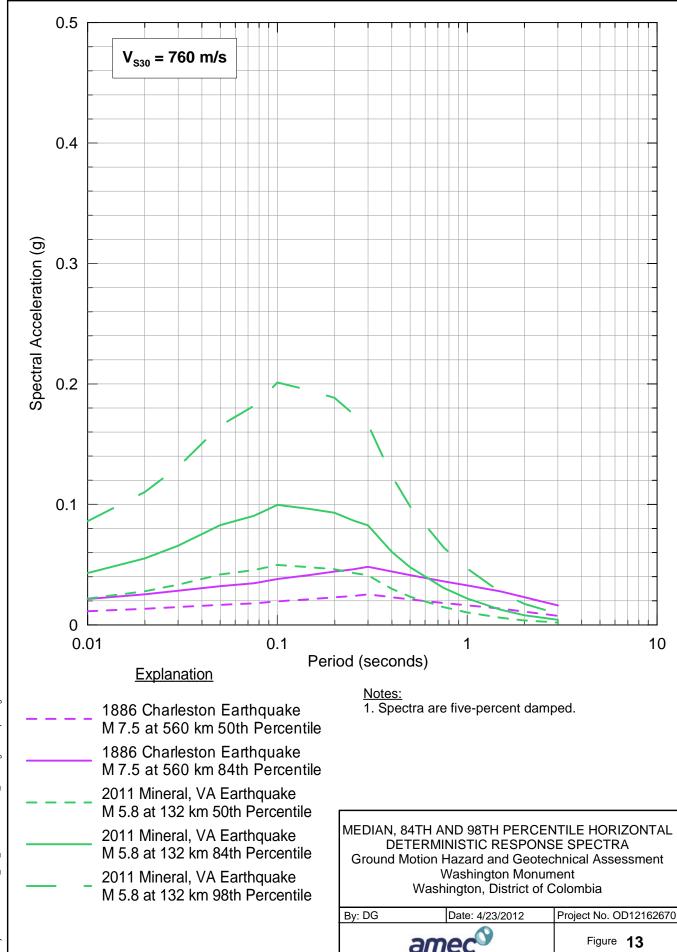
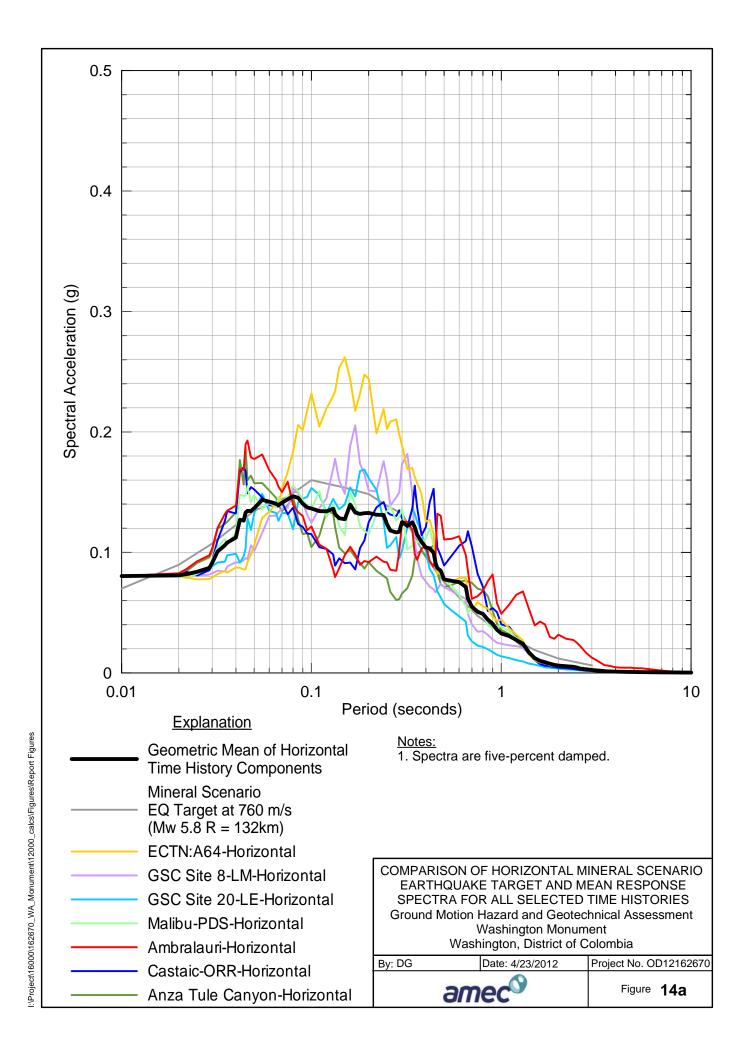
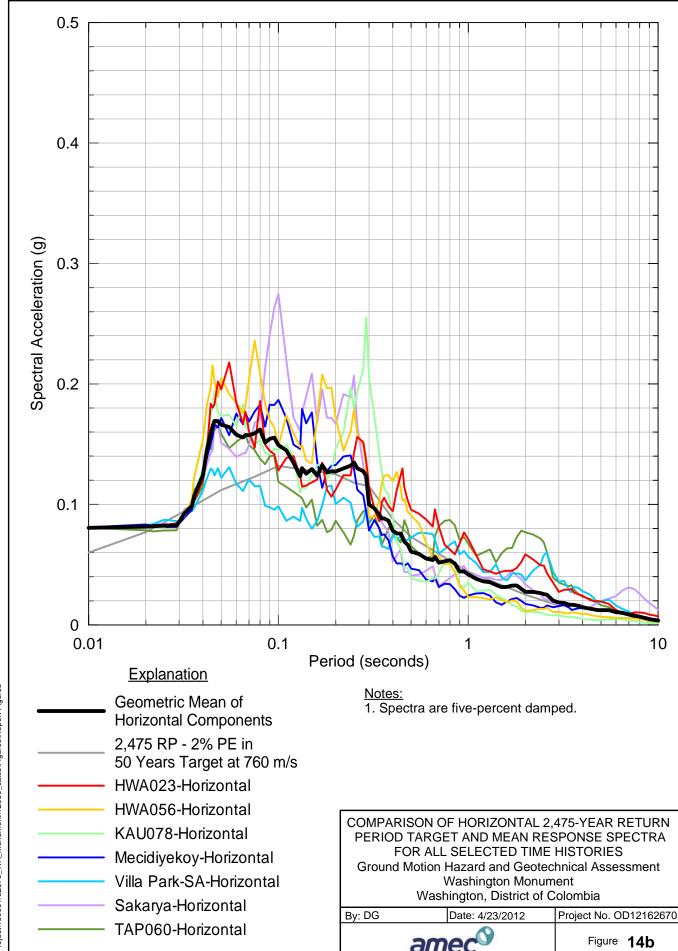
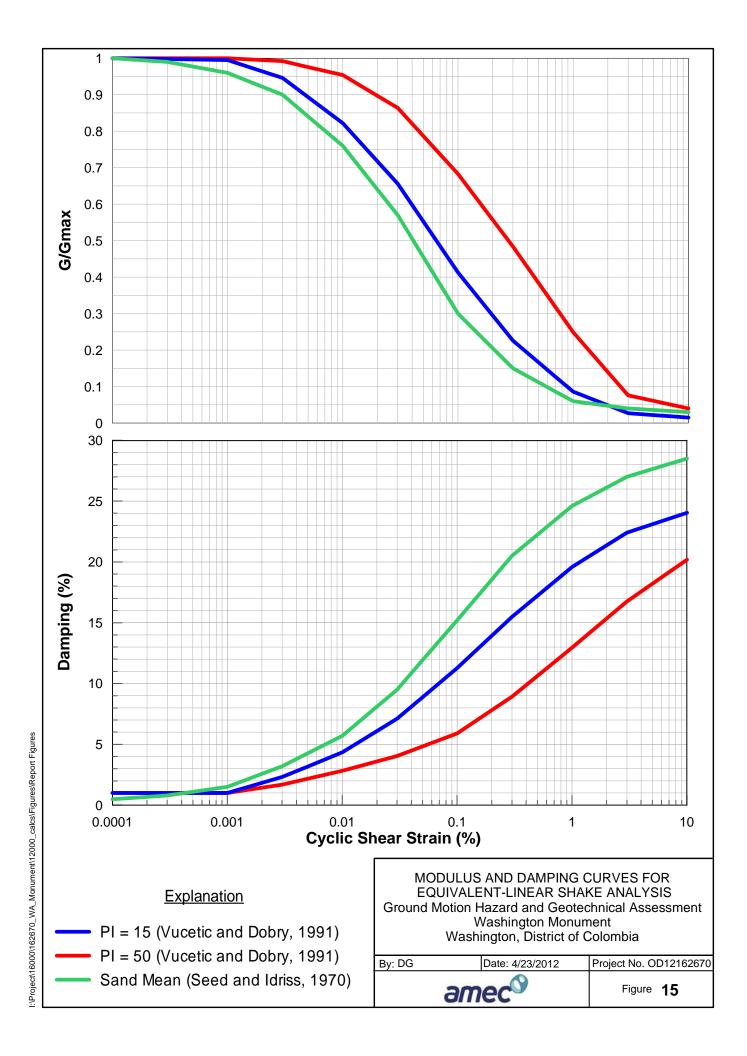


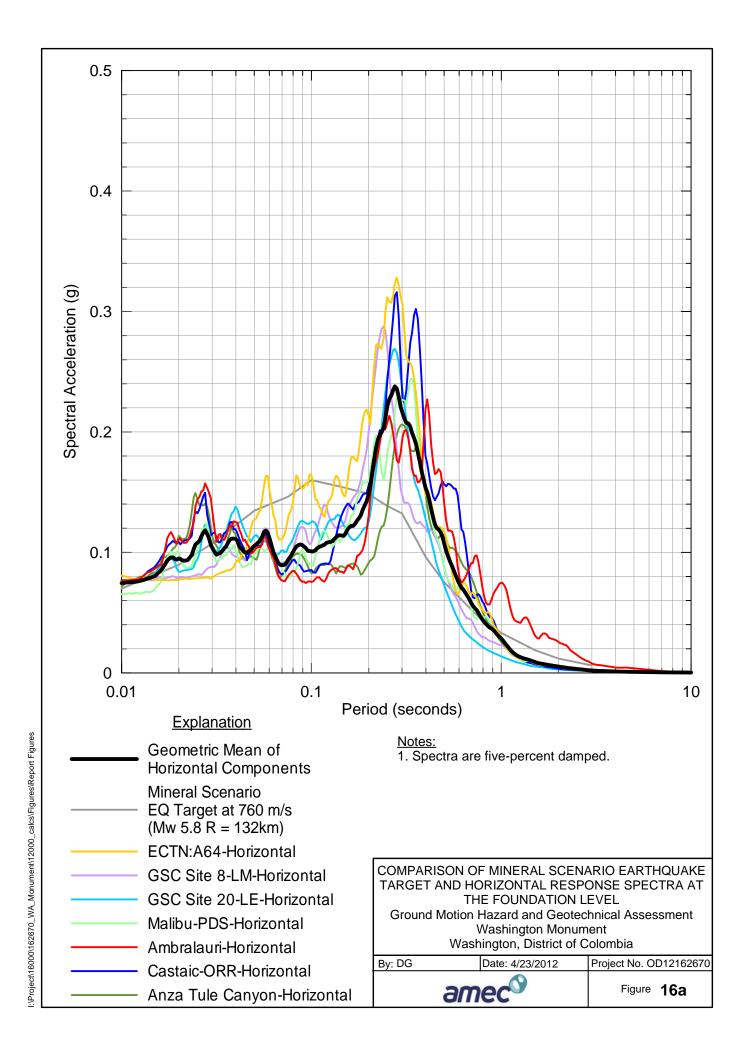
Figure 12

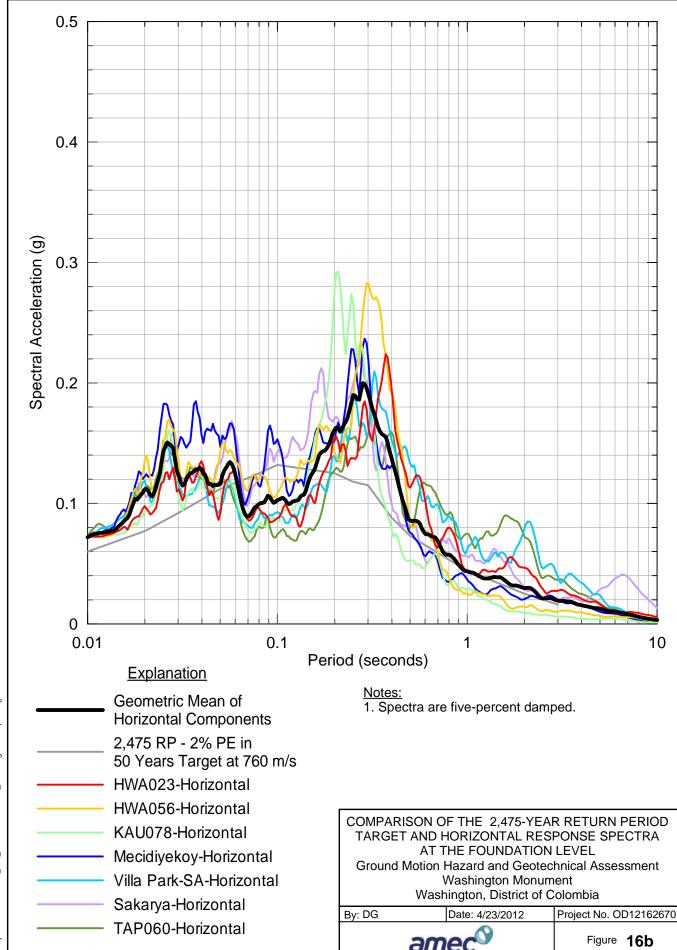


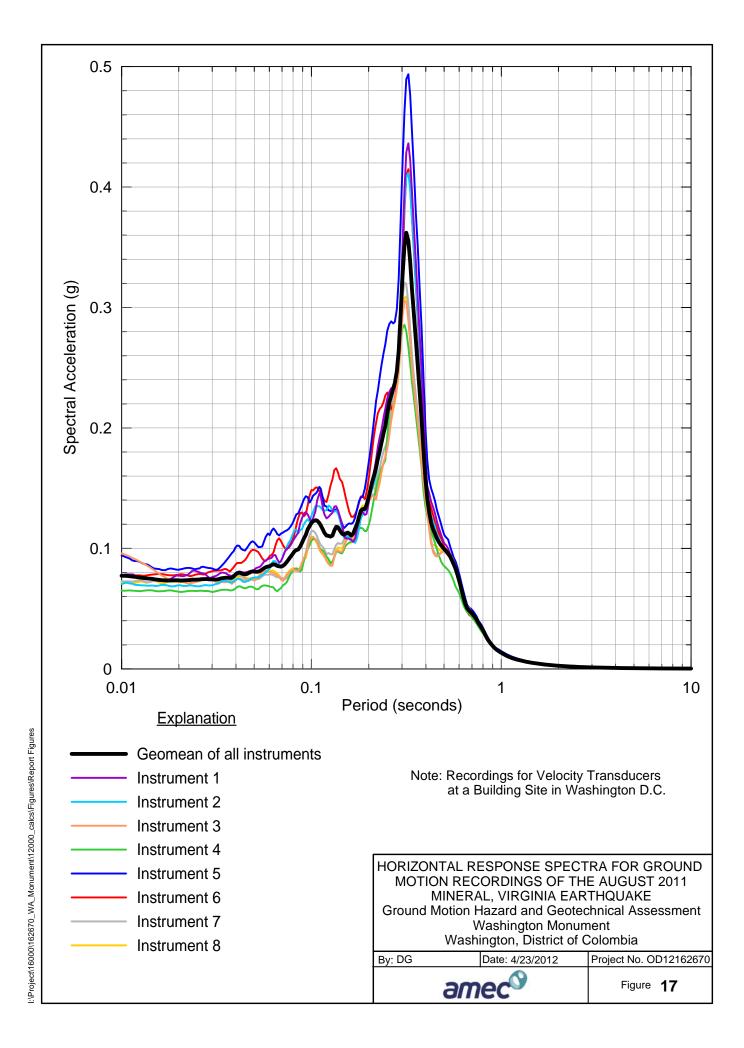


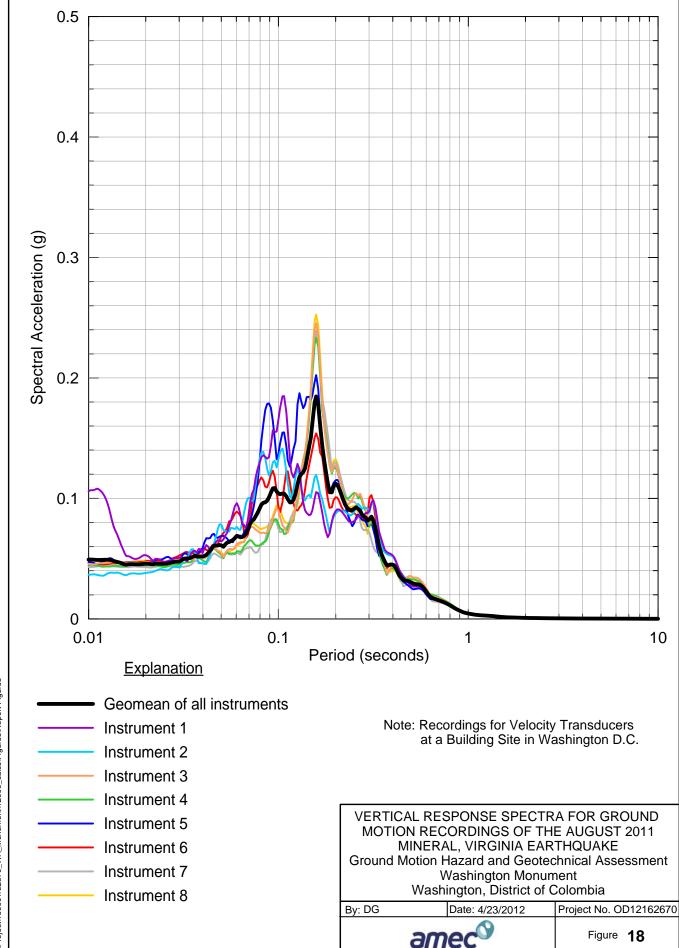


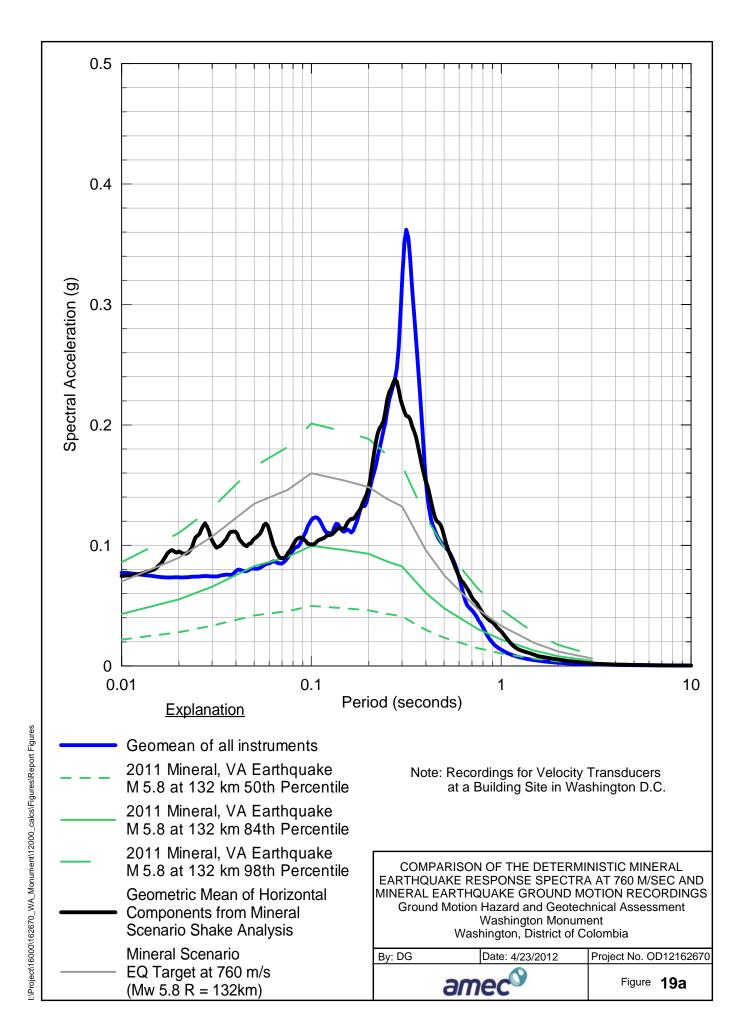


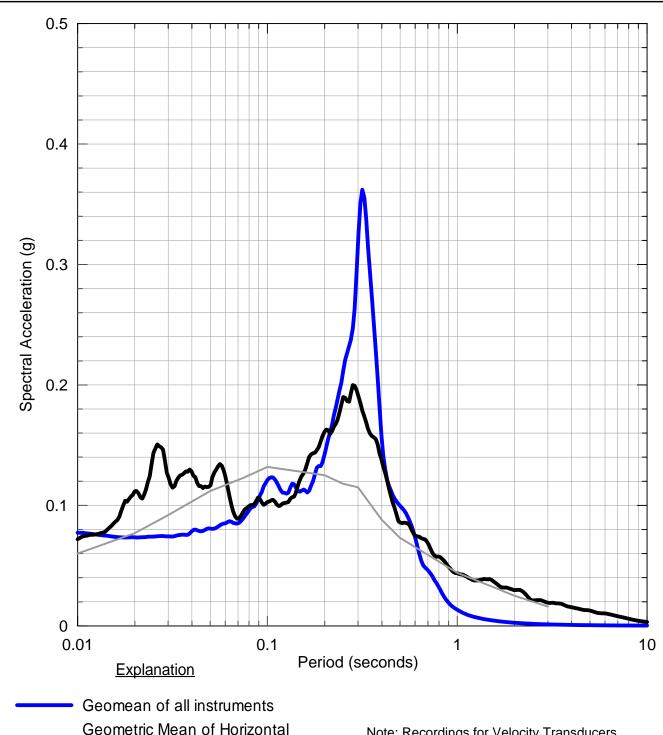










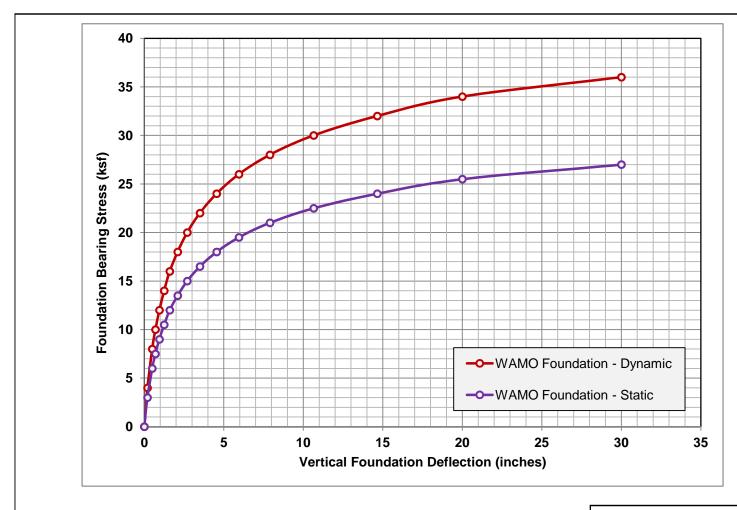


Geometric Mean of Horizontal Components 2,475-Year Return Period Shake Analysis Mean Hazard for the 2,475 RP - 2% PE in 50 Years Target at 760 m/s

Note: Recordings for Velocity Transducers at a Building Site in Washington D.C.

COMPARISON OF THE MINERAL EARTHQUAKE GROUND MOTION RECORDINGS AND THE 2,475-YEAR RETURN PERIOD AT FOUNDATION LEVEL Ground Motion Hazard and Geotechnical Assessment Washington Monument Washington, District of Colombia

Date: 4/23/2012 Project No. OD12162670 By: DG Figure 19b



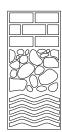
VERTICAL LOAD-DEFLECTION RELATIONSHIPS FOR THE MONUMENT FOUNDATION-SOIL SYSTEM Ground Motion Hazard & Geotechnical Assessment Washington Monument, Washington, District of Colombia

By: JAE	Date: 5/04/12	Project No.: OD12162670		
	amec [©]	Figure	20	



APPENDIX A

Mueser Rutledge Consulting Engineer Report on Subsurface Investigation for Washington Monument Security Improvements



Mueser Rutledge Consulting Engineers

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Martha J. Huguet *Director of Marketing* November 21, 2011

Beyer Blinder Belle Architects & Planners LLP

3307 M Street, NW, Suite 301

Washington, DC 20007

Attention: Jill Cavanaugh

Re: Subsurface Investigation

Washington Monument Security Improvements

Washington, DC MRCE File 11594

Dear Ms. Cavanaugh:

In accordance with our proposal dated April 1, 2011, we summarize herein the results of our soils and foundation investigation for the Washington Monument Security Improvements.

EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are attached to illustrate our report:

Drawing No. B-1 Boring Location Plan
Drawing No. GS-1 Geologic Section A-A
Drawing No. GS-2 Geologic Section B-B

Drawing No. GS-R Geotechnical Reference Standards Figure S-1 Site-Specific Seismic Liquefaction

Screening Diagram

Table No. 1 Allowable Loading
Table No. 2 Allowable Excavation

Appendix A Boring Logs

Appendix B Finite Element Analysis of Proposed Excavation Appendix C BBB Cross Sections and Plan Alt.A.1 & A.4

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

The following items used in the preparation of our report were obtained from BBB Architects:

1. A topographic survey of the site prepared by Dewberry, dated December 6, 2010.

2. A report entitled *Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed Access System, Washington Monument, Washington DC*, dated July 16, 1998, prepared by Woodward Clyde Consultants for Universal Builders Supply, Inc.

The following items were obtained from our files:

- a. A report entitled *Subsurface Investigation, Monument Grounds and Visitor Facility, Washington Monument, Washington, DC*, dated June 2, 2002, prepared by Mueser Rutledge Consulting Engineers (MRCE) for Olin Partnership and Hartman Cox Architects. This report incorporates earlier reports by MRCE.
- b. A report entitled *Loading Limitations, Washington Monument Grounds, Washington, D.C., 1962*, dated December 31, 1962, prepared by Edward S. Barber, Consulting Engineer, for the Department of the Interior.
- c. Logs of borings made in 1930 for a study of the Washington Monument.
- d. A report entitled *Potomac River Basin, Modifications to Washington, DC, and Vicinity Flood Protection Project, Washington, District of Columbia,*, dated May 1992, prepared by the Department of the Army, Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers.

The following item was obtained from the Internet:

3. A report entitled *Report on Flooding and Stormwater in Washington, DC*, dated January 2008, prepared by the National Capital Planning Commission obtained from http://www.ncpc.gov/DocumentDepot/Publications/FloodReport2008.pdf

SITE DESCRIPTION

The Washington Monument is located on a grassy knoll on the National Mall between Constitution and Independence Avenues, between 15th and 17th Streets. The Monument was originally to have been located at the intersection of an east-west axis passing through the Capitol with a north-south axis passing through the White House. Due to poor soil conditions, the Monument site was adjusted to coincide with the highest point of ground in this vicinity.

The Monument grounds have been regraded on several occasions, the most recent being in the early 2000s. The Monument is surrounded by a plaza consisting of granite pavers. The elevation of the plaza is approximately Elev. 39 referenced to National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29), a mean sea level datum.

SITE HISTORY

The history of the construction of the Monument is well-documented in a number of works and there is no need to repeat it here. In brief, the foundations were constructed in 1848 and the shaft was begun at the end of 1848. Construction halted in 1854 and resumed in 1878 with underpinning of the original foundations. The underpinning was carried to about Elev. +2. The remainder of the Monument was constructed between 1878 and 1884. Settlement has been monitored throughout its history, but available records date back to 1878. They indicate that total settlement between 1879 and 1992 was about 7 inches, due to the compression of the T1(D) clay. During the 7-year completion of the Monument, 4.5 inches of this settlement occurred. During the subsequent 106 years (1886-1992) settlement was less than 2.5 inches.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The current project is to provide security improvements to the Monument in the form of a visitor screening facility. Multiple alternatives are being considered for the security improvements, all of which involve the construction of a screening facility on the Monument grounds and a means of conducting the screened visitors to the Monument in a secure fashion.

Some of the alternatives involve creating a below-grade entrance to the Monument accessed by a ramp or ramps down from the plaza level. Others combine a below-grade entrance with regrading of the Monument grounds. Still others involve construction of a security facility atop the plaza or at a remote location on the grounds.

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

The goal of the subsurface investigation was to develop information and provide general foundation recommendations appropriate to all of the alternatives under consideration. In an effort to address foundation conditions at all locations under consideration, we planned a boring program consisting of 10 test borings to 50 feet. After discussion with representatives of NPS and BBB, it was decided not to drill borings through the plaza surrounding the Monument because of the difficulty in removing and replacing the granite pavers without damage. Consequently eight of the borings were spaced relatively evenly outside the limits of the plaza, and the remaining two borings were placed at a greater distance from the plaza in areas where excavation or other earthwork may be performed.

FIELD EXPLORATION

Field work began on August 4, 2011 and finished on August 17, 2011. Ten borings numbered B-101 through B-110P were made outside the perimeter of the Monument plaza.

Borings were made by GeoServices Corporation of Forestville, MD. All field work was performed under the inspection of our Mr. William Hobson. Boring locations and elevations were determined in the field by Mr. Hobson. Elevations are referenced to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum, a mean sea level datum.

Representative soil samples were recovered from the borings with a two-inch split spoon sampler driven with a 140-pound hammer free-falling 30 inches. The number of blows required to advance the sampler through each of three six-inch intervals was recorded. The Standard Penetration Test (SPT) resistance, an index of the density of the material sampled, is calculated by summing the blows from the second and third intervals.

Borings were advanced and stabilized using weighted drilling fluid and temporary casing, and extended to depths of 50 feet. Piezometers were installed in three of the completed borings to determine present groundwater levels.

After completion of the borings, the samples were shipped to our office. Samples were reexamined in our laboratory and field descriptions were verified or revised as necessary. All soil samples are described in accordance with the system shown on Drawing No. GS-R. Groundwater levels were recorded in the three piezometers during and after the field work. Readings are shown on the appropriate piezometer record sheets.

SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

The results of the boring program are shown on the boring logs attached as Appendix A. The logs include sample number, depth, blow count, individual soil descriptions for each sample and descriptions of drilling operations. Our interpretation of subsurface conditions is illustrated on Geologic Sections A-A and B-B, shown on Drawings Nos. GS-1 and GS-2. Generalized descriptions of the soil strata encountered in the borings are summarized below in order of their occurrence with increasing depth:

Stratum F - Fill

The uppermost material encountered in all of the recent borings is fill ranging in thickness from 9 to 18 feet. Stratum F consists of loose to very compact brown silty fine to medium sand grading to fine to coarse sand, some silt with fine sandy silt, trace to some gravel, trace brick, cinders, glass, clay, vegetation, shells.

Stratum T1(A) - Sandy Silt

This stratum was encountered beneath Stratum F in 5 of the recent borings and beneath Stratum T2 in three borings. Measured thicknesses ranged from 5 to 14.5 feet. Stratum T2 was interlensed with Stratum T1(A) in three of the recent borings. Stratum T1(A) consists of loose to medium compact brown fine sandy silt, trace clay, clay pockets, gravel, lignite or stiff brown clayey silt to silty clay, trace to some fine sand, trace gravel, lensed with silty fine sand, and fine sandy clay.

Stratum T2 - Silty Sand

Stratum T2 was encountered beneath Stratum F in five of the recent borings and ranged in thickness from 8.5 to 24.5 feet in thickness. Stratum T2 was also encountered below Stratum T1(A) in eight of the recent borings and ranged in thickness from 5 to 20.5 feet. Stratum T2 consists of loose to medium compact brown silty fine to medium sand, trace clay, gravel, grading to fine to medium sand, some silt, trace clay, gravel.

Stratum T3 - Sand and Gravel

Stratum T3 was encountered beneath Stratum T2 in all ten borings and ranged in thickness from 6 to 18 feet. Stratum T3 consists of compact to very compact brown fine to coarse sandy gravel, trace to some silt, grading to gravelly fine to coarse sand, some silt, with occasional boulders and cobbles.

Stratum T1(D) - Plastic Clay

Stratum T1(D) was encountered beneath Stratum T3 in Boring B-107 at a depth of 43 feet and continued to the bottom of the boring at 50 feet. Stratum T1(D) typically consists of soft to stiff gray plastic clay to silty clay, trace to some fine sand, trace fine sand layers and pockets, gravel. The two samples recovered during this investigation consist of soft to stiff gray silty fine sand, trace clay and gravel, and are presumably from a sand layer or pocket within the clay.

Stratum D - Decomposed Rock

Stratum D was encountered below Strata T1(D) or T3 in two borings in our 2001 investigation, at depths of about 85 feet. Stratum D consists of very compact gray micaceous fine to medium sand, some silt, trace to some rock fragments.

Groundwater

Groundwater was measured in three permanent piezometers installed during the field work. Groundwater levels corresponded to Elev. -2.5 to -5.0

EXISTING FOUNDATIONS

The Monument foundations bear on Stratum T3 which in turn bears on Stratum T1(D). Stratum T3 is a sandy gravel. Settlements due to application of new loads on granular soils typically occur almost immediately. Stratum T1(D) is a relatively compressible plastic clay to silty clay. Settlements due to application of new load on fine-grained soils typically occur over long time periods.

FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

BBB provided information regarding various alternative schemes for the security improvements. They requested us to consider Alternatives A.1 and A.4 as those having the greatest volume of excavation which could affect the Monument. We considered the area and estimated depth of excavation for these two alternatives and determined that Alternative A.1 would have a larger impact on the Monument because the excavation is closer to the Monument.

Alternative A.1 consists of 13 ft wide ramps located east of the existing Monument plaza. The entrance to the top of the ramps is from east of the Monument. The ramps lead both north and south following the curvature of the plaza to a point about 7 ft below grade; turning 180 degrees and the leading in the opposite direction to a depth of 14 ft to the entrance to the security screening facility below the edge of the plaza. West of the security screening facility will be a tunnel extending into the Monument leading to the elevator which will be lowered to receive passengers at this level. Refer to Appendix C for a plan and sections showing this Alternative.

We considered an east-west section through the Monument and grounds. We performed a three dimensional numerical analysis to assess the deformations and differential settlement of the Washington Monument due to the proposed excavation. We used the monument loads provided by Silman Associates and the excavation due to the proposed A1 scheme by BBB. Deformations such as heaving or settlement at the edges of the Monument foundation were monitored and the differential settlement along the east-west direction of the Monument was calculated. Results of our analysis indicate that engineered design solutions will be required to minimize movement of the foundation. These solutions will involve balancing any change in weight loading on the east side of the foundation with an equal change on the west side. This may be accomplished by replacing existing fill on the west side with lighter fill material. A memorandum describing the numerical modeling and summarizing the results of the three dimensional numerical analysis is included as Appendix B of this report.

EVALUATION OF LIQUEFACTION POTENTIAL

We performed liquefaction potential evaluation using the state-of-practice as presented in the ASCE summary report of the 1996 and 1998 NCEER workshops (Youd et al. 2001, the "NCEER procedure"). Key parameters that influence liquefaction potential assessment are the design earthquake magnitude (Mw), Peak Ground Acceleration (PGA), and the groundwater level. Taking into account the historic importance and prominence of the Washington Monument, we chose a conservative approach in assessing the liquefaction potential at the site. We chose a conservative design earthquake event with moment magnitude (Mw) of 6 and used a PGA of 0.1 g, equivalent to a 2,500-yr return period earthquake event and consistent with a stiff soil site (Site Class D). The SPT N-values were corrected using an energy correction CE of 1.1, to account for the higher energy transfer efficiency of the automatic hammers. Based on stabilized piezometer readings, we have taken the ground water table at Elevation -3, approximately 39 ft below the existing ground surface. Lastly, we conservatively assumed the subsurface soils were relatively clean with fines content equal to 0%.

CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of our field exploration and analyses, we conclude the following:

1. Figure S-1 shows the result of the SPT liquefaction analysis. A total of 10 borings from the MRCE investigation were screened. The figure presents the limiting field SPT N-values required to provide a factor of safety (FS) of 1.4 for clean cohesionless soils. SPT N-values plotting to the right of the curve indicate that liquefaction for that soil layer is unlikely, while N-values plotting to the left of the curve indicate that liquefaction is probable during the design earthquake event.

All of the SPT N-values plot to the right of the limiting curve. This means that the FS is greater than 1.4 for all samples retrieved below the ground water elevation and that liquefaction is unlikely during the design earthquake event

- 2. Soil stratigraphy is as presented in earlier MRCE reports.
- 3. Water is at approximately Elev. –2.5 to -5.
- 4. As the deepest alternatives are expected to require excavations to about 20 feet below plaza level, corresponding to Elev. +19, no dewatering will be required to construct the proposed facilities.
- 5. As no dewatering is anticipated, there will be no drying of Stratum T1(D), the clay layer which indirectly supports the Monument.
- 6. The analysis performed for Alternative A.1 indicates that engineered solutions will be required to minimize movement of the foundation. These solutions will involve balancing any change in weight loading on the east side of the foundation with an equal change on the west side. This may be accomplished by replacing existing fill on the west side with lighter fill material.

The analysis performed for the tunnel only portion of Alternative A.1 indicates that this construction has a minimal impact on the Monument. However, Alternative A.4 will include this tunnel plus an additional length of tunnel further from the Monument. Based on this, Alternative A.4 will also require an engineered solution to minimize movement of the foundation.

- 7. Prior to the start of construction of any alternatives, we recommend a monitoring system be installed on the Monument to provide data on any movements of the Monument.
- 8. Above-grade security improvement alternatives would be founded below the plaza level. The plaza consists of pavers over reinforced concrete over gravel, which is in turn supported by fill overlying the Monument foundations. Normally a permanent structure requires footings extending below the frost line, which in Washington, DC is 2.5 ft below grade.

Very light structures could be designed to be unaffected by differential movement resulting from minor movement from freezing and thawing. Provided that an above-grade structure imposes relatively light loads similar to the existing screening facility, this would not require any weight loading modifications around the foundations. Additional analyses may be required for a heavily loaded structure on the plaza to determine its impact on the Monument.

Foundations for structures would be constructed below the frost line, which would require penetrating the plaza. These foundations would bear on the fill. Allowable bearing pressures on the fill are 0.5 tsf. Footing subgrades should be inspected by an experienced geotechnical engineer. Any loose or soft fill materials should be removed and replaced with compacted granular fill or lean concrete.

- 9. Below-grade security improvement alternatives would bear in the deeper fill or on soils of Stratum T1(A). We anticipate that the new loads imposed by the foundations will generally not exceed the weight of the soil removed. Allowable bearing pressures in the deeper fill are 1.0 tsf and in Stratum T1(A) 1.5 tsf. Footing subgrades should be inspected and remedial measures followed as described above.
- 10. Braced below-grade walls will be entirely above the water table. They should be designed for lateral pressures of 75 psf per foot of depth below grade plus surcharge loading. Braced walls would include those for any tunnel. Tunnel roof slabs should be designed for 130 pcf per foot of cover, plus the weight of the slab. A surcharge live load should be added to the above design numbers in the event that maintenance vehicles are operated near or above the structure, or that a large event on the Mall could cause crowds to gather near or above the structure.
- 11. Large unbalanced mass excavations could cause significant differential movements of the Monument foundations, resulting in unacceptable tilting of the Monument. Tables 1 and 2 illustrate dimensions of allowable loading and excavation at varying distances from the Monument. As stated in our 1973 report, "... a settlement of the edge of the foundation of about 0.2 inches.... would cause a tilt of the shaft from plumb of about 0.8 inches. While this represents an extremely small angle change, less than one part in six thousand, or an angle change of less than one minute of arc, and is probably less than that caused by the heat of the sun on one side of the Monument, it is suggested that this be considered the maximum tolerable tilt movement caused by any new construction." The engineered solution is intended to balance the loads so as not to cause measurable movement.
- 12. Subgrade conditions for support of flexible and rigid pavements, including sidewalks, are generally good. In the current borings, the shallow fill consisted of loose to compact sand and sandy silt, soft to stiff clayey silt, and soft clay. These borings represent conditions at 10 discrete locations on the Monument grounds. Much of the shallow fill was placed or graded as controlled fill when the grounds were improved in the early 2000s and was presumably compacted when placed. Foot traffic and maintenance vehicle traffic have further compacted the ground to its present state. Areas of soft or loose soils which are

exposed during pavement construction will require recompaction or excavation and replacement with granular fill.

- 13. The floor of the existing elevator pit may have to be lowered four to six feet to accommodate the new lower position of the elevator following construction of the below grade entrance into the Monument. Excavation for this pit should have minimal impact on the 126.5 ft wide Monument base. However, it may be prudent to perform some form of ground stabilization below the existing elevator pit before beginning this excavation. A concept plan for safely making a horizontal penetration through the original Monument foundation was developed in 2002. The key to making this plan successful is to make the opening as small as is practical and to provide positive support to the opening as the tunneling is progressed.
- 14. To determine flood implications, we reviewed the 1992 Army Corps of Engineers flood study and the NCPC 2008 flood study. Both documents indicate that the 100-year flood level on the Mall is El. 15.6 relative to NGVD. As noted above, anticipated construction for the Security Improvements project will extend no deeper than approximately El. 19. This will result in all construction occurring above the 100-year flood level. For the 100-year storm, the risk of flooding is minimal and there is no need for tiedown anchors.
- 15. As changes in groundwater levels tend to lag changes in surface water levels, and the Monument sits on high ground when compared to the surrounding grades, groundwater under flood conditions is not expected to pose a threat to the existing or proposed structures. This is because any rise in surface water due to flooding is expected to be a short-term event and is not expected to last long enough to cause the groundwater on the Monument grounds to rise.
- 16. Where new below-grade structures are planned, we recommend that the slabs be underlain by a 12-inch layer of crushed stone atop a separation geotextile. The stone should be separated from the concrete slab by a polyethylene vapor barrier. This combination will provide a drainage layer which will help prevent moisture from wicking up through the slab. The drainage system would lead to a gravity drain or a sump pump.
- 17. Fill placed to support structures should consist of granular soils with less than 15 percent by weight passing a No. 200 sieve. Fill should be placed in lifts not exceeding 12 inches in loose thickness and compacted by several passes of a heavy vibratory roller. Compaction should meet or exceed 95 percent of maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557 (modified Proctor).

Soils to be excavated from the Monument grounds may be reused as compacted fill provided that they can be compacted to the standard specified above. It may be difficult to achieve this level of compaction with finer-grained soils, particularly during periods of wet or cold weather when drying of the soils is not practical.

Excavation and fill placement should be subject to the limits specified in our 2002 report. We have included the tabulated recommendations for convenience as Tables 1 and 2.

Please contact us if you have any questions concerning this report.

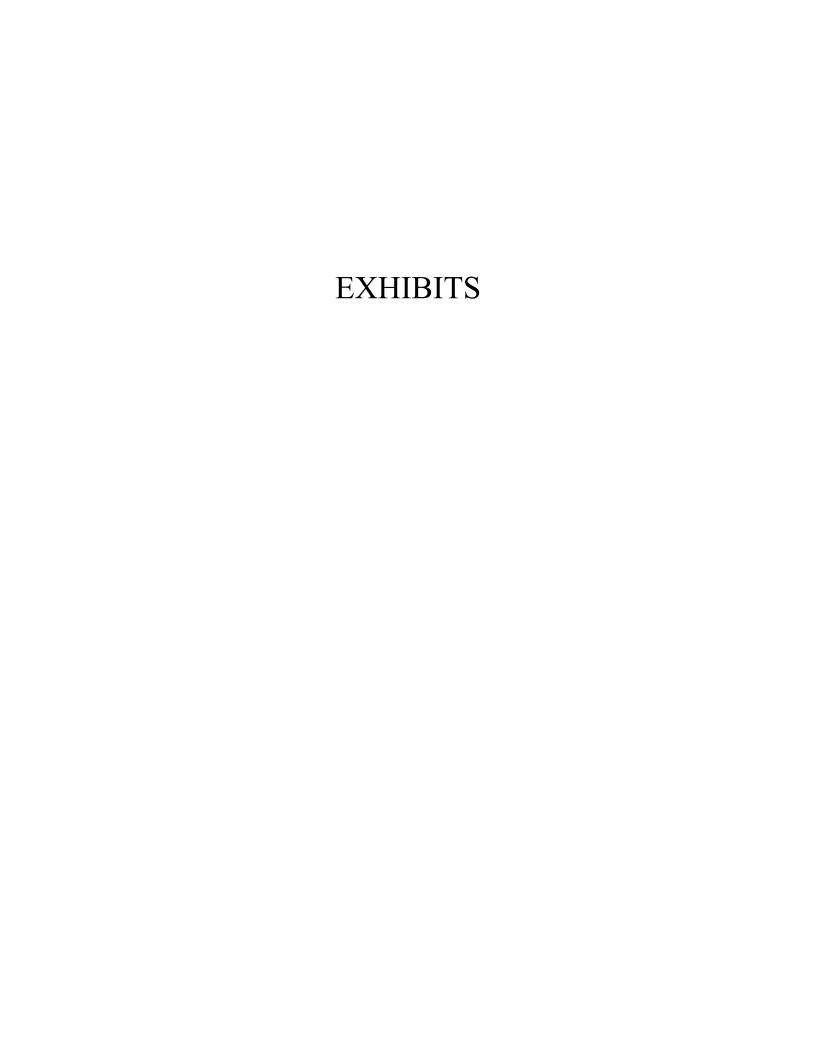
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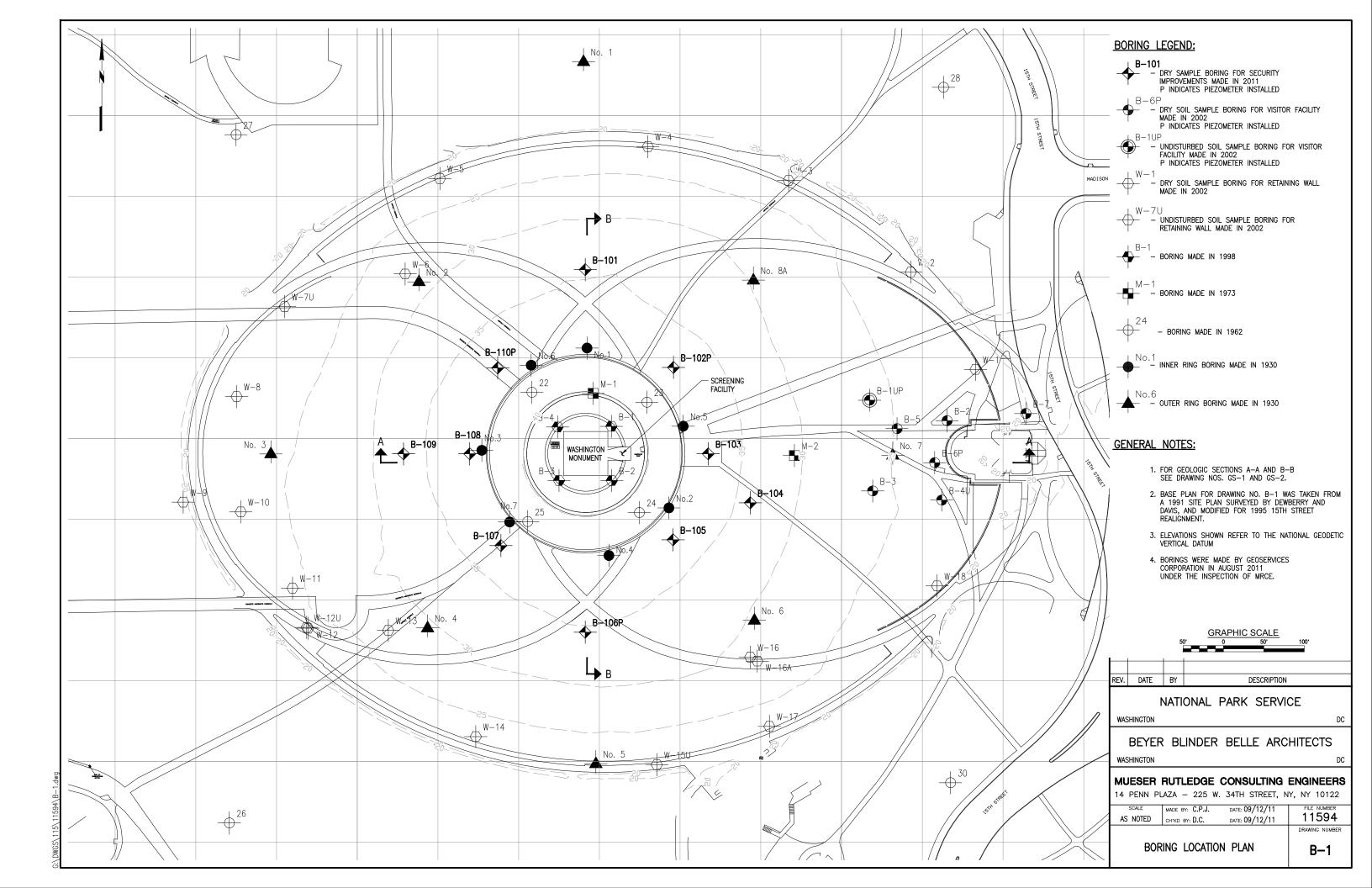
MUESER RUTLEDGE CONSULTING ENGINEERS

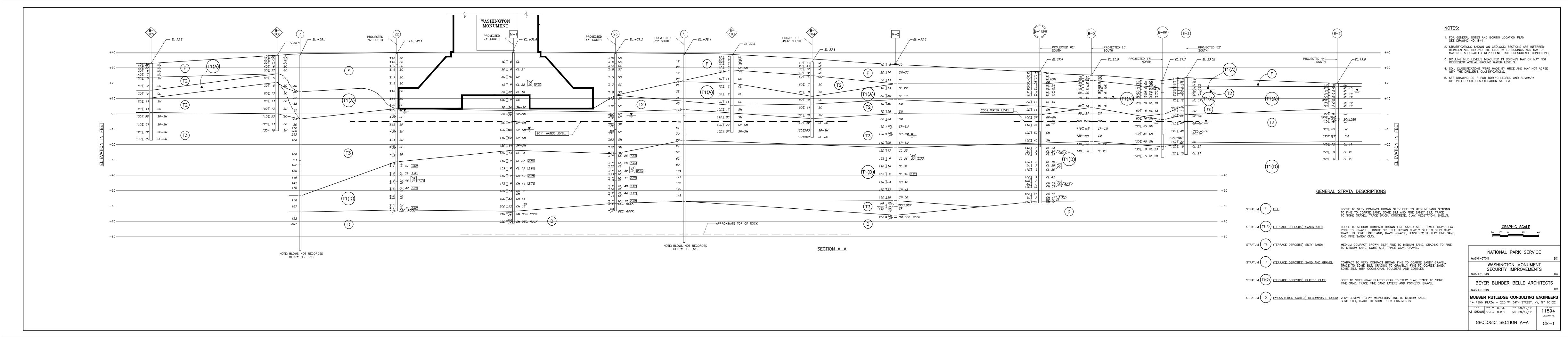
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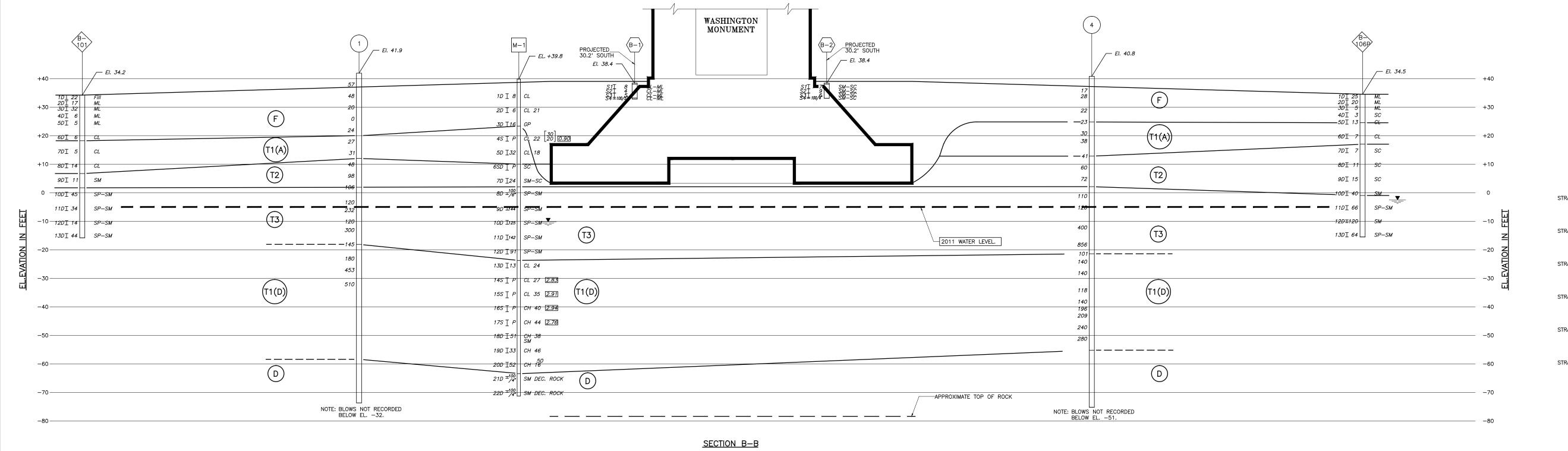
By: Douglas W. Christie, PE

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NOTES:

- 1. FOR GENERAL NOTES AND BORING LOCATION PLAN SEE DRAWING NO. $B\!-\!1$.
- 2. STRATIFICATIONS SHOWN ON GEOLOGIC SECTIONS ARE INFERRED BETWEEN AND BEYOND THE ILLUSTRATED BORINGS AND MAY OR MAY NOT ACCURATEL.Y REPRESENT TRUE SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS.
- DRILLING MUD LEVEL.S MEASURED IN BORINGS MAY OR MAY NOT REPRESENT ACTUAL GROUND WATER LEVEL.S.
- 4. SOIL CLASSIFICATIONS WERE MADE BY MRCE AND MAY NOT AGREE WITH THE DRILLER'S CLASSIFICATIONS.
- 5. SEE DRAWING GS-R FOR BORING LEGEND AND SUMMARY OF UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM.

GENERAL STRATA DESCRIPTIONS

STRATUM (F

LOOSE TO VERY COMPACT BROWN SILTY FINE TO MEDIUM SAND GRADING TO FINE TO COARSE SAND, SOME SILT AND FINE SANDY SILT, TRACE TO SOME GRAVEL, TRACE BRICK, CONCRETE, CLAY, VEGETATION, SHELLS.

STRATUM (T1(A)) (TERRACE DEPOSITS) SANDY SILT:

LOOSE TO MEDIUM COMPACT BROWN FINE SANDY SILT , TRACE CLAY, CLAY POCKETS, GRAVEL., LIGNITE OR STIFF BROWN CLAYEY SILT TO SILTY CLAY TRACE TO SOME FINE SAND, TRACE GRAVEL, LENSED WITH SILTY FINE SAND, AND FINE SANDY CLAY.

(TERRACE DEPOSITS) SILTY SAND:

MEDIUM COMPACT BROWN SILTY FINE TO MEDIUM SAND, GRADING TO FINE TO MEDIUM SAND, SOME SILT, TRACE CLAY, GRAVEL.

(TERRACE DEPOSITS) SAND AND GRAVEL:

COMPACT TO VERY COMPACT BROWN FINE TO COARSE SANDY GRAVEL, TRACE TO SOME SILT, GRADING TO GRAVELLY FINE TO COARSE SAND, SOME SILT, WITH OCCASIONAL BOULDERS AND COBBLES

SOFT TO STIFF GRAY PLASTIC CLAY TO SILTY CLAY, TRACE TO SOME FINE SAND, TRACE FINE SAND LAYERS AND POCKETS, GRAVEL.

(WISSAHICKON SCHIST) DECOMPOSED ROCK: VERY COMPACT GRAY MICACEOUS FINE TO MEDIUM SAND, SOME SILT, TRACE TO SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS

WASHINGTON

BEYER BLINDER BELLE ARCHITECTS

WASHINGTON

MUESER RUTLEDGE CONSULTING ENGINEERS 14 PENN PLAZA - 225 W. 34TH STREET, NY, NY 10122

SCALE MADE BY C.P.J. DATE 09/12/11 FILE NO. 11594 AS SHOWN CH'KD BY D.W.C. DATE 09/12/11 DRAWING NO.

GEOLOGIC SECTION B-B GS-2

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION (INCLUDING IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION FIELD IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES (EXCLUDING PARTICLES LARGER THAN 3 IN. GROUP LABORATORY CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA MAJOR DIVISIONS TYPICAL NAMES SYMBOLS AND BASING FRACTIONS ON ESTIMATED WEIGHTS) HYDROMETER ANALYSIS -- SIFVE ANALYSIS U.S. STANDARD SIEVES #200 REPRESENTATIVE | POORLY GRADED | SAND SAMPLE - SP -= #100 #70 #50 #40 #30 WIDE RANGE IN GRAIN SIZES AND SUBSTANTIAL WELL GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES. AMOUNTS OF ALL INTERMEDIATE PARTICLE SIZES. SRA<u>N</u> ' AN ' GRAVELS HALF OF COARSE F R THAN NO. 4 SIEVE BE USED AS CLEA (UTTLE POORLY GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, PREDOMINANTLY ONE SIZE OR A RANGE OF SIZES GP SAND SAMPLE - SP LITTLE OR NO FINES. WITH SOME INTERMEDIATE SIZES MISSING. SIEVE 200 NONPLASTIC FINES OR FINES WITH LOW PLASTICITY REQUIREMENTS FOR GW SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT-MIXTURES. (FOR IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES SEE ML BELOW) $C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{60}}$ GREATER THAN 4 $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$ BETWEEN 1 AND 3 PLASTIC FINES GC CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES. (FOR IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES SEE CL BELOW) REQUIREMENTS FOR SW $C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{cons}}$ Greater than 6 WELL-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, WIDE RANGE IN GRAIN SIZES AND SUBSTANTIAL REPRESENTATIVE WELL GRADED D 10 SW COARSE FRACTION O. 4 SIEVE SIZE. AL CLASSIFICATION, EQUIVALENT TO T LITTLE OR NO FINES. AMOUNTS OF ALL INTERMEDIATE PARTICLE SIZES. SAND SAMPLES - SW $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}} BE$ S S BETWEEN 1 AND 3 THAN HALF OF MA S S POORLY GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, PREDOMINANTLY ONE SIZE OR A RANGE OF SIZES SP LITTLE OR NO FINES. WITH SOME INTERMEDIATE SIZES MISSING. GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS SANDS OF CO I NO. UNIFIED SOILS CLASSIFICATION S A N D G R M E D I U M COARSE FINE CLAY OR SILT COBBLE 3-12 HALF TH/ NONPLASTIC FINES OR FINES WITH LOW PLASTICITY GRAIN SIZE PLOT SM SILTY SANDS, SAND-SILT-MIXTURES. BOULDER > 12 (FOR IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES SEE ML BELOW) THAN H DEPENDING ON PERCENTAGE OF FINES (FRACTION SMALLER THAN NO. 쯦땅 200 SIEVE SIZE) COARSE GRAINED SOILS ARE CLASSIFIED AS FOLLOWS: LESS THAN 5% GW GP SW SP PLASTIC FINES CLAYEY SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES. SC MORE THAN 12% GM, GC, SM, SC (FOR IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES SEE CL BELOW) 5% TO 12% BORDERLINE CASES REQUIRING USE OF DUAL SYMBOLS, I.E.; SP-SM, GP-GM. IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES ON FRACTION SMALLER THAN NO. 40 SIEVE SIZE DRY STRENGTH DII ATANCY TOUGHNESS 200 CH REACTION TO (CRUSHING CONSISTENCY CHARACTERISTICS SHAKING ' NEAR PL) INORGANIC SILTS SANDY SILTS ROCK FLOUR NONE TO SLIGHT QUICK TO SLOW NONE OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY. HAN H INORGANIC CLAYS, OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, NONE TO VERY CL GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, MEDIUM TO HIGH MEDIUM SLOW LESS 1 SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS. ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF FINE-Material SLIGHT TO 0L SLOW SLIGHT LOW PLASTICITY. CL SLIGHT TO INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS SLIGHT TO P SLOW TO NONE MEDIUM 20 S2 FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOILS, ELASTIC SILTS. MEDIUM HALF THAN MH & OH HIGH TO VERY INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS. NONE THAN HIGH LIQUID L SLIGHT TO ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY. NONE TO VERY OH MEDIUM TO HIGH MEDIUM ORGANIC SILTS. SLOW CL-ML READILY IDENTIFIED BY COLOR, ODOR, SPONGY FEEL HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS. ML & OL AND FREQUENTLY BY FIBROUS TEXTURE. ML LIQUID LIMIT BOUNDARY CLASSIFICATIONS: SOILS POSSESSING CHARACTERISTICS OF TWO GROUPS ARE DESIGNATED BY COMBINATIONS OF GROUP SYMBOLS, I.E.: SP-SC POORLY GRADED SAND WITH CLAY BINDER. PLASTICITY CHART FOR CLASSIFICATION OF FINE GRAINED SOILS

TERMINOLOGY USED IN MRCE SOIL DESCRIPTIONS

DEGREE OF COMPACTION	N FOR NON-PLASTIC SOIL		DESCRIPTION OF CONSTITUENT			
DEGREE OF COMPACTION	BLOWS* PER FOOT	CONSISTENCY UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TSF)		IDENTIFICATION CHARACTERISTICS	PERCENTAGES AS USED IN SOIL SAMPLE CLASSIFICATIONS	
LOOSE	0 TO 10	SOFT	LESS THAN 0.5	EASILY REMOLDED WITH SLIGHT FINGER PRESSURE	1% TO 12% - "TRACE"	
MEDIUM COMPACT	11 TO 29	MEDIUM	0.5 TO 1.0	REQUIRES SUBSTANTIAL PRESSURE FOR REMOLDING	13% TO 30% - "SOME" 31% TO 49% - ADJECTIVE FORM OF	
COMPACT	30 TO 50	STIFF	1.0 TO 4.0	DIFFICULT TO REMOLD WITH FINGERS	SOIL GROUP (EG. SANDY)	
VERY COMPACT	GREATER THAN 50	HARD	GREATER THAN 4.0	CANNOT BE REMOLDED WITH FINGERS	EQUAL AMOUNT — "AND" (EG. SAND AND GRAVEL)	
* Standard Penetration Resistance U HAMMER FREE FALLING 30 INCHES TO O.D. SPLIT—SPOON SAMPLER.		+ NONPLASTIC SILTS ARE DES AS PRESENTED FOR NON-I	SCRIBED USING DEGREE OF COMPACTION PLASTIC SOIL.			

BORING LEGEND

NUMBER, TYPE AND LOCATION OF BORING

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION AT BORING

NUMBER AND TYPE OF SAMPLE

D - DRY SAMPLE TAKEN WITH 2 INCH O.D.

SPLIT SPOON

 $\begin{bmatrix} E & G & \begin{bmatrix} J \\ K \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} L & M \end{bmatrix}$ U - UNDISTURBED SAMPLE TAKEN WITH 3

UD - UNDISTURBED SAMPLE EXTRUDED IN FIELD AND PLACED IN JAR DUE TO POOR RECOVERY OR DISTURBANCE

INCH O.D. FIXED PISTON TYPE SAMPLER

S - THIN TUBE SAMPLE TAKEN WITH SHELBY TUBE SAMPLER

W - WASH SAMPLE

NR - NO RECOVERY

LENGTH OF SAMPLE ATTEMPT

STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE. NUMBER OF BLOWS FROM 140 LB. HAMMER FREE FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO DRIVE 2 INCH O.D. SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER ONE FOOT AFTER INITIAL PENETRATION OF 6 INCHES, UNLESS A SPECIFIC PENETRATION IS INDICATED.

P - PRESSED OR PUSH SAMPLE

WH - SAMPLE TAKEN UNDER WEIGHT OF HAMMER AND RODS

WR - SAMPLE TAKEN UNDER WEIGHT OF RODS

E — AVERAGE NATURAL WATER CONTENT OF SAMPLE, IN PERCENT OF DRY WEIGHT

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATON GROUP SYMBOL OF SAMPLE

ATTERBERG LIQUID LIMIT VALUE ATTERBERG PLASTIC LIMIT VALUE

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH IN TSF DETERMINED FROM UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST

(M)COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH IN TSF DETERMINED FROM UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TEST

GROUNDWATER LEVEL OBSERVED IN BORING

GROUNDWATER LEVEL OBSERVED IN PIEZOMETER

ROCK CORE NUMBER

LENGTH OF CORE RUN

LENGTH OF CORE RECOVERED EXPRESSED AS A PERCENT OF THE LENGTH OF CORE RUN

ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION—THE SUM OF THE LENGTHS OF PIECES OF RECOVERED CORE WHICH ARE EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN FOUR INCHES IN LENGTH, EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN. LENGTHS ARE MEASURED BETWEEN IN-SITU SEPARATIONS AND MECHANICAL BREAKS RESULTING FROM CORING ARE IGNORED

IMPERVIOUS SEAL

SAND FILTER SURROUNDING PIEZOMETER INTAKE ELEMENT

INTAKE ELEMENT

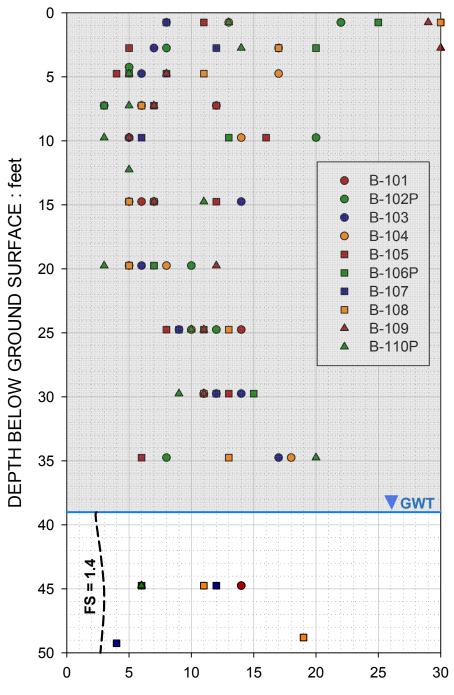
COBBLE OR BOULDER

MUESER RUTLEDGE CONSULTING ENGINEERS

225 WEST 34th STREET - 14 PENN PLAZA NEW YORK, NY 10122

GEOTECHNICAL REFERENCE STANDARDS

GS-R



FIELD SPT N-VALUE: blows/foot

NOTES:

- 1. Liquefaction potential evaluation is based on Youd et al. 2001, the "NCEER Procedure."
- 2. Design earthquake event: M_w = 6 and PGA = 0.1 g, equivalent to a 2,500-yr return period earthquake event & consistent with a stiff soil site (Site Class D).
- 3. FS = Factor of Safety
- 4. Design Ground Water Table (GWT) is approximately 39 ft below ground surface.
- 5. Soil above the GWT is not liquefiable.

WASHINGTON MONUMENT						
Washington	Distr	ict of Columbia				
MUESER RUTLEDGE CONSULTING ENGINEERS						
14 PENN PLAZA – 225 W 34^{TH} STREET, NEW YORK NY 10122						
SCALE	MADE BY: CZB DATE: 09-23-11	FILE No.				
N/A	CH'KD BY: JG DATE: 09-23-11	11594				
SI	FIGURE No.					
LIQUEFA	S-1					

TABLE 1

ALLOWABLE LOADING

Distance from	Allowable	Allowable	Remarks
Monument	permanent net	permanent net	
center	increase	decrease	
up to 63 feet	500 psf	500 psf	Minimize lateral extent
			500 psf may be relaxed for small
			footprint after study
63 to 150 feet	1000 psf	1500 psf	
		asymmetrically	
		2000 psf	
		symmetrically	
150 to 200 feet	1500 psf	2000 psf	limits for asymmetric loading with
			lateral dimensions of more than 150
			feet
200 feet or	unspecified	unspecified	
more			

Loading is subject to analysis in every case to determine its effects on the subsoils.

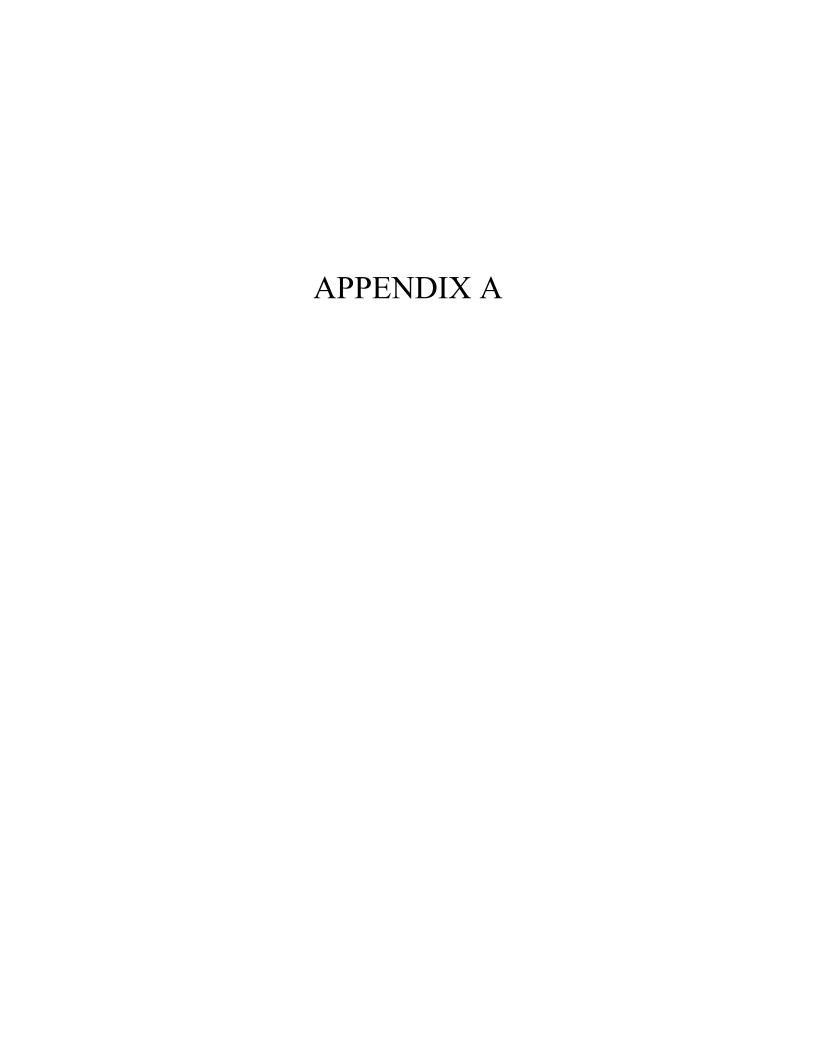
TABLE 2

ALLOWABLE EXCAVATION

Distance from	Allowable excavation	Remarks		
Monument center				
up to 115 feet	No deeper than Elev. 16	Maximum width open at any time is 45 feet		
115 to 150 feet	Following a line from	Maximum width open at any time is		
	Elev. 16 at 1V:2.6H	between 45 and about 100 feet,		
		proportional to distance from Monument		
		center		
150 feet or more	No deeper than Elev. 0	Maximum width open at any time is about		
		100 feet		

Excavation is subject to notes 1 and 2 below.

- Excavation or a widespread structure symmetrically placed which would approach the limitation on maximum load removal must be carried out with great caution.
 Specifications should require a program of excavation in which load removal on opposite sides of the Monument would be reasonably will balanced at all stages of the operation.
- 2. In general, it would be preferable to stabilize the sides of excavations near the Monument by cutting on sloped banks rather than by driving sheet piling of soldier piles for a cofferdam. Where vertical-wall cofferdams are absolutely necessary these could be formed by soldier piles placed in pre-augered holes.



MUESER RUTLEDGE CONSULTING ENGINEERS BORING LOG

PROJECT: LOCATION:

MRCE Form BL-1

WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS

WASHINGTON, DC

BORING NO. B-101
SHEET 1 OF 2
FILE NO. 11594
SURFACE ELEV. 34.2

WILLIAM HOBSON

RES. ENGR.

BORING NO.

B-101

SAMPLE CASING DAILY **REMARKS** PROGRESS NO. DEPTH BLOWS/6" **SAMPLE DESCRIPTION** STRATA DEPTH BLOWS 1D 0.0 6-8 Brown fine sandy silt, trace gravel, roots (Fill) DRILLED 09:30 1.5 14 AHEAD 08-04-11 (ML) 10-8 2D 2.0 Do 1D (Fill) (ML) Wednesday 3.5 Cloudy To 9 3D 4.0 7-16 Brown fine sandy silt, some gravel (Fill) (ML) 5 Clear 5.5 16 4D 6.5 5-3 Red brown fine sandy silt, trace gravel (Fill) (ML) 8.0 3 F 5D 10 9.0 4-2 Brown fine sandy silt, trace clay (Fill) (ML) 10.5 3 15 6D 14.0 4-3 Medium brown silty clay, trace fine sand, cinders, 15.5 3 glass (Fill) (CL) 16 20 7D 3-2 WC=22 19.0 Medium brown silty clay, trace fine sand, (CL) 20.5 T1(A) 8D 24.0 5-5 Brown fine sandy clay (CL) 25 WC=25 25.5 9 27.5 9D 29.0 3-5 Brown silty fine to medium sand (SM) 30 **T2** 30.5 6 32.5 10D 34.0 17-19 35 Brown fine to coarse sand, some gravel, trace 35.5 26 silt (SP-SM) 11D 39.0 10-17 40 Brown fine to coarse sand, trace gravel, silt 40.5 17 (SP-SM) **T3** 12D 44.0 9-7 45 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt WC=Water Content 45.5 (SP-SM) in percent of dry weight. 13D 48.5 20-21 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt 50 50.0 23 (SP-SM) End of Boring at 50'. 14:30

MUESER RUTLEDGE CONSULTING ENGINEERS

						BORING I	NO.	B-101	l
						SHEET	2	OF	2
PROJECT WASHINGTON MONUM					OVEMENTS	FILE NO.		11594	
LOCATION	_		WASHINGT			SURFACE	E ELEV.		1.2
BORING L	OCATION	SE	E BORING LO	CATION PLA	N	DATUM		NGVD 29	
BORING E	QUIPMEN		OS OF STABILIZ	ING BOREHOL	<u>_E</u>				
TVDE OF B	001110 BIO	TYPE OF		0.40110.1	1055		lv=o		
TYPE OF B	ORING RIG	DURING (CASING			YES	NO TO	
TRUCK		MECHANI		DIA., IN.	4	_DEPTH, FT		0TC	
SKID	CME-7	HYDRAUL	IC X	DIA., IN.		_DEPTH, FT		TC	
BARGE OTHER	CIVIE-7	50 OTHER		DIA., IN.		_DEPTH, FT	. FROIVI	TC	
TYPE AND	917E 0E			DDILLING	MUD USED		YES	NO	
D-SAMPLER		D. SPLIT SPOON	I		R OF ROTARY BI		ILS	3-3/4	
U-SAMPLER		D. 3FLIT 3FOON			DRILLING MUD	1, 114.		REVERT	
S-SAMPLER				TIFEOI	DI IILLING MOD			TILVLITI	
CORE BAR				AUGER L	ISED	Х	YES	NO	
CORE BIT					D DIAMETER, IN.		1120	TO START HO	ol E
DRILL ROD	S			***************************************	<i>D D I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I</i>			1001/111110	
DI IILL I IOD				CASING I	HAMMER, LBS.		AVERAGE	E FALL, IN.	
					R HAMMER, LBS.			E FALL, IN.	30
					ATIC HAMMER				
WATER LE	EVEL OBSE	ERVATIONS IN	BOREHOLE						
		DEPTH OF	DEPTH OF	DEPTH TO	The state of the s				
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASING	WATER		CONDITIO	NS OF OB	SERVATION	
					NO	WATER LEV	EL OBSEF	RVATIONS MAD	E
PIEZOMET	ER INSTA	LLED	YES X	NO SKI	ETCH SHOWN C	DN			
STANDPIPE		TYPE		ID, IN.	I EN	GTH, FT.		TOP ELEV.	
INTAKE ELE		TYPE	7	OD, IN.	-	GTH, FT.		TIP ELEV.	
FILTER:	IVICINI.	MATERIAL		OD, IN.		GTH, FT.		BOT. ELEV.	
FILI EN:		WATERIAL		OD, IN.	LLING	arn, rr.		BOT. ELEV.	
PAY QUAN	ITITIES								
3.5" DIA. DR	Y SAMPLE	BORING	LIN. FT.	50	NO. OF 3" SHEL	BY TUBE SA	MPLES		
3.5" DIA. U-SAMPLE BORING LIN. FT.			LIN. FT.	NO. OF 3" UNDISTURBED SAMPLES					
CORE DRIL	LING IN RO	CK	LIN. FT.		OTHER:				
BORING C	ONTRACT	OR			GEOSERVIC	ES, INC.			
		IES BEAVERS		HELPERS		BRIAN	ROBERTSON		
REMARKS				FILLED WITH	BENTONITE PEI	LETS UPC			
RESIDENT				VILLIAM HOBS			DATE	08-04	4-11
				CHERYL J. MOSS TYPING CHEC				HERYL J. MOSS	
MRCE Form BS-1					_	***************************************	BOF	RING NO.	B-101

PROJECT: WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS LOCATION: WASHINGTON, DC

BORING NO. B-102P

SHEET 1 OF 3

FILE NO. 11594

SURFACE ELEV. 37.5

WILLIAM HOBSON RES. ENGR. SAMPLE **CASING** DAILY NO. DEPTH BLOWS/6" **SAMPLE DESCRIPTION** STRATA DEPTH BLOWS **REMARKS PROGRESS** 1D 0.0 5-11 Brown fine sandy silt, trace gravel (Fill) (ML) DRILLED 07:00 08-05-11 1.5 11 **AHEAD** 2D 5-4 Do 1D (Fill) (ML) 2.0 Friday 3.5 4 Cloudy To 3D 3-2 5 3.5 Do 1D (Fill) (ML) Clear 5.0 3 4D 2-1 6.5 Soft brown fine sandy clay (Fill) (CL) 8.0 2 F 5D 2-10 Brown clayey fine sand (Fill) (SC) 10 9.0 10.5 10 6D 14.0 2-2 15 Medium brown silty clay, trace fine sand, concrete 16 15.5 3 (Fill) (CL) 7D 4-4 Stiff brown silty clay, some fine sand, trace 20 19.0 20.5 6 gravel (CL) T1(A) 8D 25 24.0 3-5 Stiff brown silty clay, some fine sand (CL) WC=18 25.5 7 27.5 9D 30 29.0 4-6 Brown silty fine sand (SM) 30.5 6 **T2** 10D 34.0 4-5 35 Do 9D, trace clay (SM) 35.5 37 11D 39.0 34-66/2 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt 40 39.7 (SP-SM) **T3** WC=Water Content 12D 44.0 39-38 Brown gravel (GP) 45 25 45.5 in percent of dry weight. 49 13D 48.5 100/6" Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt End of Boring at 49'. 14:20 (SP-SM) 50 49.0

BORING NO. B-102P

Mueser Rutledge Consulting Engineers 14 Penn Plaza - West 34th Street New York, NY 10122

PIEZOMETER RECORD

SHEET 2 OF 3 FILE NO. 11594

TASK NO.

B-102P

MUESER RUTLEDGE CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Washington D.C.

Washington Monument Security Improvements

PIEZOMETER NO.

PIEZOMETER LOCATION:

PROJECT:

LOCATION:

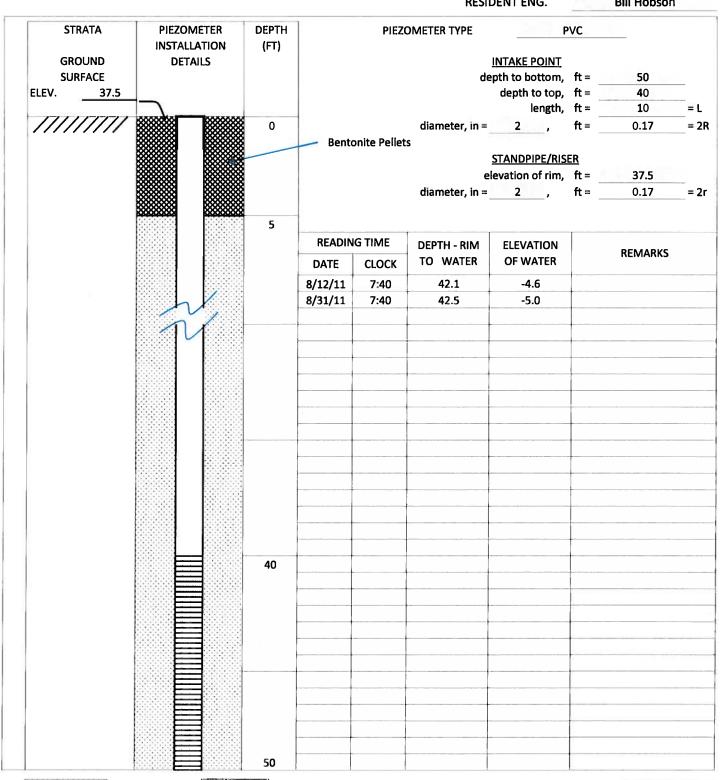
SEE BORING LOCATION PLAN

DATE OF INSTALLATION

8/9/2011

RESIDENT ENG.

Bill Hobson



SAND △ △ ✓ □ GRAVEL

OSSOS BENTONITE GROUT

GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 37.5

PIEZOMETER NO.

B-102P

						BORI	NG NO.	B-1	02P	
						SHEE	T	3 OF	3	
PROJECT	WASI	HINGTON MC	NUMENT SEC	S FILE	NO	1159				
LOCATION			WASHINGT			SURF	ACE ELEV		37.5	
BORING L	OCATION	SE	E BORING LC	CATION PLA	N	DATU	IM	NGVD	29	
							_			
BORING E	QUIPMEN	T AND METHO	OS OF STABILIZ	ZING BOREHOL	<u>.E</u>					
		TYPE OF	FEED							
TYPE OF BO	DRING RIG	DURING	CORING	CASING I	USED		X YES	NO		
TRUCK		MECHAN	ICAL	DIA., IN.	4	DEPTI	H, FT. FROM	0	TO 9	
SKID		HYDRAU	LIC X	DIA., IN.			H, FT. FROM		то	
BARGE		OTHER		DIA., IN.		DEPT	H, FT. FROM		то	
OTHER	CME-7	50								
TYPE AND	SIZE OF:			DBILLING	MUD USED)	X YES	NO		
D-SAMPLER	-	D. SPLIT SPOOI	J		R OF ROTA	_		3-3/4	l.	
U-SAMPLER		D. 01 211 01 001	<u> </u>		DRILLING N	•		REVER		
S-SAMPLER				111201	Di IILLII VA II	,,,,,,	-		.,	
CORE BARF		<u></u>		AUGER L	Г	X YES	NO			
CORE BIT	1LL			TYPE AN	E IN	<u></u>	TO START	HOLE		
DRILL RODS				TIFEAN	DUNIVILIE	11, 114.	-	1001/4111	HOLL	
DNILL NODE				CASING	HAMMER, LI	RS.	ΔVFRΔ	GE FALL. IN.		
					R HAMMER			GE FALL, IN.	30	
					ATIC HAMME			ar i are, iii.		
WATERIE	VEL OBSI	ERVATIONS IN	BOREHOLE	AUTOWA	AT TO TIAIVIIVIE	-11				
VVAILITEE	VLL ODG	DEPTH OF	DEPTH OF	DEPTH TO					-	
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASING	WATER		COND	ITIONS OF C	BSERVATION		
5,112		11.5==					E PIEZOMET			
		-								
i i										
PIEZOMET	ER INSTA	LLED X	YES	NO SKI	ETCH SHO	WN ON	S	EE SHEET N	O. 2	
							_			
STANDPIPE		TYPE	PVC	ID, IN.	2	LENGTH, FT		TOP ELEV.		
INTAKE ELE	MENT:	TYPE	PVC	OD, IN.	2	LENGTH, FT		TIP ELEV.	-12.5	
FILTER:		MATERIAL	SAND	OD, IN.	3-3/4	_LENGTH, F1	Г45	BOT. ELEV	·12.5	
PAY QUAN	TITIES									
3.5" DIA. DR		BORING	LIN. FT.	50	NO. OF 3"	SHELBY TUE	BE SAMPLES			
3.5" DIA. U-S			LIN. FT.		NO. OF 3"	UNDISTURB	ED SAMPLES	3		
CORE DRILL			LIN. FT.		OTHER:					
BORING C	ONTRACT					RVICES, IN				
DRILLER			MES BEAVERS		_HELPER			N ROBERTS	ON	
REMARKS	-	В	OREHOLE BACK	KFILLED WITH	BENTONIT	E PELLETS	UPON COM	IPLETION.		
RESIDENT	ENGINEE	R		WILLIAM HOBS	ON		DATE		3-09-11	
CLASSIFIC	ATION CH	IECK:	CHERYL J	I. MOSS	_TYPING	CHECK:	CHERYL J. MOSS			
MRCE Form BS-1	1						В	ORING NO.	B-102P	

PROJECT: LOCATION:

WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS WASHINGTON, DC

BORING NO. B-103
SHEET 1 OF 2
FILE NO. 11594
SURFACE ELEV. 37.5

RES. ENGR. WILLIAM HOBSON

DAILY		SAMPLE O. DEPTH BLOWS/6					CASING	
PROGRESS	NO.	DEPTH	BLOWS/6"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRATA	DEPTH	BLOWS	REMARKS
07:00	1D	0.0	2-4	Brown fine sandy silt, some gravel (Fill) (ML)			DRILLED	
08-16-11		1.5	4				AHEAD	
Thursday	2D	2.0	3-3	Brown silty fine sand, trace coarse sand			4"	
Clear to		3.5	4	(Fill) (SM)				
Partly Cloudy	3D	4.0	3-3	Do 2D (Fill) (SM)	F	5		
		5.5	3					
	4D	6.5	2-2	Top: Brown fine sandy silt, trace clay (ML)				
		8.0	4	Bot: Gray fine to medium sand, trace silt,				
				gravel (Fill) (SP-SM)		9	<u></u>	
	5D	9.0	3-3	Brown clayey fine sand (SC)		10		
		10.5	2					
					T2			
	6D	14.0	1-4	Dark brown clayey fine sand, trace gravel (SC)		15		Random gravel.
		15.5	10					
				,				
						17.5		
	7D	19.0	2-3	Medium brown fine sandy clay (CL)		20		WC=23
		20.5	3					
	8D	24.0	3-3	Do 7D (CL)	T1(A)	25		WC=22
		25.5	6		1.(7.4)			
[
	9D	29.0	3-6	Brown fine sandy silt, some clay (ML)		30		
		30.5	8					
						32		
	10D	34.0	5-6	Brown silty fine sand (SM)	T2	35		
		35.5	11					
						37		
	11D	39.0	25-37	Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, some silt		40		
		40.5	43	(SM)				
							i	
					Т3			
	12D	44.0	15-33	Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt	[45		WC=Water Content
		45.5	39	(SP-SM)	ĺ			in percent of dry
								weight.
13:00	13D	48.5	43-57/6"	Do 12D (SP-SM)				
,3.00		49.5	and a second			49.5		End of Boring at 49.5'.

						BORING NO) .	B-103	
						SHEET	2	OF	2
PROJECT	WASI	HINGTON MO	NUMENT SE	CURITY IMPR	OVEMENTS	FILE NO.		11594	
LOCATIO	N		WASHING			SURFACE I	ELEV.	37.	.5
BORING L	OCATION	SE	E BORING L	OCATION PLA	N	DATUM		NGVD 29	
BORING E	QUIPMEN	T AND METHOE	S OF STABIL	IZING BOREHO	LE				
		TYPE OF							
TYPE OF B	ORING RIG	DURING (CORING	CASING	USED	XY	ES	NO	
TRUCK		MECHANI	CAL	DIA., IN.	4	DEPTH, FT. I	ROM	0 то	9
SKID		HYDRAUL	.IC >	DIA., IN.		DEPTH, FT. F	ROM	то	
BARGE		OTHER		DIA., IN.		DEPTH, FT. F	ROM	то	
OTHER	CME-7	50				-			
TYPE AND	SIZE OF:			DRILLING	MUD USED	XY	ES	NO	
D-SAMPLE	R 2" O.	D. SPLIT SPOON		DIAMETE	R OF ROTARY BI	T, IN.		3-3/4	
U-SAMPLE	₹			TYPE OF	DRILLING MUD			REVERT	
S-SAMPLE	٦								
CORE BAR	REL			AUGER L	JSED	XY	ES	NO	
CORE BIT				TYPE AN	D DIAMETER, IN.			TO START HOL	-E
DRILL ROD	s								
				CASING	HAMMER, LBS.	A	VERAGE	FALL, IN.	<u> </u>
				*SAMPLE	R HAMMER, LBS.	140A	VERAGE	FALL, IN.	30
				*AUTOM	ATIC HAMMER				
WATER LE	VEL OBSE	RVATIONS IN	T		1				
DATE	TIME	DEPTH OF	DEPTH OF	DEPTH TO		CONSTIGNO	05.000		
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASING	WATER	NO.	CONDITIONS			•
				1	NO V	WAIER LEVEL	OBSER	IVATIONS MADE	
					-				
	1						~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
						<u></u> _			
							· · · · ·		
PIEZOMET	ER INSTAL	LED	YES X	NO SKI	ETCH SHOWN O	N			
STANDPIPE	: .	TYPE		ID, IN.	LENG	GTH, FT.		TOP ELEV.	
INTAKE ELE		TYPE		OD, IN.		TH, FT.		TIP ELEV.	
FILTER:		MATERIAL		OD, IN.		STH, FT.		BOT. ELEV.	
									
PAY QUAN	ITITIES								
3.5" DIA. DR	Y SAMPLE I	BORING	LIN. FT.	50	NO. OF 3" SHELI	BY TUBE SAM	PLES		
3.5" DIA. U-S	SAMPLE BO	RING	LIN. FT.		NO. OF 3" UNDIS	STURBED SAM	IPLES		
CORE DRILL	LING IN ROO	CK	LIN. FT.		OTHER:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
BORING C	ONTRACTO	OR			GEOSERVIC	ES, INC.			
DRILLER			ES BEAVERS		HELPERS		BRIAN I	ROBERTSON	
REMARKS					BENTONITE PEL				
RESIDENT	ENGINEEL			WILLIAM HOBS			ATE	08-16-	-11
CLASSIFIC			CHERYL		TYPING CHECI			RYL J. MOSS	
MRCE Form BS-	t							ING NO.	B-103

PROJECT: LOCATION:

WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS

WASHINGTON, DC

BORING NO. B-104
SHEET 1 OF 2
FILE NO. 11594
SURFACE ELEV. 33.8

RES. ENGR. WILLIAM HOBSON **CASING** SAMPLE DAILY **REMARKS** STRATA DEPTH BLOWS **SAMPLE DESCRIPTION** BLOWS/6" PROGRESS NO. DEPTH Brown fine sandy silt, trace roots, gravel, brick DRILLED 0.0 2-4 1D 07:00 **AHEAD** 9 (Fill) (ML) 1.5 08-15-11 Cemented. 2.0 12-17 Brown fine sandy silt (Fill) (ML) 2D Monday 16 3.5 Clear to F 5 8-9 Do 2D (Fill) (ML) 3D 4.0 Partly Cloudy 5.5 8 Brown fine sandy silt, trace gravel, brick, clay 4D 6.5 5-7 8.0 5 (Fill) (ML) 9 10 Brown clayey fine sand, trace gravel (SC) 11-8 5D 9.0 10.5 6 15 Brown clayey fine sand (SC) 6D 14.0 3-3 15.5 **T2** 4 20 7D Do 6D (SC) 19.0 3-4 20.5 22.5 25 WC=20 Medium brown fine sandy clay (CL) 8D 24.0 3-4 T1(A) 25.5 6 27.5 30 9D 29.0 6-6 Brown clayey fine sand (SC) 30.5 5 **T2** 35 Brown fine sand, some silt, trace clay (SM) 10D 34.0 9-9 35.5 9 37 40 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt 11D 39.0 23-25 (SP-SM) 40.5 17 **T3** 45 12D 44.0 16-35 Do 11D (SP-SM) WC=Water Content 65/3" 45.2 in percent of dry weight. Do 11D (SP-SM) 13D 48.5 70 13:00 49.1 End of Boring at 49.1'. 49.1 30/0.5"

							BORING	NO.	B-104	4
							SHEET	2	OF	2
PROJECT	WASH	IINGTON M	ONUMENT	VEMENTS	FILE NO.		11594			
LOCATION	l		WASH	INGTO	ON, DC		SURFACE	E ELEV.	33	3.8
BORING L	OCATION	5	SEE BORIN	G LOC	ATION PLAN		DATUM		NGVD 29	
PODING E	O: HOMENIT	T AND METH		ולו וום א	NG BOREHOL	E				
<u>BUNING E</u>	QUIFIVILIAI		ODS OF STA	<u> ADILIZI</u>	NG BOTTLITOL	=				
TYPE OF BO	JOING DIG		G CORING		CASING U	SED	X	YES	NO	
TRUCK	JAING AIG	MECHA			DIA., IN.	4	DEPTH, F1	J	0 TO	9
SKID		HYDRA		X	DIA., IN.		DEPTH, F1		TO	
BARGE		OTHER			DIA., IN.		DEPTH, F1		TO	
OTHER	CME-75									
OTTL										
TYPE AND	SIZE OF:				DRILLING	MUD USED	X	YES	NO	
D-SAMPLER	3 2" O.	D. SPLIT SPO	ON		DIAMETER	R OF ROTARY BI	Γ, IN	ı	3-3/4	
U-SAMPLER	3				TYPE OF	DRILLING MUD			REVERT	
S-SAMPLER										
CORE BAR	REL				AUGER U	SED	X	YES	NO	
CORE BIT					TYPE AND	DIAMETER, IN.			TO START HO	DLE
DRILL RODS	s									
					CASING F	IAMMER, LBS.		AVERAGE	FALL, IN.	
					*SAMPLE	R HAMMER, LBS.	140	AVERAGE	FALL, IN.	30
					*AUTOMA	TIC HAMMER				
WATER LE	VEL OBSE	RVATIONS	N BOREHO	<u>LE</u>						
		DEPTH OF	DEPT	1 OF	DEPTH TO					
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASI	NG	WATER				SERVATION	
						NO	WATER LEV	EL OBSEF	RVATIONS MAD	E.
				!						
DIEZOMET	CD INOTAL	1.ED [VEO	V	NO SVE	TOU SHOWN C	NNI			
PIEZOMET	EH INSTAL	<u>LED</u>	YES	X	NO SKE	TCH SHOWN C	/N			
CTANDDIDE		TYPE			ID, IN.	LEN	GTH, FT.		TOP ELEV.	
STANDPIPE		TYPE _			OD, IN.		GTH, FT.		TIP ELEV.	
INTAKE ELE		_			OD, IN.		GTH, FT.		BOT, ELEV.	
FILTER:		MATERIAL			OD, IIV.		3111,111.		_ 501. CCC 4.	
PAY QUAN	ITITIES									
3.5" DIA. DF		BORING	LIN. FT.		50	NO. OF 3" SHEL	BY TUBE S	AMPLES		
3.5" DIA. U-			LIN. FT.			NO. OF 3" UNDI				
CORE DRIL			LIN. FT.			OTHER:	0.0			
COIL DITE		JIC .	E114. 1 1.			01112111				
BORING C	ONTRACT	OR				GEOSERVIC	ES, INC.			
DRILLER	J	_	AMES BEAV	/ERS		HELPERS		BRIAN	ROBERTSON	l
REMARKS					FILLED WITH I	BENTONITE PE	LLETS UP			
RESIDENT					ILLIAM HOBS			DATE		5-11
CLASSIFIC		-	CHE	RYL J.		TYPING CHEC				S
MRCE Form BS-		<u> </u>				-	BORING NO.			B-104

PROJECT: WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS LOCATION: WASHINGTON, DC

BORING NO. B-105
SHEET 1 OF 2
FILE NO. 11594
SURFACE ELEV. 37.2

WILLIAM HOBSON RES. ENGR. **SAMPLE CASING** DAILY BLOWS/6" **SAMPLE DESCRIPTION** STRATA DEPTH BLOWS **PROGRESS** NO. DEPTH REMARKS 1D 0.0 2-6 Brown fine sandy silt, trace roots (Fill) (ML) DRILLED 07:00 1.5 **AHEAD** 08-12-11 2D 2.0 3-2 Brown silty fine sand, trace roots (Fill) (SM) Friday 3.5 3 Clear To 2-2 Brown fine sandy silt, trace clay (Fill) (ML) 5 3D 4.0 Partly Cloudy 5.5 2 F 4D 9-5 Brown fine sandy silt, trace brick (Fill) (ML) 6.5 8.0 7 5D 9.0 3-10 10 Stiff brown fine sandy clay, some brick (Fill) (CL) 10.5 6 12.5 6D 14.0 3-5 Brown clayey fine sand (SC) 15 15.5 7D 19.0 3-3 Do 6D, trace gravel (SC) 20 20.5 8D 24.0 2-3 25 Brown clayey fine sand, trace gravel (SC) **T2** 25.5 5 9D 29.0 4-6 Brown clayey fine sand (SC) 30 30.5 10D 34.0 4-3 Do 9D (SC) 35 Saturated 35.5 37 11D 37-40 40 39.0 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt Possibly cemented. 40.5 29 (SP-SM) **T3** 12D 44.0 3-3 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt, 45 45.5 clay pocket (SP-SM) 3 13D 48.5 20-24 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt 50 13:00 50.0 38 (SP-SM) End of Boring at 50'.

BORING NO. B-105

						BORING I	NO.	B-10)5
						SHEET	2	OF	2
PROJECT	WASH	HINGTON MOI	NUMENT SEC	URITY IMPRO	OVEMENTS	FILE NO.		11594	
LOCATION			WASHINGT	ON, DC	- 1111	SURFACE	ELEV.	3	7.2
BORING LO	CATION	SE	E BORING LO	CATION PLA	V	DATUM		NGVD 2	9
DODING E			NO OF OTABILIT	ZINC BODEHOI	_				
BOHING EC	<u>JUIPMEN I</u>	AND METHOD TYPE OF		ING BUREHUL	<u>-C</u>				
TYPE OF BC	BING BIG	DURING C		CASING I	ISED	X	YES	NO	
TRUCK	i iiiva i iia	MECHANI		DIA., IN.	4	DEPTH, FT	,		O 9
SKID		HYDRAUL				DEPTH, FT	_		0
BARGE		OTHER		DIA., IN.		_DEPTH, FT			0
OTHER	CME-75						. , , , ,		
_							1		
TYPE AND	SIZE OF:			DRILLING	MUD USED	X	YES	NO	
D-SAMPLER	2" O. I	D. SPLIT SPOON		DIAMETE	R OF ROTARY BI	T, IN.		3-3/4	
U-SAMPLER				TYPE OF	DRILLING MUD			REVERT	•
S-SAMPLER							,		
CORE BARR	EL			AUGER L	JSED	X	YES	NO	
CORE BIT				TYPE AN	D DIAMETER, IN.			TO START H	OLE
DRILL RODS									
				CASING I	HAMMER, LBS.		AVERAGE	FALL, IN.	
				*SAMPLE	R HAMMER, LBS.	140	AVERAGE	E FALL, IN.	30
					ATIC HAMMER		•	_	
WATER LE	VEL OBSE	RVATIONS IN	BOREHOLE						
	<u> </u>	DEPTH OF	DEPTH OF	DEPTH TO					
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASING	WATER		CONDITIO	NS OF OB	SERVATION	
					NO	WATER LEV	EL OBSEF	RVATIONS MA	DE.
		<u> </u>							
PIEZOMET	ER INSTAL	LED	YES X	NO SK	ETCH SHOWN C)N			
0741155:55		TVDC		ID 111	1 = 1	OTU ET		TOP ELEV	
STANDPIPE:		TYPE		ID, IN.		GTH, FT.		TOP ELEV.	
INTAKE ELE	MENT:	TYPE		OD, IN.		GTH, FT.		TIP ELEV.	-
FILTER:		MATERIAL		OD, IN.	LENG	GTH, FT.		BOT. ELEV.	
PAY QUAN	TITIES								
3.5" DIA. DR		BORING	LIN, FT.	50	NO. OF 3" SHEL	BY TUBE SA	AMPLES		
3.5" DIA. U-S			LIN. FT.		NO. OF 3" UNDI				
CORE DRILL			LIN. FT.		OTHER:	_,			
CORE DRILL	אטח אוו טאוו.	JK	LIIV. 1 1.		OTTILIT.				
BORING CO	ONTRACTO	OR			GEOSERVIC	ES, INC.			
DRILLER	_,		MES BEAVERS		HELPERS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	BRIAN	ROBERTSO	N
REMARKS				KFILLED WITH	BENTONITE PE	LLETS UPO			=
RESIDENT	ENGINEE			WILLIAM HOBS			DATE		08-11
CLASSIFIC			CHERYL J		TYPING CHEC	K:		IERYL J. MO	
			OTILITIE O					RING NO.	B-105
MRCE Form BS-1							50.		

PROJECT:

WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS

WASHINGTON, DC

B-106P **BORING NO.** 3 SHEET 1 OF FILE NO. 11594

LOCATION: SURFACE ELEV. 34.5 WILLIAM HOBSON RES. ENGR. SAMPLE DAILY **CASING** NO. DEPTH BLOWS/6" SAMPLE DESCRIPTION STRATA DEPTH BLOWS **REMARKS PROGRESS** 1D 0.0 3-11 Brown fine sandy silt, trace roots, brick (Fill) (ML) 07:00 **DRILLED** 1.5 14 08-11-11 **AHEAD** 2D 2.0 12-14 Thursday Do 1D (Fill) (ML) Clear To 3.5 6 3D 6-3 5 4.0 Do 1D (Fill) (ML) Partly Cloudy F 5.5 2 4D 2-1 6.5 8.0 2 Brown clayey fine sand (Fill) (SC) 5D 9.0 4-8 10 Stiff brown silt, some fine sand, trace clay, brick 10.5 5 (CL) T1(A) 6D 14.0 3-3 Medium brown fine sandy clay (CL) 15 WC=20 15.5 17.5 7D 19.0 2-3 Brown clayey fine sand (SC) 20 20.5 8D 24.0 3-5 Brown clayey fine sand (SC) 25 25.5 6 **T2** 9D 29.0 3-6 Do 8D (SC) 30 30.5 9 35 10D 34.0 5-10 Brown fine sand, some silt, trace clay (SM) 35.5 30 35.5 38 11D 39.0 26-29 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt 40 40.5 37 (SP-SM) **T3** 12D 44.0 57 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, some silt 45 45.0 63/6" WC=Water Content (SM) in percent of dry weight. 13D 48.5 44-36 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt 50 14:00 50.0 28 (SP-SM) End of Boring at 50'.

> BORING NO. B-106P

Mueser Rutledge Consulting Engineers 14 Penn Plaza - West 34th Street New York, NY 10122

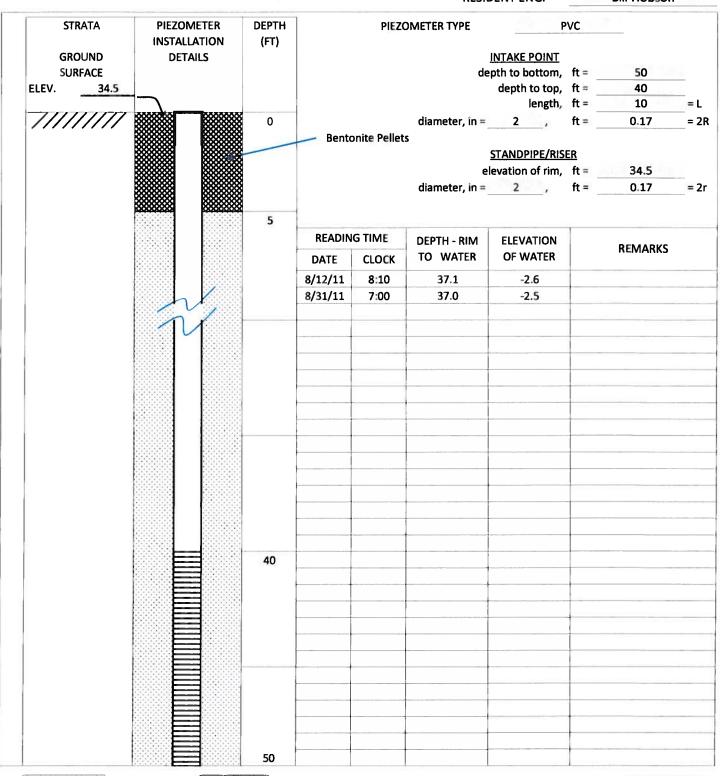
PIEZOMETER RECORD

SHEET 2 OF FILE NO. 11594

TASK NO.

MUESER RUTLEDGE CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Washington Monument Security Improvements PIEZOMETER NO. B-106P PROJECT: LOCATION: Washington D.C. PIEZOMETER LOCATION: SEE BORING LOCATION PLAN DATE OF INSTALLATION 8/11/2011 Bill Hobson RESIDENT ENG.







GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 34.5

PIEZOMETER NO.

B-106P

						BORING	NO.	B-106F	
PROJECT WASHIN						SHEET	3	OF	3
PROJECT								11594	
LOCATIO	N			<u>-</u>		SURFAC	E ELEV.	34.	5
BORING L	OCATION	SE	E BORING LO	OCATION PLA	N	DATUM		NGVD 29	1-5:51-1-1
							-		
BORING E	QUIPMEN	T AND METHO	DS OF STABIL	IZING BOREHOI	<u>_E</u>				
		TYPE OF					7		
	ORING RIG	DURING		CASING			YES	NO	
TRUCK		MECHAN		DIA., IN.	4	DEPTH, F		0TO	9
SKID		HYDRAU	LIC X			DEPTH, F		TO	
BARGE		OTHER		DIA., IN.		DEPTH, F	T. FROM	то	
OTHER	CME-7	50							
TYPE AND	SIZE OF:			DRILLING	MUD USED	Х	YES	NO	
D-SAMPLEI	R 2" O.	D. SPLIT SPOO	N	DIAMETE	R OF ROTA	RY BIT, IN.	_	3-3/4	
U-SAMPLE	R			TYPE OF DRILLING MUD				REVERT	
S-SAMPLE	R						-		
CORE BAR	REL			AUGER USED			YES	NO	
CORE BIT	\(\frac{1}{2}\)			TYPE AN	R, IN.	_	TO START HOL	.E	
DRILL ROD	S								
				CASING I	HAMMER, LB	S.	AVERAG	E FALL, IN.	
				*SAMPLE	R HAMMER,	LBS. 140	AVERAG	E FALL, IN.	30
				*AUTOMA	ATIC HAMME	R	_		
WATER LI	EVEL OBSE	RVATIONS IN	BOREHOLE						
		DEPTH OF	DEPTH OF	DEPTH TO					
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASING	WATER		CONDITIO	ONS OF OB	SERVATION	
						SEE PI	EZOMETE	R SHEET.	
	<u> </u>					<u> </u>			
PIEZOMET	TER INSTAI	LED X	YES	NO SKI	ETCH SHOV	WN ON	SE	E SHEET NO. 2	2
STANDPIPE	:	TYPE	PVC	ID, IN.	2	LENGTH, FT.	40	TOP ELEV.	34.5
INTAKE ELE		TYPE	PVC	OD, IN.	2	LENGTH, FT.	10	TIP ELEV.	-15.5
FILTER:		MATERIAL	SAND	OD, IN.	4	LENGTH, FT.	45	BOT. ELEV.	-15.5
				,		•		_	
PAY QUAN	NTITIES								
	RY SAMPLE	BORING	LIN. FT.	50	NO. OF 3"	SHELBY TUBE S	SAMPLES		
	SAMPLE BO		LIN. FT.			UNDISTURBED :		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	LING IN RO		LIN, FT.	***************************************	OTHER:	-			
BORING C	ONTRACTO	OR			GEOSE	RVICES, INC.			
DRILLER			MES BEAVERS		HELPERS		BRIAN	ROBERTSON	
· · · · ·					-				
REMARKS		B	OREHOLE BAC	KFILLED WITH	RENTONIII	E PELLETS UP		LE HON.	
	ENGINEE			WILLIAM HOBS		E PELLETS UP	DATE	08-11	-11
		R		WILLIAM HOBS			DATE		

PROJECT: LOCATION:

WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS

WASHINGTON, DC

BORING NO. B-107
SHEET 1 OF 2
FILE NO. 11594
SURFACE ELEV. 37.1

RES. ENGR. WILLIAM HOBSON

CASING SAMPLE DAILY REMARKS SAMPLE DESCRIPTION STRATA DEPTH BLOWS DEPTH BLOWS/6" PROGRESS NO. DRILLED Organic odor. 1D 2-3 Brown fine sandy silt, trace clay, roots (Fill) (ML) 0.0 07:00 **AHEAD** 1.5 5 08-08-11 2D 2.0 5-6 Do 1D (Fill) (ML) Tuesday 3.5 6 Cloudy To 5 4-4 Do 1D (Fill) (ML) 3D 4.0 Clear 5.5 4 F 4D 8-3 Do 1D (Fill) (ML) 6.5 8.0 4 10 WC=20 5D 5-3 Medium brown silty clay, trace fine to coarse 9.0 10.5 3 sand (CL) 12.5 15 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, some silt 6D 14.0 6-2 15.5 (SM) 3 20 7D 19.0 2-2 Brown clayey fine to medium sand (SC) 20.5 25 8D 24.0 2-3 Do 7D (SC) **T2** 25.5 6 30 Saturated. 9D 29.0 5-5 Do 7D (SC) 30.5 7 35 10D 4-4 Brown silty fine sand (SM) 34.0 35.5 37 40 25-23 Brown fine to coarse sand, some gravel, trace 11D 39.0 **T3** 40.5 28 silt (SP-SM) 43 45 Dark gray silty fine sand, trace gravel (SM) 12D 44.0 3-4 WC=Water Content 45.5 8 T1(D) in percent of dry weight. 13D 4-2 Dark gray silty fine sand, trace clay (SM) 48.5 50 End of Boring at 50'. 13:00 50.0 2

						BORING I	NO.	B-107	
						SHEET	2	OF	2
PROJECT		HINGTON MO		CURITY IMPRO	OVEMENTS	FILE NO.		11594	
LOCATION			WASHING			SURFACE	E ELEV.	37.	1
BORING L	OCATION	SE	E BORING LO	OCATION PLAN	V	DATUM		NGVD 29	
BORING E	QUIPMENT	Γ AND METHOE TYPE OF		ZING BOREHOL	<u>E</u>				
TYPE OF B	ORING RIG	DURING (CASING L	ISED	X	YES	NO	
TRUCK	o,,,,,a,,,,a	MECHANI		DIA., IN.	4	DEPTH, FT		0 то	9
SKID		HYDRAUL				DEPTH, FT		то	
BARGE		OTHER		DIA., IN.		DEPTH, FT		ТО	
OTHER	CME-75	50		•		-			
TYPE AND	SIZE OF:			DRILLING	MUD USED	Х	YES	NO	
D-SAMPLER	3 2" O.	D. SPLIT SPOON	l	DIAMETE	R OF ROTARY BI	Γ, IN		3-3/4	
U-SAMPLER	3			TYPE OF	DRILLING MUD			REVERT	
S-SAMPLER	٦								
CORE BAR	REL			AUGER U	SED	X	YES	NO	
CORE BIT				TYPE ANI	D DIAMETER, IN.			TO START HOL	.E
DRILL ROD	s								
				CASING H	HAMMER, LBS.		AVERAGE	FALL, IN.	
				*SAMPLE	R HAMMER, LBS.	140	AVERAGE	FALL, IN.	30
				*AUTOMA	TIC HAMMER				
WATER LE	VEL OBSE	RVATIONS IN	BOREHOLE						
		DEPTH OF	DEPTH OF	DEPTH TO					
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASING	WATER	NO			SERVATION	
					NO V	VAIERLEV	EL OBSEF	RVATIONS MADE	•
				<u> </u>			·····		
PIEZOMET	ER INSTAL	LED	YES X	NO SKE	ETCH SHOWN C	N			
STANDPIPE	<u>:</u>	TYPE		ID, IN.	LENG	aTH, FT.		TOP ELEV.	
INTAKE ELE	MENT:	TYPE		OD, IN.	LENG	ath, ft.		TIP ELEV.	
FILTER:		MATERIAL		OD, IN.	LENG	STH, FT.		BOT. ELEV.	
		-						-	
PAY QUAN	<u>ITITIES</u>								
3.5" DIA. DR	Y SAMPLE I	BORING	LIN. FT.	50	NO. OF 3" SHEL	BY TUBE SA	AMPLES		
3.5" DIA. U-9	SAMPLE BO	RING	LIN. FT.		NO. OF 3" UNDIS	STURBED S	AMPLES		
CORE DRILL	LING IN ROC	CK	LIN. FT.		OTHER:				
BORING C	ONTRACTO	OR			GEOSERVIC	ES, INC.			
DRILLER		JAN	MES BEAVERS		HELPERS		BRIAN	ROBERTSON	
REMARKS		BC	REHOLE BAC	KFILLED WITH I	BENTONITE PEL	LETS UPC	N COMP	LETION.	
RESIDENT	ENGINEE	R		WILLIAM HOBS	NC		DATE	08-08	
CLASSIFIC	ATION CH	ECK:	CHERYL J	. MOSS	TYPING CHEC	K:		ERYL J. MOSS	
MRCE Form BS-	1						BOF	RING NO.	B-107

PROJECT: LOCATION:

WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS

WASHINGTON, DC

BORING NO. B-108
SHEET 1 OF 2
FILE NO. 11594
SURFACE ELEV. 38.0

RES. ENGR. WILLIAM HOBSON

CASING SAMPLE DAILY **REMARKS** DEPTH BLOWS/6" SAMPLE DESCRIPTION STRATA DEPTH BLOWS PROGRESS NO. DRILLED 5-12 Brown fine to coarse sandy silt, trace gravel 07:00 1D 0.0 AHEAD (Fill) (ML) 08-05-11 1.5 18 Brown silty gravel, some fine to coarse sand Thursday 2D 2.0 12-10 Cloudy To 3.5 7 (Fill) (GM) 5 3D 4.0 5-4 Brown fine to coarse sandy silt (Fill) (ML) Clear 5.5 7 F Brown clayey fine to coarse sand, trace gravel 4D 6.5 11-3 (Fill) (SC) 8.0 3 Pushing a large piece 10 5D 9.0 25-31 Brown clayey gravel, some fine to coarse sand of gravel. 10.5 6 (Fill) (GC) 12 15 WC=25 6D 5-2 Medium brown silty clay, some fine sand, trace 14.0 T1(A) 15.5 3 gravel (CL) 17.5 7D 19.0 3-2 Brown clayey fine to medium sand (SC) 20 20.5 25 8D 24.0 3-6 Brown clayey fine sand (SC) 25.5 **T2** 30 9D 29.0 4-4 Brown clayey fine sand (SC) 30.5 35 10D 34.0 5-6 Brown silty fine sand, trace clay (SM) 35.5 38 40 11D 39.0 15-41 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, some 40.5 12 clay (SC) **T3** WC=Water Content 45 12D 44.0 16-7 Do 11D (SC) in percent of dry 45.5 4 weight. 13D 48.5 Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, some Contains either decom-81-19/1" 14:30 49.1 posed rock or decom-49.1 silt (SM) posed pieces of gravel. End of Boring at 49.1'.

PODING NO	D 100
BORING NO.	B-108

						BORING I	NO.	B-1	08
						SHEET	2		2
PROJECT	WAS	HINGTON MO		OVEMENTS	FILE NO.		11594		
LOCATION			WASHINGT			SURFACE	E ELEV.		38.0
BORING L	OCATION	SE	E BORING LO	CATION PLA	V	DATUM		NGVD 2	29
BORING E	QUIPMEN	T AND METHOD	S OF STABILIZ	ING BOREHOL	<u>.E</u>				
		TYPE OF	FEED						
TYPE OF BO	DRING RIG	DURING C	CORING	CASING	JSED	X	YES	NO	
TRUCK		MECHANI	CAL	DIA., IN.	4	_DEPTH, FT	. FROM	0	TO 9
SKID		HYDRAUL	IC X	DIA., IN.		_DEPTH, FT	. FROM		то
BARGE		OTHER		DIA., IN.		DEPTH, FT	. FROM		то
OTHER	CME-7	50							
TYPE AND	CIZE OF			DBILLING	MUD USED	X	YES	NO	
		D CDUT CDOON			R OF ROTARY BI		TES	3-3/4	
D-SAMPLER U-SAMPLER		D. SPLIT SPOON	<u> </u>		DRILLING MUD	I, IIN.		REVER	Т
S-SAMPLER				TTPE OF	DRILLING MOD			NEVEN	
CORE BARF				AUGER L	ISED	Y	YES	NO	
CORE BIT	·				D DIAMETER, IN.		1120	TO START I	HOLE
DRILL RODS				111 = AN	D DI/(III)E E (, 114.			10017.111	1022
DI IILL HODE			····	CASING I	HAMMER, LBS.		AVFRAGI	E FALL, IN.	
					R HAMMER, LBS.			E FALL, IN.	30
					TIC HAMMER			_ , , , ,	
WATER LE	VEL OBSI	ERVATIONS IN	BOREHOLE	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
		DEPTH OF	DEPTH OF	DEPTH TO					
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASING	WATER		CONDITIO	NS OF OB	SERVATION	
					NO	WATER LEV	EL OBSE	RVATIONS MA	ADE.
				1					
			il de la companya de						
		-							
			<u> </u>						
DIEZOMET	ED INISTA	LLED	YES X	אס פגו	ETCH SHOWN C	M			
PIEZOMET	LHINSIA		YES X		_1011011011111	214			
STANDPIPE	:	TYPE		ID, IN.	LENG	GTH, FT.		TOP ELEV.	
INTAKE ELE	MENT:	TYPE		OD, IN.	LEN	GTH, FT.		TIP ELEV.	
FILTER:		MATERIAL		OD, IN.	LEN	GTH, FT.		BOT. ELEV.	
PAY QUAN	<u>TITIES</u>								
3.5" DIA. DR	Y SAMPLE	BORING	LIN. FT.	50	NO. OF 3" SHEL				
3.5" DIA. U-S	SAMPLE BO	RING	LIN. FT.		NO. OF 3" UNDI	STURBED S	AMPLES		
CORE DRILL	ING IN RO	СК	LIN. FT.		OTHER:				
DODING O	0.LTD 4.OT				OF OSERVIO	YEO INO			
BORING CO	JNTHACT		AEC BEAVERS		GEOSERVIC HELPERS	ES, INC.	RDIAN	ROBERTSO)NI
DRILLER			MES BEAVERS	CEILLED WITH	_ NELPERS BENTONITE PEI	I LETS LIPO			/14
REMARKS RESIDENT	ENGINES			VILLIAM HOBS			DATE		-05-11
CLASSIFIC			CHERYL J		TYPING CHEC			HERYL J. MC	
MRCE Form BS-1			OTILITIE 0					RING NO.	B-108
	•								

PROJECT: LOCATION:

WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS

WASHINGTON, DC

BORING NO. B-109
SHEET 1 OF 2
FILE NO. 11594
SURFACE ELEV. 32.8

RES. ENGR. WILLIAM HOBSON SAMPLE **CASING** DAILY **REMARKS** STRATA DEPTH BLOWS DEPTH BLOWS/6" SAMPLE DESCRIPTION PROGRESS NO. DRILLED 9-8 Dark brown fine sandy silt, trace gravel (Fill) (ML) 0.0 07:00 **AHEAD** 21 1.5 08-17-11 21-21 Brown fine sandy silt, some gravel (Fill) (ML) 2D 2.0 Wednesday 3.5 9 Clear To F 5 4-4 Brown silt, some fine sand (Fill) (ML) 3D 4.0 Partly Cloudy 5.5 4 Brown clayey silt, some fine sand (Fill) (ML) 4D 3-4 6.5 8.0 3 9 10 5D 2-2 Brown silty fine sand, trace clay (SM) 9.0 10.5 3 **T2** 15 6D 14.0 3-3 Brown clayey fine sand (SC) 15.5 17.5 20 Stiff brown fine sandy clay (CL) 7D 3-7 19.0 T1(A) 20.5 5 22.5 25 8D 24.0 4-5 Brown silty fine sand, trace gravel, clay (SM) 25.5 6 **T2** 30 Brown clayey fine sand, trace silt (SC) 9D 29.0 4-5 30.5 6 32 10D Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt 35 34.0 42-58/6" (SP-SM) 35.0 40 11D 39.0 22-27 Do 10D (SP-SM) 40.5 24 **T3** 45 12D 44.0 26-33 Do 10D (SP-SM) 39 45.5 13D 39-30 Do 10D (SP-SM) 48.5 50 End of Boring at 50'. 50.0 45 13:00

BORING NO.

						BORING I	NO.	B-1	09	
						SHEET	2	OF	2	
PROJECT	WASH	HINGTON MO	NUMENT SEC	OVEMENTS	FILE NO.		11594	•		
LOCATION			WASHINGT	ON, DC		SURFACE	E ELEV.		32.8	
BORING LO	OCATION	SE	E BORING LO	CATION PLAI	V	DATUM		NGVD 2	29	
505005	0		OC OF OTABULE	INO DODELIO	_					
BORING E	QUIPMENI	TYPE OF	OS OF STABILIZ	ING BUREHUL	<u>.C</u>					
TYPE OF BO	DINC DIC	DURING (CASING U	ISED	X	YES	NO		
TRUCK	JAING AIG	MECHANI		DIA., IN.	4	DEPTH, FT	,		TO 9	
SKID		HYDRAUL		DIA., IN.		DEPTH, FT			TO	
BARGE		OTHER		DIA., IN.		_DEPTH, FT			то	
OTHER	CME-75			DIA., IIV.						
OTTILITY .	OIVIL 7									
TYPE AND	SIZE OF:			DRILLING	MUD USED	X	YES	NO		
D-SAMPLER	2" O. I	D. SPLIT SPOON	l	DIAMETE	R OF ROTARY BI	T, IN.	•	3-3/4		
U-SAMPLER				TYPE OF	DRILLING MUD			REVER	Т	
S-SAMPLER										
CORE BARF				AUGER L	ISED	Х	YES	NO		
CORE BIT				TYPE AN	D DIAMETER, IN.			TO START I	HOLE	
DRILL RODS										
				CASING I	HAMMER, LBS.		AVERAGI	E FALL, IN.		
				*SAMPLE	R HAMMER, LBS.	140	AVERAGI	E FALL, IN.	30	
				*AUTOMA	TIC HAMMER		<u>-</u> '			
WATER LE	VEL OBSE	RVATIONS IN	<u>BOREHOLE</u>							
		DEPTH OF	DEPTH OF	DEPTH TO						
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASING	WATER				SERVATION		
					NO '	WATER LEV	EL OBSE	RVATIONS MA	ADE.	
			-							
PIEZOMET	ED INSTAI	LED _	YES X	NO SKI	ETCH SHOWN C	N				
FILZONET	<u>LIT INOTAL</u>		1123 X							
STANDPIPE	•	TYPE		ID, IN.	LEN	GTH, FT.		TOP ELEV.		
INTAKE ELE		TYPE		OD, IN.		GTH, FT.		TIP ELEV.		
FILTER:		MATERIAL		OD, IN.		GTH, FT.		BOT. ELEV.		
						,				
PAY QUAN	ITITIES									
3.5" DIA. DR		BORING	LIN. FT.	50	NO. OF 3" SHEL	BY TUBE S	AMPLES			
3.5" DIA. U-S			LIN. FT.		NO. OF 3" UNDI					
CORE DRILL			LIN. FT.		OTHER:					
50. IL DI IILI		- · •								
BORING C	ONTRACT	OR			GEOSERVIC	ES, INC.				
DRILLER			MES BEAVERS		HELPERS		BRIAN	ROBERTSO	ON	
REMARKS				KFILLED WITH	BENTONITE PE	LLETS UPO				
RESIDENT	-			WILLIAM HOBS			DATE		-17-11	
CLASSIFIC			CHERYL J		TYPING CHEC	K:		CHERYL J. MOSS		
MRCE Form BS-		BORING NO.		CHERTIE S. MOSO				B-109		

PROJECT:

WASHINGTON MONUMENT SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS

BORING NO. B-110P

SHEET 1 OF 3

FILE NO. 11594

LOCATION: WASHINGTON, DC SURFACE ELEV. 37.8 **WILLIAM HOBSON** RES. ENGR. SAMPLE **CASING** DAILY BLOWS/6" **SAMPLE DESCRIPTION** STRATA DEPTH BLOWS REMARKS PROGRESS NO. DEPTH DRILLED 0.0 3-5 Brown fine sandy silt, some gravel, trace brick 07:30 1.5 (Fill) (ML) **AHEAD** 08-10-11 7-7 Brown fine sandy silt (Fill) (ML) 2D 2.0 Thursday 3.5 Clear To 7 5 3D 4.0 5-2 Brown fine sandy silt, trace gravel (Fill) (ML) Partly Cloudy 5.5 3 4D 2-2 6.5 Brown fine sandy silt, trace clay (Fill) (ML) 8.0 3 F 10 5NR 9.0 3-1 No recovery 10.5 2 6D 11.5 1-2 Brown & black fine sandy silt, trace clay 13.0 (Fill) (ML) 3 From 14' to 16.5', lost 10-6 15 7D 1.5 tubs of drilling mud. 14.0 Brown & black fine to coarse sand, some silt, 15.5 5 trace gravel (Fill) (SM) 7D: WC=20 18 8D 2-1 20 19.0 Soft brown fine sandy clay, trace gravel (CL) 20.5 T1(A) 9D 24.0 4-4 Brown fine sandy silt, trace clay (ML) 25 25.5 6 28 30 10D 29.0 4-4 Brown clayey fine sand, trace gravel (SC) 30.5 5 **T2** 35 11D 34.0 5-5 Brown silty fine sand, trace clay (SM) 35.5 15 12D 39.0 35-65/2" Brown gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace silt 40 39.7 (SP-SM) **T3** 13D 44.0 3-3 Brown & gray gravelly fine to coarse sand, 45 WC=Water Content some clay (SC) 45.5 in percent of dry weight. 14D 48.5 22-75 Brown fine to coarse sand, some gravel, 50 End of Boring at 50'. 50.0 33 trace clay (SP-SC) 14:20

BORING NO. B-110P

PROJECT:

Mueser Rutledge Consulting Engineers 14 Penn Plaza - West 34th Street New York, NY 10122

PIEZOMETER RECORD

SHEET 2 OF FILE NO. 11594

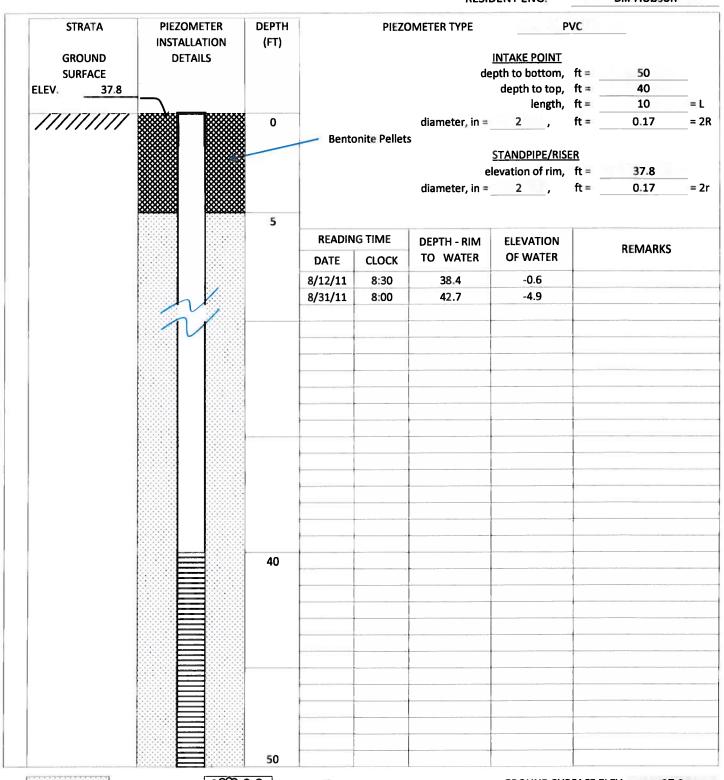
TASK NO.

MUESER RUTLEDGE CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Washington Monument Security Improvements PIEZOMETER NO. B-110P

LOCATION: Washington D.C.

8/10/2011 SEE BORING LOCATION PLAN DATE OF INSTALLATION **PIEZOMETER LOCATION:** RESIDENT ENG. **Bill Hobson**



SAND △ △ ✓ □ GRAVEL

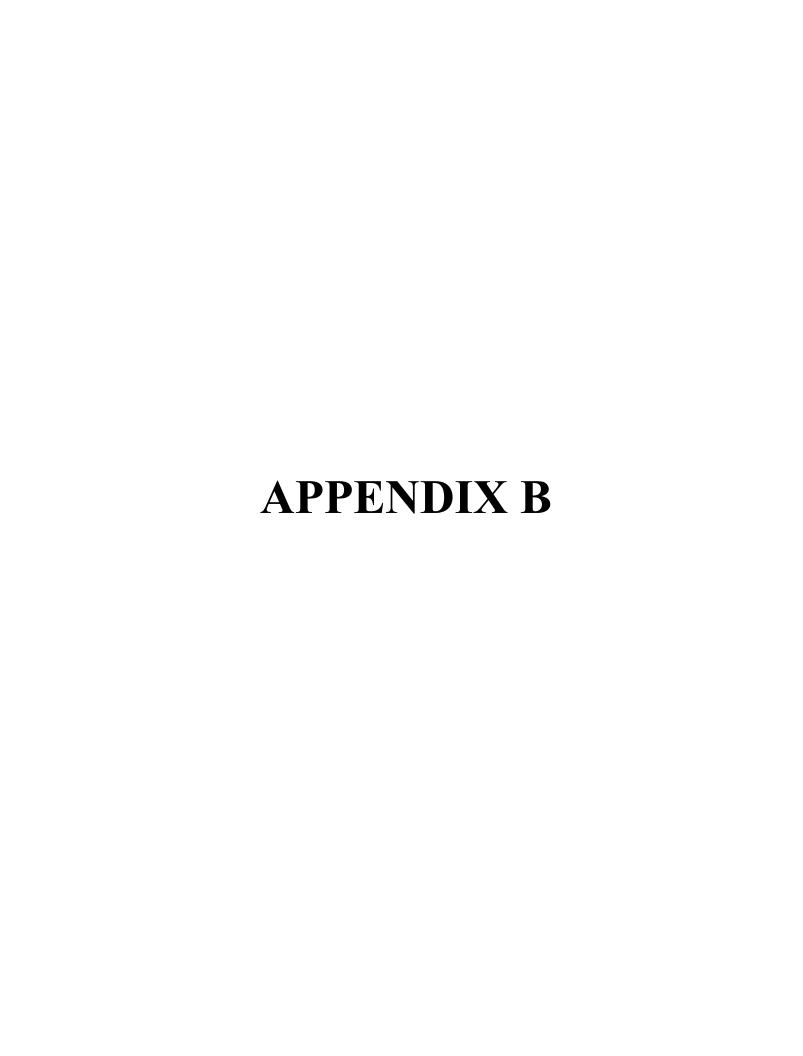
SSSSSSS BENTONITE _____GROUT

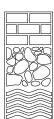
GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 37.8

PIEZOMETER NO.

B-110P

						BORING	NO.	B-110)P
						SHEET	3	OF	3
PROJECT	WAS	HINGTON M	ONUMENT SEC	URITY IMPR	OVEMENT	TS FILE NO),	11594	
LOCATION	i		WASHINGT	ON, DC	-	SURFA	CE ELEV.	3	7.8
BORING L	OCATION	S	EE BORING LO	CATION PLA	N	DATUM		NGVD 29	}
DODING E	OLUDIACI	T AND METH	DDC OF OTABILI		-				
BORING E	QUIPMEN		ODS OF STABILIZ F FEED	ING BUREHUI	<u>-C</u>				
TYPE OF BO	ORING RIG		G CORING	CASING	USED	X	YES	NO	
TRUCK	Jinina riia	MECHA		DIA., IN.	4		T. FROM	0 Te	0 9
SKID		HYDRA					FT. FROM	Т(
BARGE		OTHER		DIA., IN.			FT. FROM	т	
OTHER	CME-7			DIA., IN.			1.11101		
TYPE AND	SIZE OF:			DRILLING	MUD USEI	D X	YES	NO	
D-SAMPLER	2" O.	D. SPLIT SPO	ON	DIAMETE	R OF ROTA	ARY BIT, IN.		3-3/4	
U-SAMPLER	۹			TYPE OF	DRILLING!	MUD		REVERT	
S-SAMPLEF	₹						_		
CORE BAR	REL			AUGER L	JSED	X	YES	NO	
CORE BIT				TYPE AN	ID DIAMETE	R, IN.		TO START H	DLE
DRILL RODS	S								
				CASING	HAMMER, L	BS	AVERAG	E FALL, IN.	
				*SAMPLE	R HAMMER	R, LBS. 140	AVERAG	E FALL, IN.	30
				*AUTOM/	ATIC HAMM	ER			
WATER LE	EVEL OBS	ERVATIONS I	N BOREHOLE						
		DEPTH OF	DEPTH OF	DEPTH TO					
DATE	TIME	HOLE	CASING	WATER		CONDITI	ONS OF OE	SERVATION	
						SEE F	PIEZOMETE	R SHEET.	
				1					
PIEZOMET	ER INSTA	LIED	X YES	NO SK	ETCH SHC	WN ON		SHEET NO. 2	
FILZOIVILI	LITINOTA	LLLD	X 11.0	OK				0.1221110.2	
STANDPIPE	<u>:</u>	TYPE	PVC	ID, IN.	2	LENGTH, FT.	40	TOP ELEV.	37.8
INTAKE ELE	EMENT:	TYPE	PVC	OD, IN.	2	LENGTH, FT.	10	TIP ELEV.	-12.2
FILTER:		MATERIAL	SAND	OD, IN.	3-3/4	LENGTH, FT.	45	BOT. ELEV.	-12.2
PAY QUAN	<u>ITITIES</u>								
3.5" DIA. DR	RY SAMPLE	BORING	LIN. FT.	50	NO. OF 3'	' SHELBY TUBE	SAMPLES		
3.5" DIA. U-8	SAMPLE BO	DRING	LIN. FT.		NO. OF 3'	' UNDISTURBED	SAMPLES		
CORE DRIL	LING IN RO	CK	LIN. FT.		OTHER:				
BORING C	ONTRACT					ERVICES, INC.			
DRILLER			AMES BEAVERS		HELPER	-		ROBERTSON	1
REMARKS	-		BOREHOLE BACK			E PELLETS U			
RESIDENT				WILLIAM HOBS			DATE)9-11
CLASSIFIC	CATION CH	HECK:	CHERYL J	. MOSS	TYPING CHECK: CHERYL J. MOSS				
MRCE Form BS-	1						ВО	RING NO.	B-110P





Mueser Rutledge Consulting Engineers

14 Penn Plaza · 225 West 34th Street · New York, NY 10122

Tel: (917) 339-9300 · Fax: (917) 339-9400

www.mrce.com

MEMORANDUM

To: Jill Cavanaugh, Beyer Blinder Belle Architects & Planners LLP

From: James Go and Michael Law

Re: Finite Element Analysis of Proposed Excavation

Washington Monument Security Improvements

Washington, DC

File: MRCE File No. 11594

Date: November 18, 2011

In accordance with our proposal dated April 1, 2011, Mueser Rutledge Consulting Engineers (MRCE) performed an engineering study to evaluate the impact of the proposed excavation (Alternative A1) near the Washington Monument (the "Monument"). This memorandum summarizes our assumptions, methodology, and results of our study.

PROJECT BACKGROUND

The current project aims to provide security improvements to the Monument in the form of a visitor screening facility. Multiple alternatives are being considered for the security improvements, all of which involve the construction of a screening facility on the Monument grounds and a means for screened visitors to access the Monument in a secure fashion.

Beyer Blinder Belle Architects & Planners LLP (BBB) provided us information regarding the various alternatives for the security improvements and requested us to consider Alternatives A1 and A4. Both alternatives, A1 and A4, include a below grade screening facility and excavation/regrading east of the Monument. Based on the close proximity of the excavation to the Monument and the larger volume of proposed excavation, we judged that Alternative A1 would have a more significant impact on the Monument than Alternative A4 and was therefore selected for this study.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We reviewed available geotechnical data and foundation details to perform our study. The following reports, survey data, and structural calculations were specifically used in our study:

- A topographic survey of the site prepared by Dewberry, dated December 6, 2010
- A report titled Subsurface Investigation, Monument Grounds and Visitor Facility, Washington Monument, Washington, DC, dated June 2, 2002, prepared by Mueser Rutledge Consulting Engineers for Olin Partnership and Hartman Cox Architects. This report incorporates earlier reports by MRCE
- A paper titled The Washington Monument Case History dated August 28, 2009 written by J.
 Briaud, B. Smith, K. Rhee, H. Lacy, and J. Nicks and published by the International Journal of Geoengineering Case Histories Volume 1, Issue 3, pp 170-188
- An undated load takedown spreadsheet provided to us by Silman Associates on September 19,2011

 The complete list of available information is summarized in our subsurface investigation report (MRCE, 2011).

SITE DESCRIPTION & SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

The Washington Monument is located on a grassy knoll on the National Mall between Constitution and Independence Avenues, between 15th and 17th Streets. The Monument grounds have been regraded on several occasions, the most recent being in the early 2000s. The Monument is surrounded by a plaza consisting of granite pavers. The elevation of the plaza is approximately Elev. 39 referenced to National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29), a mean sea level datum. In general, grades tend to be sloped one foot or less within 150 feet of the Monument, and sloped one to two feet within 150 to 200 feet from the Monument. A detailed discussion of the subsurface conditions, as well as boring logs and laboratory tests can be found in the 2002 and 2011 MRCE Subsurface Investigation Reports.

WASHINGTON MONUMENT DETAILS

Completed in 1884, the Monument is an obelisk standing 555.5 ft tall and is made of marble, granite, and bluestone gneiss. Construction of the Monument started in 1843 and by 1854, the shaft had reached a height of 152 ft above the top of the foundations. The original foundation was built in pyramidal shape with stepped sides, made of blue gneiss blocks set in a mortar of hydraulic cement, stone, lime, and sand. The pyramidal foundation was 23 ft high and 80 feet square at its base. From 1854 to 1878, construction of the Monument did not progress much and by 1876, the Corps of Engineer investigating board concluded that the proposed height of the structure must be reduced due to excessive pressures on the existing foundation. Upon the advice of a second board, an underpinning operation was carried out between late 1879 and June 1880 which involved placing concrete pads 13.5 ft thick and required excavation of over 70 percent of the original base area of the pyramidal foundations. The concrete underpinning was extended 23 ft beyond the original base on all sides and provides a bearing area of 16,000 sq. ft. From 1880 to 1881, fill was placed around the Monument to form a terrace to bring the ground level up to the top of the foundation. Construction of the shaft then resumed until completion in 1884. A detailed description of the site history including measured settlements can be found in the 2002 MRCE Subsurface Investigation Report.

PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE A1

Figure 1a shows the conceptual drawing of Alternative A1 by BBB. This alternative includes a recessed east entry below the plaza and a tunnel approximately 12 to 24 ft wide x 150 ft long x 15 ft deep leading to the Monument. The recessed entry would require a semi-circular asymmetric excavation from 120 ft to 150 ft east of the Monument. The recessed entry is composed of mirror-image 13-ft wide ramps starting at existing grade east of the excavation, dropping down approximately 6 ft to the north and south, and then make a 180-degree turn and dropping down another 8 ft to the tunnel entrance (see Figure 1b).

FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

To evaluate the impact of the proposed excavation on the Monument, we performed a numerical study using the three-dimensional finite element (FE) program PLAXIS 3D Foundation. The program allows for 3D deformation analysis of foundation structures and allows for simulation of stresses and strains experienced by the subsurface soils to the phased construction of the Monument and excavation for the recessed entry. We also performed a preliminary two-dimensional FE analysis