available)	LOCATION (county & additional info.)	OWNER	REMARKS (history, condition, status, historic designation, etc.)
IM-Was-1 Hebrew Union Temple		Washington County Greenville 504 Main Street	Hebrew Union Temple	This congregation was organized in 1880, and it was once the state's largest Jewish temple. Two of Greenville's early mayors, the first merchants, public officials, leaders in literature, education, business, law and civic affairs worshipped here. Replacing a wooden temple built in 1882, the present temple was built in 1906.
IM-Was-1 Greenville Jewish Cemetery		Washington County Greenville Main Street		The Jewish cemetery is located at the north end of the Greenville Cemetery and has a separate entrance.
IM-Was-2 Doe's Eat Place		Washington County Greenville 502 Nelson Street		Founded by Italian immigrants, it is best known for its tamales and steaks. It was a favorite of Elvis Presley and President Bill Clinton. It was reportedly a speakeasy in the 1930s.
IM-Was-3 Little Italy	"LITTLE ITALY (LA PICCOLO ITAL) By 1920 thus cathern wetting the city of Greenville was known as Little taly by the Italian appealing immigrants who settled as peaking immigrants who settled and the Miss Delta. These immigrants cadared social at well as physical hardships in achieving the American Dream. This marker is dedicated to their pietts of peide and (celebrates their legal).	Washington County Greenville Main Street and Italian Club Road	Multiple property owners	Located in the southern part of Greenville, this area was known as "Little Italy" by 1920 because of the many Italian immigrants living in this area. A marker interprets, in particular, their social and physical hardships.

RESOURCE NUMBER & NAME	PHOTOGRAPH (if available)	LOCATION (county & additional info.)	OWNER	REMARKS (history, condition, status, historic designation, etc.)
IM-Was-4 Solomon Century of History Museum at Hebrew Union Temple		Washington County Greenville 504 Main Street	Hebrew Union Temple	The Century of History Museum details the contributions and culture of Greenville's Jewish residents since 1867. Important memorabilia, as well as stories and photographs, are displayed.
IM-Was-5 Chinese Cemeteries		Washington County Greenville South Main Street		Two cemeteries are located in Greenville in close proximity near downtown Greenville. The headstones are written in Chinese.
Chinese grocery stores		Throughout the Delta		There are many buildings that once housed Chinese groceries that still have ghost writing on the exterior to identify them.