

1 **APPENDIX B: RARE, THREATENED, AND ENDANGERED**
2 **SPECIES IN NATCHITOCHES PARISH**

LOUISIANA NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM

Key to Ranking:

1 = Critically imperiled in state because of extreme rarity (five or fewer occurrences or very few remaining individuals or acres) or because of some factor(s) making it especially vulnerable to extirpation from the state.

2 = Imperiled in state because of rarity (6 to 100 occurrences or few remaining individuals or acres) or because of some factor(s) making it very vulnerable to extirpation from the state.

3 = Rare or uncommon in state (on the order of 21 to 100 occurrences).

H = Of historical occurrence, H-ranked elements would typically receive a 1 rank.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Rank
ANIMALS		
Southern redback salamander	<i>Plethodon serratus</i>	1
Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	2
Big brown bat	<i>Eptesicus fuscus</i>	2
Louisiana pine snake	<i>Pituophis melanoleucus ruthveni</i>	3
PLANTS		
Yellow pimpernell	<i>Taenidia integerrima</i>	2
Louisiana blue star	<i>Amsonia ludoviciana</i>	3
Green milkweed	<i>Asclepias hirtella</i>	1
Purple coneflower	<i>Echinacea purpurea</i>	1
Three-lobed coneflower	<i>Rudbeckia triloba</i>	1
Drummond nailwort	<i>Paronychia drummondii</i>	1
Large clammy-weed	<i>Polynasia erosa</i>	2
Perfoliate tinker's-weed	<i>Triosteum perfoliatum</i>	1
Ground-plum	<i>Astragalus crassicaulis</i>	1
Awl-shaped scarf-pea	<i>Psoralea subulata</i>	1
Phacelia	<i>Phacelia strictifolia</i>	1
Pale umbrella-wort	<i>Mirabilis alba</i>	1
Many-flowered wild-buckwheat	<i>Eriogonum multiflorum</i>	2
Jointweed	<i>Polygonella polygama</i>	1
Small-flowered flame-flower	<i>Talinum parviflorum</i>	1
Common shooting star	<i>Dodecatheon meadia</i>	2
Culver's root	<i>Veronicastrum virginicum</i>	H

1	An umbrella sedge	<i>Cyperus grayoides</i>	1
2	Beak rush	<i>Rhynchospora macra</i>	1
3	Wild hyacinth	<i>Camassia scilloides</i>	2
4	Fairy wand	<i>Chamaelirium luteum</i>	2
5	Sessile-leaved bellwort	<i>Uvularia sessilifolia</i>	2
6	Bearded grass-pink	<i>Calopogon barbatus</i>	1
7	Southern lady's slipper	<i>Cypripedium kentuckiense</i>	1
8	Large whorled pogonia	<i>Isotria verticillata</i>	2
9	Yellow fringeless orchid	<i>Platanthera integra</i>	2
10	Shadow-witch orchid	<i>Ponthieva racemosa</i>	2
11	Nodding pogonia	<i>Triphora trianthophora</i>	1
12	Southeastern panic grass	<i>Panicum tenerum</i>	1
13	A panic grass	<i>Panicum filipes</i>	1
14	Drummond's yellow-eyed grass	<i>Xyris drummondii</i>	1
15	Hairy lipfern	<i>Cheilanthes lanosa</i>	1
16	Staghorn clubmoss	<i>Lycopodium cernum</i>	2
17	Riddell's spike cross	<i>Selaginella arenicola riddellii</i>	2
18			

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19



20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32

As the nation’s principal conservation agency, the Department of the Interior has the responsibility for most of our nationally owned public lands and natural resources. This includes fostering sound use of our land and water resources; protecting our fish, wildlife, and biological diversity; preserving the environmental and cultural values of our national parks and historical places; and providing for the enjoyment of life through outdoor recreation. The department assesses our energy and mineral resources and works to ensure that their development is in the best interests of all our people by encouraging stewardship and citizen participation in their care. The department also has a major responsibility for American Indian reservation communities and for people who live in island territories under U.S. administration.

NPS March 2006