Rehabilitate Tidal Basin and West Potomac Park Seawall Environmental Assessment

National Park Service, National Mall and Memorial Parks

Virtual Public Scoping Meeting - July 19, 2022



VIRTUAL MEETING OVERVIEW



- This meeting is being **recorded**
- Type your questions into the Meeting Chat at any time
- Questions will be answered at the end of the presentation as time allows
- Questions or comments submitted as part of this meeting will <u>not</u> be considered formal comments on the project.

 Formal comments must be submitted online or postmarked by September 12, 2022



1. Click on the "Chat" icon at the top of your screen



2. The Meeting Chat panel will open on the right side of the screen.

3. Enter your question into the text box and select **Send**. \triangleright



SPEAKER INTRODUCTIONS



- Jeffrey Reinbold, Superintendent, National Mall and Memorial Parks
- Sean Kennealy, Deputy Superintendent, National Mall and Memorial Parks
- Tammy Stidham, Deputy Associate Regional Director Lands and Planning, National Park Service
- Kent Brogger, Federal Program Manager, HDR Inc.
- Brent Moore, Vice President Ports & Harbors, HDR Inc.
- Margaret Boshek, Senior Coastal Engineer, Moffatt & Nichol, Inc.

AGENDA



- National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) Processes
- Purpose and Need
- History of the Seawalls
- Existing Conditions
- Prior Analyses
- Project Requirements
- How to Comment and Next Steps
- Chat Session



- Initial ideas for the proposed seawall rehabilitation
- How to submit formal comments on the scope of issues to be addressed in the Environmental Assessment



NEPA + SECTION 106 PROCESSES

01





- The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969 is a national policy for protecting the environment
- NEPA requires federal agencies to:

• Analyze the environmental impacts of federal actions

 $_{\odot}$ Engage the public in the decision-making process

Goal is to ensure informed decision-making

NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT



- Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) of 1966 established a process to protect historic resources
- Requires federal agencies to
 - Consider and determine the direct and indirect effects of a proposed undertaking on historic properties
 - Consult with State Historic Preservation Officers, Tribes, and other consulting parties
 - Avoid, resolve, or mitigate adverse effects to historic properties
- Goal is to minimize potential harm and damage to historic properties

NEPA + SECTION 106: A COORDINATED APPROACH



Scoping Period: 7/19/2022 - 9/12/2022





PROJECT AREA MAP





PURPOSE AND NEED

02



The **purpose** of the proposed action is to:

Restore the historic functional height of the seawalls

 \circ Provide some flood protection

- Stabilize / eliminate settlement of the seawalls
- Minimize soil erosion and safety hazards
- Restore the cultural landscape
- Improve visitor experience along the shorelines



The existing structural deficiencies of the seawalls:

- Negatively impact the experience and safety of park visitors
- Allows brackish water to drown out vegetation affecting the landscape



03 HISTORY OF THE SEAWALLS

FOUR SEAWALL ZONES





- Approximately
 6,800 linear feet
 of seawall
- Administered by the NPS
 through the
 National Mall
 and Memorial
 Parks

WEST POTOMAC PARK SOUTH SEAWALL Construction History





- 1884:
 Foundations completed
- 1890-1891: Top of wall completed
- Riprap and other materials continued to be added as late as the 1990s

WEST POTOMAC PARK SOUTH SEAWALL Historic Design and Existing Condition Photos







West Potomac Park South – Looking Northeast



West Potomac Park South – Looking Northwest

WEST POTOMAC PARK NORTH SEAWALL Construction History





- 1957: Section
 rebuilt by
 PEPCO
- Repair details
 unknown
- Top of wall heighted with concrete cap

WEST POTOMAC PARK NORTH SEAWALL Historic Design and Existing Condition Photos





Assumed Concrete Repair (Dewberry 2011)



West Potomac Park North – Looking Northwest

TIDAL BASIN WEST SEAWALL Construction History





- 1909: Original walls reconstructed due to construction of Inlet Bridge
- Mortar and gravel drain added to original design
- 1941: Seawall coping added – 8" thick cement coping

TIDAL BASIN WEST SEAWALL Historic Design and Existing Condition Photos





Original 1907 Design Cross Section (NPS Cultural Landscape Report, June 2020)

Tidal Basin West – Looking South

TIDAL BASIN EAST SEAWALL Construction History





- Late 1930s: Tidal Basin seawalls adjusted for Jefferson Memorial
- New construction type using concrete backing and stone facing
- 1940s: New seawall alignment completed

TIDAL BASIN EAST SEAWALL Historic Design and Existing Condition Photos





Typical 1940s Tidal Basin East Seawall section



Tidal Basin East – Looking South



04 EXISTING CONDITIONS

FLOODING – TIDAL BASIN EAST







FLOODING - TIDAL BASIN WEST



FLOODING



Tidal Basin West – Looking North



Tidal Basin East – Looking South



Tidal Basin East – Looking North





Tidal Basin West – Looking North from Inlet Bridge



Tidal Basin East – Looking North

DETERIORATING SEAWALL





Tidal Basin East – Looking North



West Potomac – Looking Southeast



Tidal Basin East – Looking South

DETERIORATING SEAWALL





West Potomac Park – Looking Northwest from Inlet Bridge



West Potomac Park – Looking Northwest



West Potomac Park – Looking Southeast

- Cherry Trees are contributing resources to the Historic District and Cultural Landscape
- Some date back to 1912, though they are contributing regardless of their age
- Factors leading to the decline of Cherry Trees include regular flooding and soil compaction





Tidal Basin East– Looking East from Inlet Bridge



Tidal Basin East – Looking West



Tidal Basin West – Looking South



VEGETATION



05 PRIOR ANALYSES

PRIOR ANALYSES

1994 – WEST POTOMAC PARK SEAWALL ALTERNATIVES

- 1994 FHWA Report presenting preliminary alternatives to address the failing seawall
- Five alternatives presented

WEST POTOMAC PARK SEAWALL ALTERNATIVES WEST POTOMAC PARK SEAWALL ALTERNATIVES ALONG THE POTOMAC RIVER

HYDRAULIC REPORT NO. 3-94

BETWEEN ARLINGTON MEMORIAL BRIDGE AND INLET BRIDGE

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION EASTERN FEDERAL LANDS HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION STERLING, VA MARCH 1994



FWHA 1994 Alternative 2

FWHA 1994 Alternative 3

CROSS SECTION

GROUND LINE

CONCRETE SEAWALL

APPROXMATE GROUND

FWHA 1994 Alternative 4

PRIOR ANALYSES

1994 – WEST POTOMAC PARK SEAWALL ALTERNATIVES

- Alt 1 Riprap Erosion Control
- Alt 2 Additional Stone
- Alt 3 Precast Concrete Wall
- Alt 4 Stone Faced Concrete Wall
- Alt 5 Simulated, Stone Faced, Precast Concrete Wall

LOW TIDE









PRIOR ANALYSES

2011 – EAST POTOMAC PARK SEAWALL ALTERNATIVES

- Presented a conditions assessment and preliminary alternatives to address the failing seawall
- Recognized three mechanisms affecting seawalls
 - Settlement / Sea Level Rise
 - $_{\odot}$ Loss of Fill through Wall Deterioration
 - $_{\odot}$ Loss of Fill through Wall Penetrations

Phased Rehabilitation Play Historic Washington Sea

Task Five - Initial Rehabilitation Plan

East Potomac Park, West Potomac Park & Tidal Basin National Mall and Memorial Parks (NAMA), Washington, DC

> Prepared by Dewberry & Davis LLC Fairfax, VA

Task Five FINAL SUBMISSION August 2011



PRIOR ANALYSES

2011 – SEAWALL ALTERNATIVES

- Alt 1 Gravity Wall w/ Micropile Foundation
- Alt 2 Soldier Pile Wall
- Alt 3 Gravity Wall w/ Spread Footing
- Alt 4 Tie-Back Wall w/ Spread Footing
- Alt 5 Riprap Revetment
- Alt 6 Geoweb Planted Face w/ Micropile Foundation
- Alt 7 Living Shoreline

Conclusion – Heightening of wall will result in additional settlement

 Recommended foundation extends to bedrock if wall is heightened



NPS 2011 Alternative 1





06

PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

PROJECT REQUIREMENTS



- Rebuild and elevate the seawalls to re-establish the historic functional height of the walls
- Provide a sustainable solution that:
 - $_{\odot}$ Expands the lifecycle of the seawalls
 - Allows for future extensions of the wall to respond to changing climate patterns, including storms of greater intensity and frequency
- Stabilize and raise the existing seawall along historic alignment

PROJECT REQUIREMENTS



- Salvage and reuse stone from the historic wall and reuse in construction of the higher walls
- Replace existing sidewalk on top of the seawall along the Tidal Basin
- Rehabilitate the existing landscaping adjacent to each of the seawall system to improve the cultural landscape
- Repairs to the surrounding infrastructure may include grading, stormwater control, pedestrian/multi-use paths improvements, curbing, and replacement in-kind of any construction damage to the landscape and trees

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- Main Design Requirements
 - Maintain Historic Look Stacked Potomac River Stone
 - Maintain Historic Alignment
 - Elevate Seawalls to Re-Establish Historic Functional Height
 - o Prevent Future Settlement





Construction)

HISTORIC FUNCTIONAL SEAWALL HEIGHT



Original 1890s Construction

Updated 1910s Construction





Verified Hourly Water Levels (NOAA CO-OPS 8594900)

2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022

 TB East Lowpoint TB West Lowpoint Mean Low Water (MLW) 6ft Above MLW = 4.75ft







PROJECT AREA MAP



TIDAL BASIN EAST - EXISTING







Tidal Basin East – Looking Southwest

Tidal Basin East - Existing Conditions (Typical)

(Visualization for Planning Purposes Only)



SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0" SECTION 1

*Mean Higher High Waters (MHHW) | Mean Lower Low Waters (MLLW)

TIDAL BASIN EAST - PROPOSED



Tidal Basin East - Proposed Conditions (Typical)

(Visualization for Planning Purposes Only)



SECTION 2

TIDAL BASIN WEST - EXISTING







Tidal Basin West – Looking East

Tidal Basin West - Existing Conditions (Typical)

(Visualization for Planning Purposes Only)



TIDAL BASIN WEST - PROPOSED



Tidal Basin West - Proposed Conditions (Typical)

(Visualization for Planning Purposes Only)



WEST POTOMAC PARK SOUTH - EXISTING







West Potomac Park South – Looking South

West Potomac Park South - Existing Conditions (Typical)

(Visualization for Planning Purposes Only)



WEST POTOMAC PARK SOUTH - PROPOSED



West Potomac Park South - Proposed Conditions (Typical)

(Visualization for Planning Purposes Only)



*Hydraulic analysis ongoing

WEST POTOMAC PARK NORTH - EXISTING







West Potomac Park North – Looking West

West Potomac Park North - Existing Conditions (Typical)

(Visualization for Planning Purposes Only)



WEST POTOMAC PARK NORTH - PROPOSED



West Potomac Park North - Proposed Conditions (Typical)

(Visualization for Planning Purposes Only)



*Hydraulic analysis ongoing



07 HOW TO COMMENT AND NEXT STEPS

HOW CAN YOU SUBMIT COMMENTS?

- Comments must be submitted online or postmarked by **September 12, 2022**, to receive consideration.
 - Online Comments: Submit at the <u>National Parks Service</u> <u>Seawall Rehabilitation Project Website</u>.

https://parkplanning.nps.gov/SeawallRehabilitation

• Written Comments: Mail to:

Jeffrey P. Reinbold Superintendent Attn: Rehabilitate Tidal Basin and West Potomac Park Seawalls EA National Park Service National Mall and Memorial Parks 900 Ohio Dr. SW Washington, DC 20024 Please Note: Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment – including your personal identifying information – may be made publicly available at any time.

While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.



PROJECT SCHEDULE*





*Time estimates are approximate and may shift as the project progresses.



08 CHAT SESSION

CHAT SESSION INSTRUCTIONS



- Share your questions with the project team!
- The meeting recording will be made available on PEPC site after the meeting.



THANK YOU



- Please tell us what you think about:
 - Project requirements
 - o Environmental concerns
 - \circ Historic resource concerns
 - \circ Community impacts
 - $\circ\,$ Any data you think will help us
- Questions or comments submitted as part of this meeting will <u>not</u> be considered formal comments on the project.
 - $_{\odot}\,$ Formal comments must be submitted online or postmarked by September 12, 2022
- To stay informed, please visit the National Parks Service Seawall Rehabilitation Project Website.

https://parkplanning.nps.gov/SeawallRehabilitation