

Dominion Energy Virginia Crystal City Substation Oil Spill

Annual Report



July 2019

PREPARED BY:

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Park Service

District of Columbia Department of Energy and Environment

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality



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June 2018 – May 2019

Background

On January 24, 2016 a transformer tank rupture at the Crystal City Substation (CCS), owned and operated by Virginia Electric and Power Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Virginia¹ (DEV), resulted in the discharge of approximately 13,500 gallons of mineral oil dielectric fluid. The Crystal City Substation is located at 18th Street South and South Fern Street in Arlington County, Virginia. Abatement documents report 11,120 gallons of oil were recovered from spill containment facilities and concrete vaults that prevented product from leaving CCS property². An undetermined quantity of oil was observed off the CCS property in the Roaches Run Waterfowl Sanctuary (RRWS) within the George Washington Memorial Parkway and an oil sheen was reported in the Potomac River between I-395 and the Woodrow Wilson Bridge, a distance of 7.4 miles downstream of the CCS. This discharge is referred to as the Dominion Energy Virginia Crystal City Station Oil Spill, hereinafter referred to as the DEV CCS Spill.

Oil from the DEV CCS Spill injured migratory birds and their habitats. Additionally, the presence of DEV CCS Spill response activities in the Gravelly Point Parking area in George Washington Memorial Parkway resulted in lost visitor use.

The United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the National Park Service; the Department of Energy and Environment (DOEE); and the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality are the natural resource Trustees for this spill. The Damage Assessment and Restoration Plan/Environmental Compliance Analysis ([Final DARP/ECA](#)) was prepared by natural resource trustees to restore natural resources and resource services injured or lost due to the discharge of oil from the DEV CCS. The DARP/ECA informed the public about the natural resource injuries caused by the DEV CCS Spill and restoration alternatives that compensate for those injuries.

The Trustees evaluated a range of restoration alternatives that address specific injuries associated with the DEV CCS Spill that may compensate the public for the injury to natural resources and the loss of resource services pending restoration. The Trustees have identified a preferred restoration alternative of habitat enhancement in Roaches Run Waterfowl Sanctuary (Figure 1) along with educational signs to enhance the visitor experience and understanding of the habitat and waterfowl.

¹ DEV is a state regulated business unit of the parent company Dominion Energy, Inc.

² An estimated additional 1,967 gallons of oil entrained in soil and gravel were also recovered from the CCS facility. The Initial Abatement Report dated February 26, 2016 and associated DEV response to DOEE's request for additional information contains a detailed description of the spill and oil recovery.

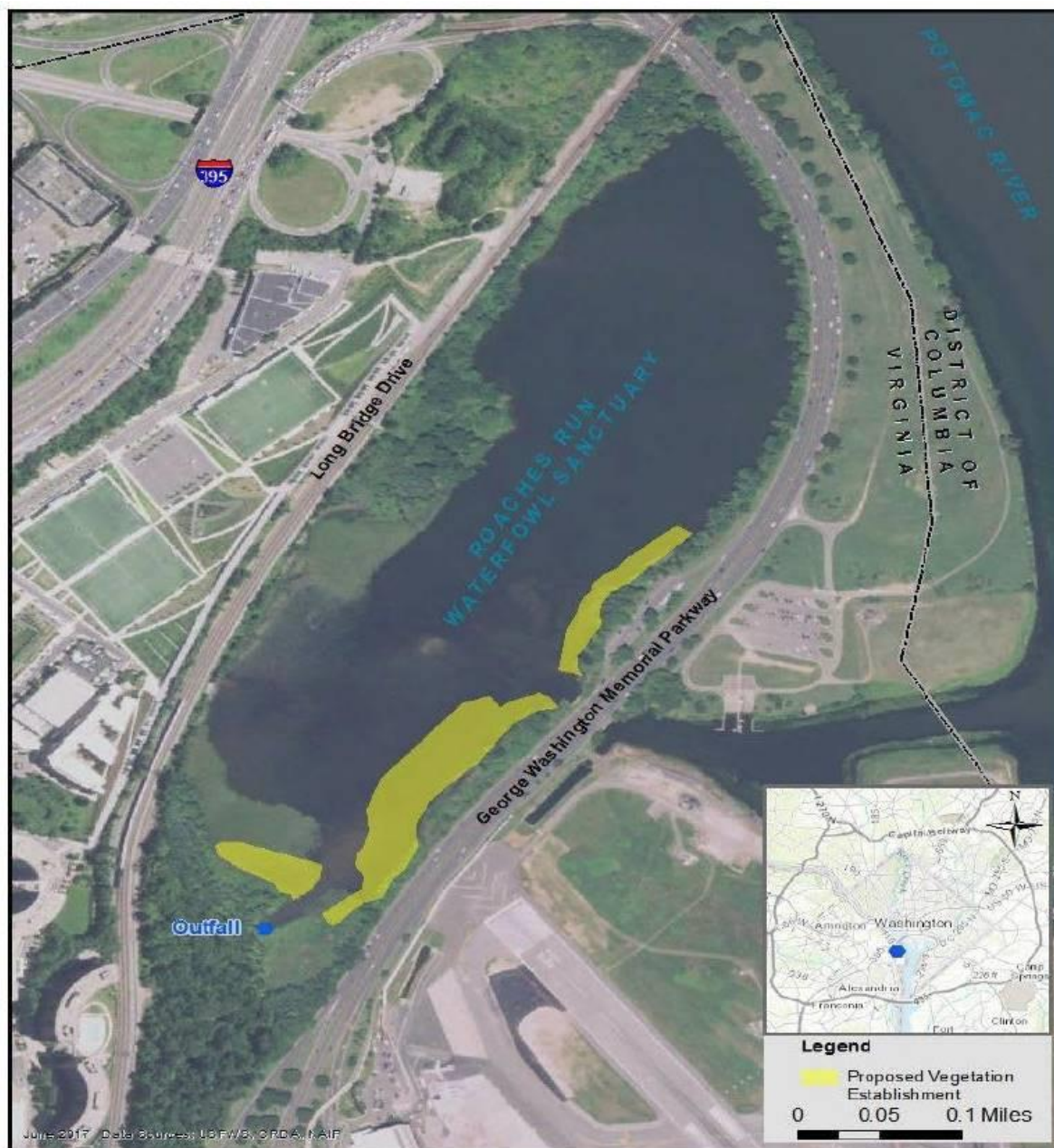


Figure 1. Location of Proposed Native Wetland Vegetation Establishment in Roaches Run Waterfowl Sanctuary, DARP/ECA March 2018.

A settlement agreement reached on May 15, 2018, among the Trustees and the parties responsible for the spill, resolved claims for natural resource damages. The settlement included total payment of \$390,385 to the Trustees for the following: 1) \$63,207 to oversee restoration implementation, 2) \$314,675 for the Roaches Run Vegetative Planting, and 3) \$12,503 for education signage related to lost recreation use of the Mount Vernon Trail and Potomac River.

Educational Signage

Project Overview

As part of the restoration project, two educational signs are to be installed in the parking area of the Roaches Run Waterfowl Sanctuary (Figure 2) and a separate regulatory sign at Gravelly Point. One educational sign will highlight the history of Roaches Run, while the other will focus on the unique habitat and the bird and wildlife species that are present. The sign at Gravelly Point will focus on discouraging the public from feeding and attracting wildlife. The signs will adhere to NPS sign standards.



Figure 2. Proposed Location of Wayside and Educational Signs.

Project Status

A contract to make and install the signs was awarded on May 28, 2019.

Enhancement of Habitat at Roaches Run Waterfowl Sanctuary

Project Overview

Alternative 3 in the DARP/ECA describes planting approximately 5.3 acres of cattails and other native vegetation in RRWS to enhance the function of freshwater wetlands. The additional vegetation would enhance existing waterfowl, wading bird, and shorebird habitat within the waterfowl sanctuary. The additional habitat will also benefit multiple wetland resources such as benthic invertebrates, fisheries, and improve overall water quality within RRWS and in the Potomac River.

Plant establishment will occur at a site north of Runway 15-33 associated with Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport. The enhancement site and vegetation species selection are designed to discourage any potential aircraft-bird strikes that may occur as a result of the project. Narrowleaf cattail (*Typha angustifolia*) and arrow arum (*Peltandra virginica*) have the ability to form thick continuous stands that are undesirable to the four bird species (Canada Geese, Gulls, Hawks, and Vultures) most commonly involved in aircraft strikes (MOU 2003). Use of these plant species is intended to reduce the occurrence of these bird species at the area of RRWS associated with the north end of Runway 15-33. Further efforts involve the use of temporary enclosures with netting to prohibit use of the enhancement area by birds, mammals, and reptiles until plants are fully established and mature. The expectation is that at a mature stage of plant establishment the restoration area will not be desirable to bird species most commonly involved in aircraft strikes.

Qualitative monitoring shall be conducted periodically following the growing season after the initial planting. Monitoring will ensure that the enclosures are still intact and performing adequately, measure for native plant survival and colonization by invasive non-native undesirable species. One year after the initial planting, the plant survival shall be assessed and, if needed, dead plants will be replaced. Monitoring shall be conducted for a period of 5 years or until successful plant establishment has been achieved.

Project Status

A contract for planting, monitoring, and maintenance was awarded on May 28, 2019. The cost of wetland enhancement was greater than anticipated so the project scope was reduced from the original plan of 5.2 acres to 3.0 acres. Figure 3 shows the 3.0-acre project area. The Trustees discussed the reduction and concurred with the reduction in planting area that maximized the restoration acreage within the given budget.



Figure 3. The 3.0-Acre Project Location to be Planted is Outline in Red.

Funding Summary

The Trustees signed Resolution #1 on May 16, 2018 that authorized the release of funds from the DEV CCS account in the DOI Restoration Fund. The Resolution included funds for restoration as outlined in the DARP/ECA along with funds for restoration planning, implementation, and monitoring. Table 1 shows the disbursements by Trustee and the balance of funds in the DOI Restoration Fund. The status of funds for the NPS restoration account is presented in Table 2 for this reporting period.

Table 1. DOI Restoration Fund Activity and Balance for this Reporting Period

DOI Restoration Fund						
Annual Reporting Period Jun 18 - May 19	Settlement	Funds Disbursed				Fund Balance
		NPS	FWS	DOEE	DEQ	
Restoration						
Wetland Restoration	\$314,675	\$314,675	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Signage	\$12,503	\$12,503	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Funds reallocated from Oversight		\$8,000				
NPS Funds		\$14,241				
Totals:	\$327,178	\$349,419				\$0
Management						
Oversight	\$63,207	\$15,000	\$4,375	\$0	\$0	\$43,832
Funds reallocated to Restoration		-\$8,000				
Totals:	\$63,207	\$7,000	\$4,375	\$0	\$0	\$43,832

Table 2. NPS Project Account Activity and Balance for this Reporting Period

NPS Project Account			
Annual Reporting Period Jun 18 - May 19	Funds Received	Spent ¹	Project Balance
Restoration			
Wetland Restoration	\$314,675	\$314,675	\$0
Signage	\$12,503	\$12,503	\$0
Funds reallocated from Oversight	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$0
NPS Funds	\$14,241	\$14,241	\$0
Totals:	\$349,419	\$349,419	\$0
Management			
Oversight	\$15,000	\$6,015	\$985
Funds reallocated to Restoration	-\$8,000	\$8,000	\$0
Totals:	\$7,000	\$14,015	\$985

¹. Restoration funds obligated on contract